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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:35:22 ; Search time 23 Seconds

(without alignments)  
61.339 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVDSF 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 127863 segs, 47026705 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 127863

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt\_41.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	141	100.0	239	1	SMAC_HUMAN
2	138	97.9	237	1	SMAC_MOUSE
3	53	37.6	556	1	YMC3_YEAST
4	51	36.2	455	1	YME2_CAEEL
5	50	35.5	429	1	ELK1_MOUSE
6	47	33.3	131	1	Y138_MYCTU
7	47	33.3	250	1	LINC_PSEPA
8	47	33.3	353	1	CV04_MOUSE
9	47	33.3	944	1	YMH6_YEAST
10	45.5	32.3	1593	1	AT12_HUMAN
11	45	31.9	124	1	VAF2_DROME
12	45	31.9	318	1	NRPD_ECOLI
13	45	31.9	497	1	CV04_MACFA
14	45	31.9	2515	1	TUD_DROME
15	45	31.9	3122	1	DPOZ_MOUSE
16	44	31.2	127	1	VAF6_ANOCA
17	44	31.2	229	1	CIC1_SCHPO
18	44	31.2	440	1	DNA4_THENA
19	44	31.2	483	1	KPKX_METEX
20	44	31.2	522	1	IBMP_CAVVJ
21	44	31.2	554	1	UL25_HSV7J
22	44	31.2	621	1	DCRB_RHIME
23	44	31.2	799	1	YUV2_YEAST
24	44	31.2	878	1	STL_TREPA
25	44	31.2	1415	1	RPOC_HAEIN
26	44	31.2	1518	1	KKK1_YEAST
27	43.5	30.9	336	1	PYRD_ECOL6
28	43.5	30.9	336	1	PYRD_ECOL1
29	43.5	30.9	522	1	ZZ38_HUMAN
30	43.5	30.9	522	1	ZZ38_MOUSE
31	43.5	30.9	522	1	ZZ38_RAT
32	43.5	30.9	2298	1	CU05_HUMAN
33	43	30.5	317	1	TYSY_CRYNE

34	43	30.5	331	1	PLSX_VIBVU
35	43	30.5	334	1	BC12_HUMAN
36	43	30.5	424	1	YL52_YERPE
37	43	30.5	434	1	MOTC_RHIME
38	43	30.5	505	1	VP5_AHSV4
39	43	30.5	658	1	VAT1_METTH
40	43	30.5	1260	1	AL51_CANAL
41	42.5	30.1	378	1	PDXB_ECOLI
42	42.5	30.1	608	1	XINC_FTBUS
43	42.5	30.1	689	1	SYM_HALNI
44	42	29.8	110	1	VAF6_XENLA
45	42	29.8	119	1	VAF6_RAT

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	SMAC_HUMAN	STANDARD:	PRT:	239 AA.
ID	SMAC_HUMAN	Q9NR28; Q96LVO; Q9BRL1; Q9HAV6;		
AC	Q9NR28; Q96LVO; Q9BRL1; Q9HAV6;			
DT	16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)			
DR	16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	Smac protein, mitochondrial precursor (Second mitochondria-derived activator of caspase) (Direct IAP binding protein with low pI).			
GN	SMAC OR DIABLO.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]	SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1), PARTIAL SEQUENCE, FUNCTION, AND TISSUE SPECIFICITY.		
RP	MEDLINE=20383536; PubMed=10929711;			
RX	Du C., Fang M., Li Y., Li L., Wang X.;			
RT	"Smac, a mitochondrial protein that promotes cytochrome c-dependent caspase activation by eliminating IAP inhibition."			
RL	Cell 102:33-42(2000).			
RN	[2]	SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).		
RP	Watanabe K., Kumagai A., Itakura S., Yamazaki M., Tashiro H., Ota T.,			
RA	Suzuki Y., Ohyaishi M., Nishi T., Shibahara T., Tanaka T.,			
RA	Nakamura Y., Isogai T., Sugano S.;			
RT	"NEO human cDNA sequencing project."			
RL	Submitted (Aug-2000) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.			
RN	[3]	SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 2), AND CHARACTERIZATION.		
RP	PubMed=10950947;			
RX	Srinivasula S.M., Datta P., Fan X.J., Fernandes-Alnemri T., Huang Z.,			
RA	Alnemri E.S.;			
RT	"Molecular determinants of the caspase-promoting activity of Smac/DIABLO and its role in the death receptor pathway."			
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 275:36152-36157(2000).			
RN	[4]	SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).		
RP	TISSUE=Cerebellum;			
RC	Nishi T., Nakagawa S., Senoh A., Mizuguchi H., Inagaki H., Suzuki Y.,			
RA	Hata H., Nakagawa K., Mizuno S., Morihaga M., Kawamura M.,			
RA	Sugiyama T., Irie R., Otsuki T., Sato H., Nishikawa T., Sugiyama A.,			
RA	Kawakami B., Nagai K., Isogai T., Sugano S.;			
RT	"NEO human cDNA sequencing project."			
RL	Submitted (Oct-2001) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.			
RN	[5]	SEQUENCE FROM N.A. (ISOFORM 1).		
RP	TISSUE=Muscle, and Uterus;			
RC	MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477932;			
RX	Klausner R.D., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G.,			
RA	Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shemen C.M., Schuler G.D.,			
RA	Altshul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K.,			
RA	Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Hsieh F.,			
RA	Diatchenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,			
RA	Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Schetz T.E.,			

RA Brownstein M.J., Usdin T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carinci P., Prange C.,  
RA Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullaly S.J.,  
RA Bosk S.A., McKwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H.,  
RA Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulik S.W.,  
RA Villalon D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A.,  
RA Fahy J., Helton E., Kettman M., Madden A., Rodrigues S., Sanchez A.,  
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shechenko Y., Bouffard G.G.,  
RA Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C.,  
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M.,  
RA Butterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.L., Skalska U., Smalls D.E.,  
RA Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.,  
RA "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length  
RT human and mouse cDNA sequences.";  
RT Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).  
RN [6]  
RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS) OF 56-239.  
RX MEDLINE=20426096; PubMed=10972280;  
RA Chai J., Du C., Wu J.W., Kyin S., Wang X., Shi Y.,  
RT "Structural and biochemical basis of apoptotic activation by  
RT Smac/DIABLO.";  
RL Nature 406:855-862(2000).  
RN [7]  
RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF 56-64 IN COMPLEX WITH BIRC4.  
RX MEDLINE=21020961; PubMed=11140637;  
RA Liu Z., Sun C., Olejniczak E.T., Meadows R.P., Betz S.F., Oost T.,  
RA Herrmann J., Wu J.C., Pesik S.W.,  
RT "Structural basis for binding of Smac/DIABLO to the XIAP BIR3  
RT domain.";  
RL Nature 408:1004-1008(2000).  
CC -I- FUNCTION: PROMOTES APOPTOSIS BY ACTIVATING CASPASES IN THE  
CC CYTOCHROME C/PAF-1/CASPASE-9 PATHWAY. ACTS BY OPPOSING THE  
CC INHIBITORY ACTIVITY OF INHIBITOR OF APOPTOSIS PROTEINS (IAP).  
CC -I- SUBUNIT: Homodimer. Interacts with BIRC2, BIRC3, BIRC4/XIAP and  
CC BIRC7.  
CC -I- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: MITOCHONDRIAL BUT RELEASED INTO THE CYTOSOL  
CC WHEN CELLS UNDERGO APOPTOSIS.  
CC -I- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS:  
CC Event-Alternative splicing; Named isoforms-2;  
CC Name-1;  
CC IsoId-Q9NR28-1; Sequence-Displayed;  
CC Name-2; Synonyms-Diablo-S;  
CC IsoId-Q9NR28-2; Sequence-VSP\_004397;  
CC -I- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: UNOBTAINABLY EXPRESSED WITH HIGHEST EXPRESSION  
CC IN TESTIS. EXPRESSION IS ALSO HIGH IN HEART, LIVER, KIDNEY,  
CC SPLEEN, PROSTATE AND OVARY. LOW IN BRAIN, LUNG, THYMUS AND  
CC PERIPHERAL BLOOD LEUKOCYTES.  
CC -I- DOMAIN: The mature N-terminus mediates interaction with  
CC BIRC4/XIAP.  
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CC -----  
DR EMBL: AF262240; AAF87716.1; -;  
DR EMBL: AK024768; BAB14994.1; -;  
DR EMBL: AF298770; AAG22077.1; -;  
DR EMBL: AK057778; BAB71568.1; -;  
DR EMBL: BC004417; AAR04417.1; -;  
DR PDB: 1FEW; 13-SEP-00.  
DR PDB: 1G3F; 10-JAN-01.  
DR PDB: 1G73; 10-JAN-01.  
DR MIM: 605219; -;  
DR GO: GO:0005739; C.mitochondrion; TAS.  
DR GO: GO:000635; P.caspase activation via cytochrome c; TAS.  
DR GO: GO:000625; P.induction of apoptosis via death domain rec.; TAS.  
DR GO: GO:000617; P.induction of apoptosis; TAS.  
KW Transit peptide; Mitochondrion; Apoptosis; Alternative splicing;  
KW 3D-structure.  
FT TRANSIT 1 55 MITOCHONDRION.

FT CHAIN 56 239 SMAC PROTEIN.  
FT SITE 56 60 IAP-BINDING MOTIF (BY SIMILARITY).  
FT VARSPPLIC 1 60 MAALSKSRSTSPFRROCCVYVNVNFKRCSLLRP  
FT WHKVTIGFGYGLCAVPLA -> MMSDYF (in  
FT isoform 2).  
FT FTID=VSP\_004397.  
FT K -> E (IN REF. 4).  
FT K -> R (IN REF. 2).  
FT MISSING (IN REF. 4).  
FT CONFLICT 165 165 E -> K (IN REF. 4).  
FT CONFLICT 239 AA; 27131 MW; 70C2ABDC654D031 CRC64;  
SQ SEQUENCE  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 1; Length 239;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 1 AVPIAKSEPSLSSEALMRRVSLVMTST 30  
DB 56 AVPIAKSEPSLSSEALMRRVSLVMTST 85  
|||||  
RESULT 2  
SMAC\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 237 AA.  
ID Q9UIQ3; Q9CZD1; Q9DCD3;  
AC 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)  
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)  
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)  
DE Smac protein, mitochondrial precursor (Second mitochondria-derived  
DE activator of caspase) (Direct IAP binding protein with low pI).  
GN SMAC OR DIABLO.  
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
OC Eukaryota; Euteleostomi; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognatha; Muridae; Mus.  
OX NCBI\_TaxId=10090;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., FUNCTION, SUBCELLULAR LOCATION, AND TISSUE  
RP SPECIFICITY.  
RP STRAIN-BALB/c; TISSUE-Kidney;  
RC MEDLINE=20383537; PubMed=10929712;  
RX Verhaegen A.M., Ekert P.G., Pakusch M., Silke J., Connolly L.M.,  
RA Reid G.E., Moritz R.L., Simpson R.J., Vaux D.L.,  
RT "Identification of DIABLO, a mammalian protein that promotes apoptosis  
RT by binding to and antagonizing IAP proteins.";  
RL Cell 102:43-53(2000).  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-C57BL/6J;  
RX MEDLINE=21085660; PubMed=11217851;  
RA Kawai J., Shinagawa A., Shibata K., Yoshino M., Itoh M., Ishii Y.,  
RA Arikawa T., Hara A., Fukunishi Y., Konno H., Adachi J., Fukuda S.,  
RA Atzawa K., Izawa M., Nishi K., Kiyosawa H., Kondo S., Yamanaka I.,  
RA Saito T., Okazaki Y., Gojobori T., Bono H., Kasukawa T., Saito R.,  
RA Kadota K., Matsuda H., Ashburner M., Batalov S., Casavant T.,  
RA Fletschman W., Gaasterland T., Gissi C., King B., Kochiwa H.,  
RA Kuehl P., Lewis S., Matsuo Y., Nikaido I., Pesole G., Quackenbush J.,  
RA Schirral L.M., Steubli F., Suzuki R., Tomita M., Wagner L., Washio T.,  
RA Sakai K., Okido T., Furuno M., Aono H., Baldarelli R., Barsch G.,  
RA Blake J., Boffelli D., Bojtunga N., Carinci P., de Bonaldo M.F.,  
RA Brownstein M.J., Bult C., Fletcher C., Fujita M., Gariboldi M.,  
RA Gustinic S., Hill D., Hofmann M., Hume D.A., Kamiya M., Lee N.H.,  
RA Lyons P., Marchionni L., Mashima J., Mazzarelli J., Mombaerts P.,  
RA Nordone P., Ring B., Ringwald M., Rodriguez I., Sakamoto N.,  
RA Sasaki H., Sato K., Schoenbach C., Seya T., Shibata Y., Storch K.-F.,  
RA Suzuki H., Toyooka K., Wang K.H., Weitz C., Whitlaker C.,  
RA Wilming L., Wynshaw-Boris A., Yoshida K., Hasegawa Y., Kawaji H.,  
RA Kohsaki S.,  
RT "Functional annotation of a full-length mouse cDNA collection.";  
RL Nature 409:685-690(2001).  
CC -I- FUNCTION: PROMOTES APOPTOSIS BY ACTIVATING CASPASES IN THE  
CC CYTOCHROME C/PAF-1/CASPASE-9 PATHWAY. ACTS BY OPPOSING THE  
CC INHIBITORY ACTIVITY OF INHIBITOR OF APOPTOSIS PROTEINS (IAP).  
CC -I- SUBUNIT: Homodimer. Interacts with BIRC2, BIRC3, BIRC4/XIAP and

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CC BIRC7 (By similarity).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: MITOCHONDRIAL BUT RELEASED INTO THE CYTOSOL
CC WHEN CELLS UNDERGO APOPTOSIS.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: HIGHEST EXPRESSION FOUND IN HEART, LIVER,
CC KIDNEY AND TESTIS.
CC -1- DOMAIN: The mature N-terminus mediates interaction with
CC BIRC4/IAIP (By similarity).
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CC -----
DR EMBL: AF203914; AAF82190.1; -.
DR EMBL: AK012760; BAB28450.1; -.
DR EMBL: AK002887; -. NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.
DR HSSP: O9NR28; 1FEW.
DR MGD: MGI:1913843; 0610041G12R1K.
KM TRANSIT peptide; Mitochondrion; Apoptosis.
FT TRANSIT 1 53 MITOCHONDRION (BY SIMILARITY).
FT CHAIN 54 237 SMAC PROTEIN.
FT SITE 54 58 IAP-BINDING MOTIF (BY SIMILARITY).
FT CONFLICT 64 64 H -> O (IN REF. 2)
SQ SEQUENCE 237 AA; 26829 MW; E53B6F04F1C390A1 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 97.9%; Score 138; DB 1; Length 237;
Matches 29; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30
Db 54 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 83

RESULT 3
YMC3_YEAST STANDARD; PRT; 556 AA.
AC 003718;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical 64.0 kDa protein in RPS17A-APT1 intergenic region.
GN YML023C.
OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's yeast).
OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes;
OC Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomycetes.
OX NCBI_TaxID=4932;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=5288C / AB972;
RX PubMed=9169872;
RA Bonmar R., Churcher C.M., Badcock K., Brown D., Chillingworth T.,
RA Connor R., Dedman K., Devlin K., Gentles S., Hamlin N., Hunt S.,
RA Jagsels K., Lye G., Moule S., Odell C., Pearson D., Rajandream M.A.,
RA Rice P., Skellton J., Walsh S., Whitehead S., Bartrell B.G.;
RT "The nucleotide sequence of Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome
RT XIII."
RL Nature 387:90-93(1997).
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CC -----
DR EMBL: Z46659; CAA86632.1; -.
DR PIR: S49754; S49754.
DR SGD: S0004485; YML023C.

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KM Hypothetical protein; Transmembrane.
FT TRANSMEM 61 81 POTENTIAL.
FT TRANSMEM 483 503 POTENTIAL.
SQ SEQUENCE 556 AA; 64012 MW; 6680A04D91E357DD CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Score 53; DB 1; Length 556;
Matches 10; Conservative 7; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 3 PIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLV 26
Db 85 PIRANDPYNTSRETLRRRLKTL 108

RESULT 4
YNE2_CAEEL STANDARD; PRT; 455 AA.
ID YNE2_CAEEL
AC P30641;
DT 01-APR-1993 (Rel. 25, Created)
DT 01-APR-1993 (Rel. 25, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein R08D7.2 in chromosome III.
GN R08D7.2.
OS Caenorhabditis elegans.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditidae;
OC Rhabditidae; Pelodierinae; Caenorhabditis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RX MEDLINE=94150718; PubMed=7906398;
RA Wilson R., Almscough R., Anderson K., Baynes C., Berks M.,
RA Bonfield J., Burton J., Connell M., Copsey T., Cooper J., Coulson A.,
RA Craxton M., Dear S., Du Z., Durbin R., Favello A., Fraser A.,
RA Fulton L., Gardner A., Green P., Hawkins T., Hillier L., Jier M.,
RA Johnston L., Jones M., Kershaw J., Kirsten J., Laister N.,
RA Latreille P., Lightning J., Lloyd C., Mortimore B., O'Callaghan M.,
RA Parsons J., Percy C., Rifkin L., Roopra A., Saunders D., Showkneen R.,
RA Sims M., Smailton N., Smith A., Smith M., Sonhammer E., Staden R.,
RA Sulston J., Thelery-Mieg J., Thomas K., Vaudin M., Vaughan K.,
RA Waterston R., Watson A., Weinstock L., Wilkinson-Sproat J.,
RA Wohldman P.;
RT "2.2 Mb of contiguous nucleotide sequence from chromosome III of C.
RT elegans."
RL Nature 368:32-38(1994).
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CC -----
DR EMBL: Z12017; CAA78048.1; -.
DR PIR: S41037; S24A58.
DR WormRep: R08D7.2; CE00290.
DR Pfam: PF04181; DUF408; 1.
DE Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 455 AA; 52438 MW; 1DFADA58980F3E CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 48.1%; Score 51; DB 1; Length 455;
Matches 13; Conservative 5; Mismatches 7; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

Oy 3 PIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVDS 29
Db 141 PIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVDS 165

RESULT 5
ELK1_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 429 AA.
ID ELK1_MOUSE

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AC P41969;
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE ETS-domain protein ELK-1.
GN ELK1.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID:10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=C57BL/6; TISSUE=Embryo;
RX MEDLINE=97017146; PubMed=8863747;
RA Grein D., Ung S., Denhez F., Denhem M., Quatannens B., Begue A.,
RA Stenellin D., Martin P.;
RT "Structure and organization of the mouse elk1 gene.";
RL Gene 174:185-188(1996).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 5-224 FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Embryo;
RX MEDLINE=95047310; PubMed=7958835;
RA Giovane A., Pintzas A., Maira S.-M., Sobieszczuk P., Wasylyk B.;
RT "Net, a new ets transcription factor that is activated by Ras.";
RL Genes Dev. 8:1502-1513(1994).
CC -! FUNCTION: STIMULATES TRANSCRIPTION. BINDS TO PURINE-RICH DNA
CC SEQUENCES. CAN FORM A TERNARY COMPLEX WITH THE SERUM RESPONSE
CC FACTOR AND THE ETS AND SRF MOTIFS OF THE FOS SERUM RESPONSE
CC ELEMENT.
CC -! SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear.
CC -! TISSUE SPECIFICITY: PREDOMINANTLY EXPRESSED IN THE BRAIN, AND TO A
CC LESSER EXTENT IN THE HEART, LIVER AND MUSCLE.
CC -! SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ETS FAMILY.
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CC -----
DR EMBL: X87257; CAB60715.1; -
DR EMBL: Z36939; CAB85391.1; -
DR PIR: JCA965; JCA965.
DR HSSP: P28324; IBC8.
DR TRANSFAC: T05013; -
DR MGD: MGI:101833; ELK1.
DR InterPro: IPR000418; Ets.
DR InterPro: IPR002341; HSF-ETS.
DR Pfam: PF00178; Ets.1.
DR PRINTS: PR00454; ETSDOMAIN.
DR SMART: SM00413; ETS.1.
DR PROSITE: PS00345; ETS_DOMAIN_1; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00346; ETS_DOMAIN_2; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS50061; ETS_DOMAIN_3; 1.
KW Transcription regulation; Activator; Nuclear protein; DNA-binding;
KW Phosphorylation.
FT DNA_BIND 5 86 ETS-DOMAIN.
FT CONFLICT 133 133 P->T (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 429 AA; 45243 MW; B61B5B977731D54F CRC64;

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Query Match 35.5%; Score 50; DB 1; Length 429;
Best Local Similarity 38.5%; Pred. No. 5.3;
Matches 10; Conservative 8; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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OY 5 AOKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVS-LVPTST 30
Db 270 AYKAPEVSASEGILARLPALITENT 295

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RESULT 6
Y138_MYCTU

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ID Y138_MYCTU STANDARD; PRT; 131 AA.
AC 050595; P95168;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein RV1838c.
GN RV1838c OR MT1886 OR MTCY1A11.05 OR MTCY359.35.
OS Mycobacterium tuberculosis.
OC Bacteria; Actinobacteria; Actinobacteridae; Actinomycetales;
OC Corynebacteriaceae; Mycobacteriaceae; Mycobacterium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=1773;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=H37RV;
RX MEDLINE=98295987; PubMed=9634230;
RA Cole S.T., Brosch R., Parkhill J., Garnier T., Churcher C., Harris D.,
RA Gordon S.V., Eiglmeier K., Gas S., Barry C.E. III, Tekala F.,
RA Badcock K., Basham D., Brown D., Chillingworth T., Connor R.,
RA Davies R., Devlin K., Fellwell T., Gentles S., Hamlin N., Holroyd S.,
RA Hornsby T., Jagels K., Krogh A., McLean J., Moule S., Murphy L.,
RA Oliver S., Osborne J., Quail M.A., Rajandream M.A., Rogers J.,
RA Rutter S., Seeger K., Skelton S., Squares S., Squares R.,
RA Sulston J.E., Taylor K., Whitehead S., Barrell B.G.;
RT "Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the
RT complete genome sequence.";
RL Nature 393:537-544(1998).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=CDC 1551 / Oshkosh;
RA Fleischmann R.D., Alland D., Eisen J.A., Carpenter L., White O.,
RA Peterson J., Deboy R., Dodson R., Gwinn M.L., Haft D., Hickey E.,
RA Kolonay J.F., Nelson W.C., Umayam L.A., Ermolaeva M.D., Salzberg S.L.,
RA Delcher A., Utterback T., Weidman J., Khouri H., Gill J., Mikula A.,
RA Bishai W.;
RT "Whole genome comparison of Mycobacterium tuberculosis clinical and
RT laboratory strains." to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RL Submitted (APR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL: Z83859; CAB06116.1; -
DR EMBL: AE007047; AAK46157.1; -
DR PIR: F70663; F70663.
DR TIGR: MT1886; -
DR TubercuList; RV1838c; -
DR InterPro: IPR002716; PIN.
DR InterPro: IPR006596; PINC.
DR Pfam: PF01850; PIN.1.
DR SMART: SM00670; PINC.1.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 131 AA; 14726 MW; C164346E951BF7E CRC64;

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Query Match 33.3%; Score 47; DB 1; Length 131;
Best Local Similarity 42.3%; Pred. No. 3.8;
Matches 11; Conservative 5; Mismatches 6; Indels 4; Gaps 1;

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OY 8 SEPHSLSEALMRRRAVS----LVYDTS 29
Db 16 SHPHKDAQRLLESALSGGRIVTDA 41

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RESULT 7
LINC_PSEPA STANDARD; PRT; 250 AA.
ID LINC_PSEPA
AC P50197;
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)

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DT 01-OCR-1996 (Rel. 34, Last annotation update)
DE 2,5-dichloro-2,5-cyclohexadiene-1,4-diol dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.-.-)
DE (2,5-DDOL dehydrogenase).
GN LINC.
OS Pseudomonas paucimobilis (Sphingomonas paucimobilis).
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Alphaproteobacteria; Sphingomonadales;
OC Sphingomonadaceae; Sphingomonas.
OX NCBI_TaxID=13689;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=JRM26;
RX MEDLINE=94252977; PubMed=7515041;
RA Nagata Y., Ohtomo R., Miyachi K., Fukuda M., Yano K., Takagi M.;
RT Cloning and sequencing of a 2,5-dichloro-2,5-cyclohexadiene-1,4-diol
RT dehydrogenase gene involved in the degradation of gamma-
RT hexachlorocyclohexane in Pseudomonas paucimobilis." ;
RL J. Bacteriol. 176:3117-3125(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: DEGRADATION OF 2,5-DICHLORO-2,5-CYCLOHEXADIENE-1,4-DIOL
CC (2,5-DDOL) INTO 2,5-DICHLOROHYDROQUINONE (2,5-DCHQ).
CC -1- PATHWAY: Gamma-hexachlorocyclohexane degradation, third step.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases
CC (SDR) family.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; D14595; BAA03444.1; -.
DR HSSP; P19992; IHDC.
DR InterPro; IPR002198; ADH_short.
DR Pfam; PF00106; adh_short.1.
DR PRINTS; PR00080; SDRFAM17.
DR PROSITE; PS00061; ADH_SHORT; 1.
KW Aromatic hydrocarbons catabolism; Oxidoreductase; NAD.
FT NP_BIND 9 34 NAD (BY SIMILARITY).
FT ACT_SITE 154 154 BY SIMILARITY.
SQ SEQUENCE 250 AA; 25644 MW; FFC1CAEB47DF89D CRC64;

Query Match 33.3%; Score 47; DB 1; Length 250;
Best Local Similarity 44.8%; Pred. No. 8.1;
Matches 13; Conservative 3; Mismatches 11; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 3 P1ACKSEPHSLSSSEA--LMRAVSLVLDMS 29
DB 211 PIGRSEPHQQAAYWLLSDPAASFVTGS 239

RESULT 8
CV04_MOUSE STANDARD: PRT: 353 AA.
AC OGR5A6;
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Created)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE TBG1 domain family protein C22orf4 homolog (Fragment).
GN C22ORF4.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=C57BL/6J; TISSUE=Mammary gland;
RX MEDLINE=22386257; PubMed=12477932;
RA Strausberg R.L., Fellingsold E.A., Gronow L.H., Derge J.G.,
RA Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D.,
RA Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K.,
RA Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Hsieh F.,
RA Datschenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L.,

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RA Strapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Scheetz T.E.,
RA Brautstein M.J., Usdin T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carrincci P., Prange C.,
RA Rana S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullaly S.J.,
RA Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H.,
RA Richards S., Morley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Huliy S.W.,
RA Villalón D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A.,
RA Fahney J., Helton E., Kettaman M., Madan A., Rodrigues S., Sanchez A.,
RA Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko Y., Bouffard G.G.,
RA Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C.,
RA Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M.,
RA Butcherfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smallus D.E.,
RA Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.;
RA "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length
RT human and mouse cDNA sequences."
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16699-16903(2002).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 Rab-GAP TBC domain.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; BC023106; AAH23106.1; ALT INIT.
DR InterPro; IPR000195; RabGAP_TBC.
DR Pfam; PF00566; TBC; 1.
DR SMART; SM00164; TBC; 1.
DR PROSITE; PSS0086; TBC_RABGAP; 1.
FT NON_TER 1
FT DOMAIN 1 282 RAB-GAP TBC.
SQ SEQUENCE 353 AA; 41478 MW; B16BD293761D4A53 CRC64;
-----
QY Query Match 33.3%; Score 47; DB 1; Length 353;
Db Best Local Similarity 39.1%; Pred. No. 12;
Matches 9; Conservative 6; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
2 VP1AKSEPHSLSSSEALMRRAVS 24
1::1::1::1::1::1
10 VTLSGTSDPHALADSALSKRETS 32
-----
RESULT 9
YMH6_YEAST
AC YMH6_YEAST STANDARD; PRT; 944 AA.
ID 003631;
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE Putative 107.6 kDa transcriptional regulatory protein in CPR3-HMG1
DE intergenic region.
DE YML076C.
OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's yeast).
OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes;
OC Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomyces.
OX NCBI_TaxID=4932;
RX [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=SZ288C / AB972;
RX PubMed=9169872;
RA Bowman S., Churcher C.M., Badcock K., Brown D., Chillingworth T.,
RA Connor R., Dedman K., Devlin K., Gentles S., Hamlin N., Hunt S.,
RA Jagers K., Lyne G., Moule S., Odell C., Pearson D., Rajandream M.A.,
RA Rice P., Skelton J., Walsh S., Whitehead S., Barrall B.G.;
RT "The nucleotide sequence of Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome
XIII."
RL Nature 387:90-93(1997).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear (Probable).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 Zn(2)-Cys(6) fungal-type binuclear cluster
CC domain.
CC -----
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-----
CC DR EMBL; Z46373; CAA86502.1; -.
CC DR PIR; S48821; Y48821.
CC DR SGD; S0004541; MML076C.
CC DR InterPro; IPR001138; Fungi_Trm.
CC DR SMART; SM00066; GAL4; 1.
CC DR PROSITE; PS00463; ZN2_CY6_FUNGAL_1; 1.
CC DR PROSITE; PS50048; ZN2_CY6_FUNCAL_2; FALSE_NEG.
CC KW Hypothetical protein; Transcription regulation; DNA-binding; Zinc;
CC FT Nuclear protein; Metal-binding.
CC DT Dna_Bind 76 109 Zn(2)-cys(6), FUNGAL-TYPE.
CC SO SEQUENCE 944 AA; 107560 MW; 020A56745D5F52CCC CRC64.
-----
QY Query Match 33.3%; Score 47; DB 1; Length 944;
Db Best Local Similarity 38.5%; Pred.No. 39;
Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 11; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
DB 252 PVPISSAPTSINSEALFKHRPKIVGD 277
I: | | : ||| | : | |
P: A Q K S E P H L S S F A L M R A V S L Y T D 28
AT12_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 1593 AA.
AC P58397;
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Created)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE ADAMTS-12 precursor (EC 3.4.24.-) (A disintegrin and metalloproteinase
DE with thrombospondin motifs 12) (ADAM-TS 12) (ADAM-TS12).
GN ADMATS12.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominiidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Petal lung;
RX MEDLINE=21264577; PubMed=11279086;
RA Cai S., Argueselles J.M., Fernandez P.L., Lopez-Otin C.;
R "Identification, characterization, and intracellular processing of
Rt ADAM-TS12, a novel human disintegrin with a complex structural
R organization involving multiple thrombospondin-1 repeats.";
R J. Biol. Chem. 276:17932-17940(2001);
RL J. Biol. Chem. 276:17932-17940(2001).
CC CC -1- COFACTOR: BINDS 1 ZINC ION (BY SIMILARITY).
CC CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Secreted. Associated with the extracellular
CC matrix (By similarity).
CC CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Expressed exclusively in fetal lung. Is widely
CC expressed in gastric carcinomas and in cancer cells of diverse
CC origin.
CC CC -1- DOMAIN: THE SPACER DOMAIN AND THE TSP TYPE 1 DOMAINS ARE IMPORTANT
CC FOR A TIGHT INTERACTION WITH THE EXTRACELLULAR MATRIX (BY
CC SIMILARITY).
CC CC -1- PTM: THE PRECURSOR IS CLEAVED BY A URIN ENDOPEPTIDASE.
CC CC -1- PTM: IS SUBJECTED TO AN INTRACELLULAR MATURATION PROCESS LEADING
CC TO A FRAGMENT CONTAINING THE N-TERMINAL REGION INCLUDING THE
CC METALLOPROTEINASE, DISINTEGRIN-LIKE, CY5-RICH AND TS-1 DOMAINS AND
CC THE C-TERMINAL FRAGMENT CONTAINING THE SPACER 2 AND THE FOUR TS-1
CC DOMAINS.
CC CC -1- SIMILARITY: Belongs to peptidase family M12B.
CC CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 disintegrin-like domain.
CC CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 plac domain.
CC CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 8 tsp type-1 domains.
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CC	-----
DR	EMBL; AJ250725; CAC20419.1; .
DR	Genew; HGNC:14605; ADAMTS12.
DR	MIM: 606184; .
DR	InterPro; IPR001762; Disintegrin.
DR	InterPro; IPR002870; Pep_M12B-propep.
DR	InterPro; IPR001590; Reprolysin.
DR	InterPro; IPR000884; TSP1.
DR	InterPro; IPR006025; Zn_M7peptidase.
DR	Pfam; PF01562; Pep_M12B_propep. 1.
DR	Pfam; PF01421; Reprolysin; 1.
DR	Pfam; PF00090; TSP-1; 6.
DR	SMART; SM00209; TSP1; 8.
DR	PROSITE; PS50215; ADAM_MEPRO; 1.
DR	PROSITE; PS00546; CYSTEINE_SWITCH; FALSE_NEG.
DR	PROSITE; PS00427; DISINTEGRIN_1; FALSE_NEG.
DR	PROSITE; PS50214; DISINTEGRIN_2; FALSE_NEG.
DR	PROSITE; PS50092; TSP1; 6.
DR	PROSITE; PS00142; ZINC_PROTEASE; 1.
KW	Hydrolase; Metalloprotease; Zinc; Signal; Glycoprotein; Zymogen;
KW	Repeat; Extracellular matrix.
FT	SIGNAL 1 25 POTENTIAL.
FT	PROPEP 26 240 BY SIMILARITY.
FT	CHAIN 241 1593 ADAMTS-12.
FT	DOMAIN 241 464 METALLOPROTEASE.
FT	DOMAIN 465 544 DISINTEGRIN-LIKE.
FT	DOMAIN 542 597 TSP TYPE-1 1.
FT	DOMAIN 597 700 CYS-RICH.
FT	DOMAIN 701 826 SPACER 1.
FT	DOMAIN 823 882 TSP TYPE-1 2.
FT	DOMAIN 886 942 TSP TYPE-1 3.
FT	DOMAIN 943 996 TSP TYPE-1 4.
FT	DOMAIN 996 1315 SPACER 2.
FT	DOMAIN 1312 1365 TSP TYPE-1 5.
FT	DOMAIN 1367 1421 TSP TYPE-1 6.
FT	DOMAIN 1422 1470 TSP TYPE-1 7.
FT	DOMAIN 1471 1531 TSP TYPE-1 8.
FT	DOMAIN 302 305 POLY-GLU.
FT	DOMAIN 1538 1570 PLAC.
FT	SITE 208 208 CYSTEINE SWITCH (POTENTIAL).
FT	METAL 352 392 ZINC (CATALYTIC) (BY SIMILARITY).
FT	ACT_SITE 393 393 BY SIMILARITY.
FT	METAL 396 396 ZINC (CATALYTIC) (BY SIMILARITY).
FT	METAL 402 402 ZINC (CATALYTIC) (BY SIMILARITY).
FT	CARBOHYD 105 105 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 125 125 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 215 215 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 485 485 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 685 685 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 790 790 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 951 951 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1104 1104 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1275 1275 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1300 1300 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1330 1320 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1371 1371 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1378 1378 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT	CARBOHYD 1503 1503 N-LINKED (GLCNAC . . .) (POTENTIAL).
SO	SEQUENCE 1593 AA; 177545 MW; 07F9F48E63BD83A3 CRC64;
Query Match	32.3%; Score 45.5; DB 1; Length 1593;
Best Local Similarity	38.7%; Pred. No.1.2e+02;
Matches 12; Conservative 6; Mismatches 6; Indels 7; Gaps 1;	
QY	1 APLAOKS-----EPHSLSSEALMRRAVS 24
DB	: : :      : : :
	213 SVNISOKELWREKWERHNLPSRSLSRSIS 243

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CC -----
DR EMBL; AE003600; AAF51917.1; -
DR FLYBase; FBgn0037402; CG1076.
DR InterPro; IPR0005772; ATPsynF_euk.
DR InterPro; IPR002841; ATPsynF_sub.
DR Pfam; PF01990; ATP-synt.F; 1.
DR ProDom; PD003811; ATPsynF_euk; 1.
DR TIGRfams; TIGR01101; V_ATP_synth.F; 1.
DR HydroLase; ATP synthesis; Hydrogen ion transport.
RW SEQUENCE 124 AA; 14132 MW; 0C5093AFEDF006BAB CRC64;
SO
Query Match 31.9% Score 45; DB 1; Length 124;
Best Local Similarity 32.3%; Pred. No. 7.2;
Matches 10; Conservative 8; Mismatches 9; Indels 4; Gaps 1;
QY 1 AVP-----IAQKSEPHSLSSSEALMRRAVSLVY 27
Db 88 AVPTVLEIPSKQHHPYDSSRSLTKRAQRVIT 118
|||||
RESULT 12
NRFD_ECOLI STANDARD; PRT; 318 AA.
ID NRFD_ECOLI
AC P32709;
DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Last sequence update)
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE NrdF protein.
GN NRFD OR B4073.
OS Escherichia coli.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Escherichia.
OX NCBI_TaxID=562;
RX MEDLINE=94335626; PubMed=8057835;
RA Hussain H.A., Grove J., Griffiths L., Busby S., Cole J.;
RT "A seven-gene operon essential for formate-dependent nitrite
RL reduction to ammonia by enteric bacteria.";
RN Mol. Microbiol. 12:153-163(1994).
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-K12 / MG1655;
RX MEDLINE=94089392; PubMed=8265357;
RA Blattner F.R., Burland V.D., Plunkett G. III, Sofia H.J.,
RA Daniels D.L.;
RT "Analysis of the Escherichia coli genome. IV. DNA sequence of the
RL region from 89.2 to 92.8 minutes.";
RN Nucleic Acids Res. 21:5408-5417(1993).
CC -1- FUNCTION: PROBABLY INVOLVED IN THE TRANSFER OF ELECTRONS FROM THE
CC QUINONE POOL TO THE TYPE-C CYTOCHROMES.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Integral membrane protein. Inner membrane
CC (potential).
CC -----
CC -1- SIMILARITY: TO W.SUCCINOGENES POLYSULFIDE REDUCTASE CHAIN C.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; X72298; CAA51044.1; -
DR EMBL; U00006; AAC43167.1; -
DR EMBL; AE000460; AAC77043.1; -
DR PIR; H65215; D57987.
EC ECGene; EG11947; nrfd.

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DR InterPro: IPR005614; NtFD.  
 DR Pfam: PF03916; NtFD; 1.  
 KW Transmembrane; Inner membrane; Complete proteome.  
 FT TRANSMEM 18 38 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 57 73 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 112 90 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 150 170 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 180 199 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 222 242 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 258 278 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 288 310 POTENTIAL.  
 FT TRANSMEM 141 141 V -> L (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 202 202 R -> A (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 202 202 R -> A (IN REF. 2).  
 SO SEQUENCE 318 AA; 35113 MW; BCSB3EF031D5CE29 CRC64;

Query Match 31.9%; Score 45; DB 1; Length 318;  
 Best Local Similarity 34.6%; Pred. No. 22;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 7; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLV 26  
 Db 200 AMRIRORNPSTEAQFVHRMEIPV 225

RESULT 13  
 CY04\_MACFA STANDARD; PRT; 497 AA.  
 AC Q95K11;  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Created)  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)  
 DE TBC1 domain family protein C22orf4 homolog (Qlta-11492) (Fragment).  
 GN C22ORF4.  
 OS Macaca fascicularis (Crab eating macaque) (Cynomolgus monkey).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea;  
 OC Cercopithecinae; Macaca.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=9541;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC TISSUE=Temporal cortex;  
 RA Osada N., Hida M., Kusuma R., Tanuma R., Iseki K., Hirai M., Terao K.,  
 RA Suzuki Y., Sugano S., Hashimoto K.;  
 RT "Isolation of full-length cDNA clones from macaque brain cDNA  
 libraries.";  
 RL Submitted (Apr-2001) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 1 Rab-GAP TBC domain.  
 CC -----  
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 CC -----  
 CC EMBL: AB060857; BAB46876.1; ALT\_INIT.  
 DR InterPro: IPR00195; RabGAP\_TBC.  
 DR Pfam: PF00566; TBC; 1.  
 DR SMART: SM00164; TBC; 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00086; TBC\_RABGAP; 1.  
 FT NON\_TER 1 1  
 FT DOMAIN 202 426 RAB-GAP TBC.  
 SO SEQUENCE 457 AA; 56810 MW; 47EF1098A98937A CRC64;

Query Match 31.9%; Score 45; DB 1; Length 497;  
 Best Local Similarity 45.8%; Pred. No. 37;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 3; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVAVS 24  
 Db 153 AVTLGTSDPGLTSSALSEREAS 176

RESULT 14  
 TUD\_DROME STANDARD; PRT; 2515 AA.  
 AC P25823;  
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)  
 DE Maternal tudor protein.  
 GN TUD.  
 OS Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;  
 OC Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;  
 OC Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=7227;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RX MEDLINE=92038995; PubMed=1936993;  
 RA Golumbeski G.S., Bardsley A., Tax F., Boswell R.E.;  
 RT "Tudor, a posterior-group gene of Drosophila melanogaster, encodes a  
 RT novel protein and an mRNA localized during mid-oogenesis.";  
 RL Genes Dev. 5:2060-2070(1991).  
 CC -1- FUNCTION: REQUIRED DURING OOGENESIS FOR THE FORMATION OF  
 CC PRIMORDIAL GERM CELLS AND FOR NORMAL ABDOMINAL SEGMENTATION.  
 CC -1- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: EXPRESSED THROUGHOUT THE LIFE CYCLE.  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THE TUD MRNA ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE POSTERIOR  
 CC REGION OF THE DEVELOPING OOCYTE DURING THE EARLY TO MIDDLE STAGES  
 CC OF OOGENESIS.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: Contains 9 Tudor domains.  
 CC -----

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 CC or send an email to [license@sib-sib.ch](mailto:license@sib-sib.ch)).  
 CC -----  
 CC EMBL: X62420; CAA44286.1;  
 DR PIR: A41519; A41519.  
 DR HSSP: Q16637; IG5V.  
 DR FLYBASE: FBgn0003891; tud.  
 DR GO: GO:0019090; P:mitochondrial RNA, mitochondrial export; IMP.  
 DR GO: GO:0007315; P:pole plasm assembly; IMP.  
 DR InterPro: IPR001097; Maternal\_tudor.  
 DR InterPro: IPR002999; Tudor.  
 DR Pfam: PF00567; TUDOR; 10.  
 DR SMART: SM00333; TUDOR; 10.  
 DR PROSITE: PS50304; TUDOR; 9.  
 KW Developmental protein; Repeat.  
 FT DOMAIN 455 513  
 FT DOMAIN 641 696 TUDOR 1.  
 FT DOMAIN 1062 1122 TUDOR 2.  
 FT DOMAIN 1355 1414 TUDOR 3.  
 FT DOMAIN 1662 1718 TUDOR 4.  
 FT DOMAIN 1839 1898 TUDOR 5.  
 FT DOMAIN 2023 2082 TUDOR 6.  
 FT DOMAIN 2211 2269 TUDOR 7.  
 FT DOMAIN 2392 2451 TUDOR 8.  
 FT DOMAIN 2515 2536 TUDOR 9.  
 SO SEQUENCE 2515 AA; 285236 MW; 683C10AD0308BADA CRC64;

Query Match 31.9%; Score 45; DB 1; Length 2515;  
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 2.5e+02;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 7; Mismatches 11; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLV 27  
 Db 1961 LPIQKREKREKESLAVTTKAIT 1986

RESULT 15  
 DPOZ\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 3122 AA.  
 ID DPOZ\_MOUSE



AC 061493; 09JMD6; 090Wx6;  
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (rel. 39, Created)  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (rel. 41, Last sequence update)  
 DT 28-FEB-2003 (rel. 41, Last annotation update)  
 DE DNA polymerase zeta catalytic subunit (EC 2.7.7.7) (seizure related  
 protein 4).  
 GN REV3L OR POLZ OR SEZ4.  
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=10090;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=129/Ola; TISSUE=Testis;  
 RX MEDLINE=99202265; PubMed=10102037;  
 RA Van Sloun P.P.H., Romeijn R.J., Eeken J.C.J.;  
 RT "Molecular cloning, expression and chromosomal localisation of the  
 RT mouse Rev3l gene, encoding the catalytic subunit of polymerase zeta.";  
 RL Mutat. Res. 433:109-116(1999).  
 RN [2]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA Kajiwara K.;  
 RT "Molecular analyses of Sez4 encoding murine homologue of yeast REV3 in  
 RT brain neurons.";  
 RL Submitted (Aug-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 RN [3]  
 RP SEQUENCE OF 2368-3122 FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=C57Bl/6J; TISSUE=Embryonic brain;  
 RX MEDLINE=96216731; PubMed=8645260;  
 RA Kajiwara K., Nagawara H., Shimizu-Nishikawa K., Ookura T., Kimura M.,  
 RA Sugaya E.;  
 RT "Molecular characterization of seizure-related genes isolated by  
 RT differential screening.";  
 RL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 219:795-799(1996).  
 CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: N deoxynucleoside triphosphate = N diphosphate  
 CC + (DNA)(N).  
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Nuclear (Potential).  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE DNA POLYMERASE TYPE-B FAMILY.  
 CC -----  
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 CC -----  
 CC DR EMBL; AF083464; AAC98785.1; -;  
 DR EMBL; AB031049; BAA90768.1; -;  
 DR EMBL; D78644; BAA11461.1; -;  
 DR PIR; T17202; T17202.  
 DR MGD; MG1:1337131; Rev31.  
 DR InterPro; IPR006172; DNA\_pol\_B.  
 DR InterPro; IPR006134; DNA\_pol\_B\_dom.  
 DR InterPro; IPR006133; DNA\_pol\_B\_exo.  
 DR InterPro; IPR004578; Pol2.  
 DR Pfam; PF00136; DNA\_pol\_B.1.  
 DR Pfam; PF03104; DNA\_pol\_B\_exo.1.  
 DR PRINTS; PRO0106; DNAPOLB.  
 DR SMART; SM00486; POLBc.1.  
 DR TIGRFAMS; TIGR00592; pol2.1.  
 DR PROSITE; PS00116; DNA\_POLYMERASE\_B.1.  
 DR Transferase; DNA-directed DNA polymerase; DNA replication;  
 KW DNA-binding; DNA repair; Nuclear protein; Zinc-finger.  
 FT ZN\_FING 3034 3049 C4-TYPE (POTENTIAL).  
 FT ZN\_FING 3034 3096 C4-TYPE (POTENTIAL).  
 FT CONFLICT 92 92 G -> A (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 294 294 A -> T (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 578 578 E -> Q (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 609 609 R -> Q (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 1278 1278 L -> P (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 1298 1298 L -> F (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 1416 1416 P -> L (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 1416 1416

FT CONFLICT 1848 1848 A -> T (IN REF. 2).  
 FT CONFLICT 2368 2368 V -> G (IN REF. 3).  
 SQ SEQUENCE 3122 AA; 350654 MM; A39846CAF7365BA8 CRC64;  
 Query Match 31.9%; Score 45; DB 1; Length 3122;  
 Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 3.2e+02;  
 Matches 10; Conservative 8; Mismatches 12; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSISSEALMRRAVSLYTDST 30  
 I:I :I :I I : :I I : :I I : :I I :  
 Db 1226 AIPADEKMKPHSEAEITPNHQSVELTSS 1255

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:37:22  
 Job time : 24 secs

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GenCore version 5.1.6  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:35:22 : Search time 77 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
61.842 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293A-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table:

BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1107863

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A\_Geneseq\_19jun03:\*

1: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT:\*

2: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT:\*

3: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT:\*

4: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT:\*

5: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT:\*

6: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT:\*

7: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT:\*

8: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT:\*

9: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT:\*

10: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT:\*

11: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT:\*

12: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1991.DAT:\*

13: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT:\*

14: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1993.DAT:\*

15: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1994.DAT:\*

16: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1995.DAT:\*

17: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1996.DAT:\*

18: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1997.DAT:\*

19: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT:\*

20: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT:\*

21: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2000.DAT:\*

22: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT:\*

23: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2002.DAT:\*

24: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2003.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length DB	ID	Description
1	141	100.0	30	AAU78435	Inhibitor of apopt
2	141	100.0	35	AAU78439	Inhibitor of apopt
3	141	100.0	39	AAU78436	Inhibitor of apopt
4	141	100.0	40	AAU78430	Inhibitor of apopt
5	141	100.0	202	ABG72302	Human partial sequ
6	141	100.0	227	AA854139	Human pancreatic c
7	141	100.0	239	AA826210	Human caspase acti
8	141	100.0	239	AAU78447	Inhibitor of apopt
9	141	100.0	239	ABP72164	Human DIABLO/Smac.

10	141	100.0	239	24	ABB82743	Human Smac polypep
11	138	97.9	237	24	ABG72301	Mouse pro-apoptoti
12	125	88.7	84	24	ABG72303	Rat partial sequen
13	118	83.7	186	22	AA892922	Human protein sequ
14	96	68.1	20	23	AB876208	Human smac (DIABLO
15	70	49.6	15	24	ABP71314	Human Smac protein
16	63	44.7	13	24	ABG72314	Human pro-apoptoti
17	63	44.7	13	24	ABG72316	Human pro-apoptoti
18	56	39.7	73	24	ABG72304	Flounder partial s
19	50	35.5	396	22	AAU51015	Proionibacterium
20	47.5	33.7	710	23	ABP69647	Human polyptide
21	47	33.3	944	23	ABP35704	Fungal zbc protein
22	47	33.3	2045	22	AB861941	Drosophila melanog
23	46	32.6	272	22	AA866438	Human ATPase 30.
24	46	32.6	284	23	ABG79600	Vertonita ribonucle
25	46	32.6	312	22	AAU27719	Human full-length
26	46	32.6	312	24	ABP55411	Human MDPF-20 prot
27	46	32.6	336	22	AAU27891	Human contig polyp
28	46	32.6	352	23	ABP29265	Streptococcus poly
29	46	32.6	384	21	AA854380	Arabidopsis thalia
30	46	32.6	499	21	AA841345	Arabidopsis thalia
31	46	32.6	594	22	AB861195	Drosophila melanog
32	45.5	32.3	182	22	ABU53172	Human testes-deriv
33	45	31.9	44	22	ABB12208	Human secreted pro
34	45	31.9	124	22	AB857798	Drosophila melanog
35	45	31.9	173	22	AAU48666	Proionibacterium
36	45	31.9	355	23	ABP66105	Novel human diagno
37	45	31.9	644	22	ABG05466	Novel human diagno
38	45	31.9	809	23	AAE15982	Human CNG3B protei
39	45	31.9	809	23	AAE15983	Human CNG3B protei
40	45	31.9	809	23	AAE15984	Human CNG3B protei
41	45	31.9	809	23	AAE15985	Human CNG3B protei
42	45	31.9	809	23	AAE15986	Human CNG3B protei
43	45	31.9	1018	22	AB862522	Drosophila melanog
44	45	31.9	2038	23	AAE25098	Human kinase and p
45	45	31.9	2161	22	AAW78959	Human protein SEQ

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AAU78435	standard; Peptide; 30 AA.
ID	AAU78435;	
AC	AAU78435;	
XX		
DT	18-JUN-2002 (first entry)	
DE	Inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) protein Smac, mutant Smac-N30.	
XX		
KW	Human; Inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; Smac; apoptosis; BID; BIR1; BIR2;	
KW	Bcl2 intersecting domain; caspase; BIR domain; BIR3; gene therapy;	
KW	neoplastic cell; mutant; tumour.	
XX		
OS	Homo sapiens.	
OS	Synthetic.	
XX		
PN	WO200216418-A2.	
XX		
PD	28-FEB-2002.	
XX		
PF	24-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US26492.	
XX		
PR	24-AUG-2000; 2000US-227735P.	
XX		
PA	(UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.	
XX		
PI	Alnemri ES;	
XX		
DR	WPI; 2002-304115/34.	
XX		
PT	Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful	



KW Bcl2 interacting domain; caspase; BIR domain; BIR3; gene therapy;  
XX neoplastic cell; mutant; tumour.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX  
PN WO200216418-A2.  
XX  
PD 28-FEB-2002.  
XX  
PF 24-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US26492.  
XX  
PR 24-AUG-2000; 2000US-227735P.  
XX  
PA (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
PI Alnemri ES;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2002-304115/34.  
XX  
PT Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful  
PT for stimulating apoptosis in neoplastic or tumour cell which  
PT overexpresses inhibitor of caspase, and for identifying apoptosis  
PT modulating compounds -  
XX  
PS Example 3; Fig 7; 78pp; English.  
XX  
PI The invention relates to an isolated Smac peptide or polypeptide (I)  
XX and an isolated nucleic acid (II) encoding (I). Also described is a  
XX method of identifying a compound that inhibits apoptosis, comprising:  
XX (a) separately contacting several cell populations expressing a  
XX cytosolic Smac (a Smac isoform that begins with MKSPFY sequence,  
XX replacing the mitochondrial targeting sequence (residues 1-55 of (I)),  
XX and residues 56-60 of (I)) and an inhibitor of BID (Bcl2 interacting  
XX domain) with a compound to be tested for apoptotic inhibiting activity;  
XX (b) incubating the cell populations with a direct stimulus of the cell  
XX death pathway; and (c) measuring the specific apoptotic activity of the  
XX cell populations, where inhibition of the specific apoptotic activity is  
XX indicative that the compound is an inhibitor of apoptosis. (I) and (II)  
XX are useful for inducing apoptosis in a cell. The Smac polypeptide and  
XX polynucleotide are useful for stimulating apoptosis in a neoplastic or  
XX tumour cell which overexpresses an inhibitor of caspase, where the  
XX inhibitor inhibits activation or activity of caspase-3, caspase-7 or  
XX caspase-9. Preferably, the cell overexpresses at least a portion of IAP.  
XX (I) is useful for identifying an inhibitor or enhancer of a caspase-  
XX mediated apoptosis which involves contacting a cell transformed or  
XX transfected with a vector expressing (I) with a candidate inhibitor or  
XX candidate enhancer; and detecting cell viability, where an increase in  
XX cell viability indicates the presence of an inhibitor and a decrease in  
XX cell viability indicates the presence of an enhancer. Optionally, the  
XX method involves detecting the presence of large and small caspase  
XX subunits after contacting cell transformed with the vector expressing  
XX (I), with the candidate compound. A decrease in processing indicates the  
XX presence of an inhibitor and an increase in the processing indicates the  
XX presence of an enhancer. Preferably, the large and small subunits of  
XX caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9 are detected. (I) is also useful for  
XX identifying a compound that inhibits Smac binding to Smac-binding  
XX molecule (a portion of IAP e.g. a BIR domain such as BIR1, BIR2 or BIR3,  
XX or a full-length IAP). (II) is useful in gene therapy techniques. The  
XX present sequence represents the amino acid sequence of Smac mutant  
XX Smac-N39.  
SQ Sequence 39 AA;  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 23; Length 39;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3, 1e-16;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 AVPIAOKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
Db 1 AVPIAOKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 4  
ID AAU78430  
XX AAU78430 standard; Peptide; 40 AA.  
XX  
AC AAU78430;  
XX  
DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) protein Smac, N-terminal peptide.  
XX  
KW Human; inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; Smac; apoptosis; BID; BIR1; BIR2;  
KW Bcl2 interacting domain; caspase; BIR domain; BIR3; gene therapy;  
KW neoplastic cell; tumour.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200216418-A2.  
XX  
PD 28-FEB-2002.  
XX  
PF 24-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US26492.  
XX  
PR 24-AUG-2000; 2000US-227735P.  
XX  
PA (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
PI Alnemri ES;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2002-304115/34.  
XX  
PT Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful  
PT for stimulating apoptosis in neoplastic or tumour cell which  
PT overexpresses inhibitor of caspase, and for identifying apoptosis  
PT modulating compounds -  
XX  
PS Example 3; Fig 7; 78pp; English.  
XX  
PI The invention relates to an isolated Smac peptide or polypeptide (I)  
XX and an isolated nucleic acid (II) encoding (I). Also described is a  
XX method of identifying a compound that inhibits apoptosis, comprising:  
XX (a) separately contacting several cell populations expressing a  
XX cytosolic Smac (a Smac isoform that begins with MKSPFY sequence,  
XX replacing the mitochondrial targeting sequence (residues 1-55 of (I)),  
XX and residues 56-60 of (I)) and an inhibitor of BID (Bcl2 interacting  
XX domain) with a compound to be tested for apoptotic inhibiting activity;  
XX (b) incubating the cell populations with a direct stimulus of the cell  
XX death pathway; and (c) measuring the specific apoptotic activity of the  
XX cell populations, where inhibition of the specific apoptotic activity is  
XX indicative that the compound is an inhibitor of apoptosis. (I) and (II)  
XX are useful for inducing apoptosis in a cell. The Smac polypeptide and  
XX polynucleotide are useful for stimulating apoptosis in a neoplastic or  
XX tumour cell which overexpresses an inhibitor of caspase, where the  
XX inhibitor inhibits activation or activity of caspase-3, caspase-7 or  
XX caspase-9. Preferably, the cell overexpresses at least a portion of IAP.  
XX (I) is useful for identifying an inhibitor or enhancer of a caspase-  
XX mediated apoptosis which involves contacting a cell transformed or  
XX transfected with a vector expressing (I) with a candidate inhibitor or  
XX candidate enhancer; and detecting cell viability, where an increase in  
XX cell viability indicates the presence of an inhibitor and a decrease in  
XX cell viability indicates the presence of an enhancer. Optionally, the  
XX method involves detecting the presence of large and small caspase  
XX subunits after contacting cell transformed with the vector expressing  
XX (I), with the candidate compound. A decrease in processing indicates the  
XX presence of an inhibitor and an increase in the processing indicates the  
XX presence of an enhancer. Preferably, the large and small subunits of  
XX caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9 are detected. (I) is also useful for  
XX identifying a compound that inhibits Smac binding to Smac-binding  
XX molecule (a portion of IAP e.g. a BIR domain such as BIR1, BIR2 or BIR3,  
XX or a full-length IAP). (II) is useful in gene therapy techniques. The  
XX present sequence represents the N-terminal amino acid sequence of Smac  
XX protein.  
SQ Sequence 40 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 23; Length 40;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e-16;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30  
DB 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 5  
ABG72302  
ID ABG72302 standard; Protein: 202 AA.  
XX  
AC ABG72302;  
XX  
DT 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human partial sequence for pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO.  
XX  
KW Human; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;  
KW Inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;  
KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;  
KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;  
KW liver disease; immunogen.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
FT sig\_peptide 1..25  
FT /partial  
FT mat\_peptide 26..202  
FT /label= Mature\_DIABLO  
XX  
PN US2002110851-A1.  
XX  
PD 15-AUG-2002.  
XX  
PF 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.  
XX  
PR 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.  
XX  
PA (HALF-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.  
XX  
PI Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DJ;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2003-074681/07.  
XX  
PT New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer -  
XX  
PS Disclosure; Fig 2E; 50pp; English.  
XX  
CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO, DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of

CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents partial human DIABLO.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 202 AA;  
XX

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 24; Length 202;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7e-15;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30  
DB 19 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 48

RESULT 6  
AAB54139  
ID AAB54139 standard; Protein: 227 AA.  
XX  
AC AAB54139;  
XX  
DT 09-MAR-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human pancreatic cancer antigen protein sequence SEQ ID NO:591.  
XX  
KW Human; pancreas; pancreatic cancer; pancreatic cancer antigen;  
KW detection; diagnosis; identification; cytostatic; neuroprotective;  
KW neoplastic; immunomodulatory; relaxant; contraceptive; gynaecological;  
KW antiinflammatory; cardiant; gene therapy; chromosome mapping;  
KW linkage analysis; tissue identification; tissue typing; forensic;  
KW neural; immune system; muscular; reproductive; gastrointestinal;  
KW pulmonary; cardiovascular; renal; proliferative.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN W020005320-A1.  
XX  
PD 21-SEP-2000.  
XX  
PF 08-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US05989.  
XX  
PR 12-MAR-1999; 99US-0124270.  
XX  
PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.  
XX  
PI Rosen CA, Ruben SM;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2000-579444/54.  
DR N-PSDB; AAC98904.  
XX  
PT New nucleic acid that is a pancreatic cancer antigen for preventing,  
PT treating, or ameliorating a medical condition, particular pancreatic  
PT cancer, or for use in assays for diagnosing a pathological condition -  
XX  
PS Claim 11; Page 1027-1028; 1379pp; English.  
XX  
CC AAC98773 to AAC99231 encode the human pancreatic cancer associated  
CC proteins, called pancreatic cancer antigens, given in AAB54008 to  
CC AAB54466. The human pancreatic cancer antigens have cytostatic,  
CC neuroprotective, neoplastic, immunomodulatory, relaxant, contraceptive,  
CC gynaecological, cardiant and antiinflammatory activities, and can be used  
CC in gene therapy. The polynucleotide and proteins can be used for  
CC preventing, treating, or ameliorating a medical condition or in assays  
CC for diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to one in a  
CC subject. Binding partners to the proteins and the activity of the  
CC proteins can be identified. The pancreatic cancer antigens can be used to  
CC detect, treat or prevent pancreatic disorders, especially cancer.

CC Agonists and antagonists to the antigens can be screened for. The  
 CC pancreatic cancer antigen polynucleotides can be used to design nucleic  
 CC acid hybridisation probes that can be used in chromosome mapping, linkage  
 CC analysis, tissue identification and/or typing and a variety of forensic  
 CC and diagnostic methods. The proteins can be used to generate antibodies  
 CC which are used to purify, detect and target the polypeptides, including  
 CC both in vivo and in vitro diagnostic and therapeutic methods. The  
 CC proteins can be used to treat or prevent neural, immune system, muscular,  
 CC reproductive, gastrointestinal, pulmonary, cardiovascular, renal or  
 CC proliferative disorders. AAC99232 to AAC99240 and AAB54467 represent  
 CC sequences used in the exemplification of the present invention.

XX Sequence 227 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 21; Length 227;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e-15;  
 Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
 |||||  
 DB 44 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 73

RESULT 7  
 AAB26210

ID AAB26210 standard; Protein: 239 AA.

XX AAB26210;

DT 23-FEB-2001 (first entry)

XX Human caspase activator Smac.

XX Human; caspase activator; Smac; apoptosis; cancer; autoimmune disease;  
 KM neurodegenerative disease; mitochondria.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN US6110691-A.

XX 29-AUG-2000.

PF 06-JAN-2000; 2000US-0479309.

PR 06-JAN-2000; 2000US-0479309.

XX (TEXA ) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.

PI Wang X, Du C;

XX WPI: 2000-586350/55.

DR N-PSDB: AAB94860.

PT Novel caspase regulatory polypeptides useful for screening binding  
 PT agents specific for the polypeptides which are useful for diagnosis and  
 PT also for treating apoptosis associated diseases

PS Claim 1; column 23-24; 16pp; English.

XX The present sequence is the human Smac protein. Its coding sequence  
 CC was isolated by purifying the protein and searching a HeLa cell CDNA  
 CC library for sequences which bound to probes based upon it. Smac is a  
 CC mitochondrial protein which is released into the cytosol during  
 CC apoptosis, and acts as a caspase-3 activator. The protein and its coding  
 CC sequence can be used to modulate the expression and function of caspases  
 CC and their activators, and also can be used as drug targets and regulators  
 CC to promote or inhibit apoptosis in the treatment of cancer and autoimmune  
 CC and neurodegenerative diseases.

XX Sequence 239 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 21; Length 239;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-15;

Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
 |||||  
 DB 56 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 85

RESULT 8

ID AAU78447 standard; Protein: 239 AA.

XX AAU78447;

DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)

XX Inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) protein Smac.

XX Human; inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; Smac; apoptosis; BID; BIR1; BIR2;  
 KM Bcl2 interacting domain; caspase; BIR domain; BIR3; gene therapy;  
 KM neoplastic cell; tumour.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200216418-A2.

XX 28-FEB-2002.

PF 24-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US26492.

PR 24-AUG-2000; 2000US-227735P.

XX (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

PI Alnemri ES;

XX WPI: 2002-304115/34.

DR N-PSDB: ABR15451.

PT Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful  
 PT for stimulating apoptosis in neoplastic or tumour cell which  
 PT overexpresses inhibitor of caspase, and for identifying apoptosis  
 PT modulating compounds

PS Claim 36; Page 73-74; 78pp; English.

XX The invention relates to an isolated Smac peptide or polypeptide (I)  
 CC and an isolated nucleic acid (II) encoding (I). Also described is a  
 CC method of identifying a compound that inhibits apoptosis, comprising:  
 CC (a) separately contacting several cell populations expressing a  
 CC cytosolic Smac (a Smac isoform that begins with MKSDFR sequence,  
 CC replacing the mitochondrial targeting sequence (residues 1-55 of (I)),  
 CC and residues 56-60 of (I)) and an inhibitor of BID (Bcl2 interacting  
 CC domain) with a compound to be tested for apoptotic inhibiting activity;  
 CC (b) incubating the cell populations with a direct stimulus of the cell  
 CC death pathway; and (c) measuring the specific apoptotic activity of the  
 CC cell populations, where inhibition of the specific apoptotic activity is  
 CC indicative that the compound is an inhibitor of apoptosis. (I) and (II)  
 CC are useful for inducing apoptosis in a cell. The Smac polypeptide and  
 CC polynucleotide are useful for stimulating apoptosis in a neoplastic or  
 CC tumour cell which overexpresses an inhibitor of caspase, where the  
 CC inhibitor inhibits activation or activity of caspase-3, caspase-7 or  
 CC caspase-9. Preferably, the cell overexpresses at least a portion of IAP.  
 CC (I) is useful for identifying an inhibitor or enhancer of a caspase-  
 CC mediated apoptosis which involves contacting a cell transformed or  
 CC transfected with a vector expressing (I) with a candidate inhibitor or  
 CC candidate enhancer; and detecting cell viability, where an increase in  
 CC cell viability indicates the presence of an inhibitor and a decrease in  
 CC cell viability indicates the presence of an enhancer. Optionally, the  
 CC method involves detecting the presence of large and small caspase  
 CC subunits after contacting cell transformed with the vector expressing  
 CC (I), with the candidate compound. A decrease in processing indicates the  
 CC presence of an inhibitor and an increase in the processing indicates the  
 CC presence of an enhancer. Preferably, the large and small subunits of

CC caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9 are detected. (1) is also useful for  
CC identifying a compound that inhibits Smac binding to Smac-binding  
CC molecule (a portion of IAP e.g. a BIR domain such as BIR1, BIR2 or BIR3,  
CC or a full-length IAP). (11) is useful in gene therapy techniques. The  
CC present sequence represents the amino acid sequence of Smac protein.  
CC  
XX

SO Sequence 239 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 23; Length 239;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-15;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 30  
Db 56 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 85

RESULT 9  
ABP72164  
ID ABP72164 standard; Protein: 239 AA.

AC- ABP72164;

DT 22-APR-2003 (first entry)

DE Human DIABLO/Smac.

KW Human; DIABLO/Smac; cell death; apoptosis;

KW neurodegenerative disease; heart disease; cardiomyopathy; cardiac;

KW neuroprotective; gene therapy.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO2003004606-A2.

PD 16-JAN-2003.

PE 03-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US21002.

PR 03-JUL-2001; 2001US-0898158.

PA (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.

PI Troy CM, Shelanski ML;

DR WPI; 2003-210351/20.

DR N-PSDB; ABZ58109.

PT New nucleic acid encoding an inhibitor-of-apoptosis protein, useful for  
PT treating cancer, neurodegenerative disorder or cardiomyopathy -

PS Disclosure; Fig 23A: 124pp; English.

CC The present sequence is the protein sequence for human DIABLO/Smac,  
CC an inhibitor of inhibitor-of-apoptosis (IAP) proteins. The  
CC invention provides a nucleic acid, such as an antisense  
CC oligonucleotide, which specifically hybridizes to a nucleic acid  
CC encoding a protein that induces cell death, especially APAF1, RAIDD  
CC or Diabolo/SMAC. A claimed method for inhibiting a cell's death  
CC (especially a neuronal cell's death) comprises contacting the cell  
CC with the nucleic acid under conditions permitting the nucleic acid  
CC to enter the cell, especially the use of a vector, liposome, or a  
CC mechanical or electrical means. The method is used to treat a  
CC neurodegenerative disorder, especially a brain disorder or central  
CC nervous system disorder, or a heart disorder, especially  
CC cardiomyopathy, in a human (all claimed).  
CC  
XX

SO Sequence 239 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 24; Length 239;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-15;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 30  
Db 56 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 85

RESULT 10  
ABB82743

ID ABB82743 standard; Protein: 239 AA.

AC ABB82743;

DT 07-MAR-2003 (first entry)

DE Human Smac polypeptide.

KW Caspase-9; TUCAN; cancer; biomarker; cIAP2; Apaf1; Bcl-2; Smac;  
KW human.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200290931-A2.

PD 14-NOV-2002.

PE 07-MAY-2002; 2002WO-US14487.

PR 07-MAY-2001; 2001US-289223P.

PR 12-FEB-2002; 2002US-356934P.

PA (BURN-) BURNHAM INST.

PI Reed JC;

DR WPI; 2003-111999/10.

DR N-PSDB; ABV75367.

PT Determining a prognosis for survival for a cancer patient, useful for  
PT determining if the patient is at risk for relapse, comprises measuring  
PT a level of TUCAN in a sample from the patient, and comparing it to a  
PT reference level -

PS Examples; Page 151-153; 153pp; English.

CC The invention relates to determining a prognosis for survival for a  
CC cancer patient. The method involves (a) measuring a level of a tumour up-  
CC regulated CARD-containing antagonist of caspase-9 (TUCAN) in a neoplastic  
CC cell containing sample from the cancer patient; and (b) comparing the  
CC level of TUCAN in the sample to a reference level of TUCAN, where a low  
CC level of TUCAN in the sample correlates with increased survival of the  
CC patient. Alternatively, the method involves measuring levels of TUCAN and  
CC one or more biomarkers selected from the group of cIAP2, Apaf1, Bcl-2, or  
CC Smac in a neoplastic cell-containing sample from the cancer patient. The  
CC method is useful for determining if the patient is at risk for relapse,  
CC or for determining a proper course of treatment for a patient with  
CC cancer. The method is also useful for monitoring the effectiveness of a  
CC course of treatment for a patient with cancer, e.g. colon cancer,  
CC gastrointestinal cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, lung cancer,  
CC leukemia, CNS cancer, melanoma, prostate cancer, or renal cancer. The  
CC present sequence represents a human Smac polypeptide.  
CC  
XX

SO Sequence 239 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 24; Length 239;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e-15;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 30  
Db 56 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTGST 85

RESULT 11  
ABG72301



ID	ABG72301 standard; Protein; 237 AA.	FT	Peptide	145..152
XX		FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
AC	ABG72301;	FT	Peptide	153..160
XX		FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
DT	29-JAN-2003 (first entry)	FT	Protein	161..237
XX		FT	/label= Mature-DIABLO	/note= "This protein is claimed in claim 1"
DE	Mouse pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO.	FT	Peptide	161..168
XX		FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
KW	Mouse; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;	FT	Peptide	169..176
KW	inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;	FT	Peptide	177..184
KW	autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;	FT	Peptide	185..192
KW	muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;	FT	Peptide	193..200
KW	liver disease; immunogen.	FT	Peptide	201..208
XX		FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
OS	Mus musculus.	FT	Peptide	209..216
XX		FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
XX		FT	Peptide	217..224
FT	Key	FT	Peptide	225..232
FT	1..60	FT	Peptide	228..237
FT	/label= Signal-peptide	FT	Peptide	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	1..8	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	9..16	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	17..24	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	25..32	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	33..40	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	41..48	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	49..56	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	57..64	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	65..72	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	73..80	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	81..88	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	89..96	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	97..104	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	105..112	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	113..120	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	121..128	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	129..136	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	
FT	137..144	FT	Peptide	
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	FT	Peptide	
FT	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"	FT	Peptide	

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FT	Peptide	145..152
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	153..160
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Protein	161..237
FT	/label= Mature-DIABLO	/note= "This protein is claimed in claim 1"
FT	Peptide	161..168
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	169..176
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	177..184
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	185..192
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	193..200
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	201..208
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	209..216
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	217..224
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	225..232
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"
FT	Peptide	228..237
FT	/label= Immunogenic-fragment	/note= "This fragment is claimed in claim 4"

US2002110851-A1.

15-AUG-2002.

02-MAR-2001: 2001US-0798116.

02-MAR-2000: 2000AU-0005995.

(HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.

Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;

WPI: 2003-074681/07.

DR N-PsDB: ABS57071.

XX

XX

PS

Claim 1: Fig 2E: 50pp: English.

The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide, designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO, expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment, detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex), modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an

CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO, DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents mouse DIABLO.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 237 AA;  
  
Query Match 97.9%; Score 138; DB 24; Length 237;  
Best Local Similarity 96.7%; Pred. No. 1.1e-14;  
Matches 29; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTST 30  
Db 54 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTST 83  
|||||  
ABG72303 standard; Protein; 84 AA.  
XX  
AC ABG72303;  
XX  
XX 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Rat partial sequence for pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO.  
XX  
XX Rat; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;  
XX inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;  
XX autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;  
XX muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;  
XX liver disease; immunogen.  
XX  
XX Rattus sp.  
XX  
XX OS US2002110851-A1.  
XX  
XX 15-AUG-2002.  
XX  
XX 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.  
XX  
XX 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.  
XX  
XX (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.  
XX  
XX Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;  
XX  
XX WPI: 2003-074681/07.  
XX  
XX New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
XX modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
XX death or apoptosis e.g. cancer -  
XX  
XX Disclosure; Page 35; 50pp; English.  
XX  
XX The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
XX designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
XX in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
XX expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
XX active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
XX with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
XX of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO

CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO, DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents partial rat DIABLO.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 84 AA;  
  
Query Match 88.7%; Score 125; DB 24; Length 84;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 4.2e-13;  
Matches 27; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTST 30  
Db 54 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTST 83  
|||||  
AAB92922 standard; Protein; 186 AA.  
XX  
XX AAB92922;  
XX  
XX 26-JUN-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
XX Human protein sequence SEQ ID NO:11570.  
XX  
XX DE Human; primer; detection; diagnosis; antisense therapy; gene therapy.  
XX  
XX Human; primer; detection; diagnosis; antisense therapy; gene therapy.  
XX  
XX Homo sapiens.  
XX  
XX EP1074617-A2.  
XX  
XX 07-FEB-2001.  
XX  
XX 28-JUL-2000; 2000EP-0116126.  
XX  
XX 29-JUL-1999; 99JP-0248036.  
XX  
XX 27-AUG-1999; 99JP-0300253.  
XX  
XX 11-JAN-2000; 2000JP-0118776.  
XX  
XX 02-MAY-2000; 2000JP-0183767.  
XX  
XX 09-JUN-2000; 2000JP-0241899.  
XX  
XX (HELI-) HELIX RES INST.  
XX  
XX Ota T, Isogai T, Nishikawa T, Hayashi K, Saito K, Yamamoto J;  
XX  
XX Ishii S, Sugiyama T, Wakamatsu A, Nagai K, Otsuki T;  
XX  
XX WPI: 2001-318749/34.  
XX  
XX Primer sets for synthesizing polynucleotides, particularly the 5602  
XX full-length cDNAs defined in the specification, and for the detection  
XX and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by the  
XX full-length cDNAs -  
XX  
XX Claim 8; SEQ ID 11570; 2537pp + CD ROM; English.  
XX

CC The present invention describes primer sets for synthesizing 5602  
CC full-length cDNAs defined in the specification. Where a primer set  
CC comprises: (a) an oligo-dT primer and an oligonucleotide complementary  
CC to the complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises one of  
CC the 5602 nucleotide sequences defined in the specification, where the  
CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides; or (b) a combination  
CC of an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to the  
CC complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises a 5'-end  
CC sequence and an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to a  
CC polynucleotide which comprises a 3'-end sequence, where the  
CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides and the combination of  
CC the 5'-end sequence/3'-end sequence is selected from those defined in  
CC the specification. The primer sets can be used in antisense therapy and  
CC in gene therapy. The primers are useful for synthesizing polynucleotides,  
CC particularly full-length cDNAs. The primers are also useful for the  
CC detection and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by  
CC the full-length cDNAs. The primers allow obtaining of the full-length  
CC cDNAs easily without any specialised methods. AAH03166 to AAH13628 and  
CC AAH13633 to AAH18742 represent human cDNA sequences; AAB92446 to  
CC AAB95893 represent human amino acid sequences; and AAH13629 to AAH13632  
CC represent oligonucleotides, all of which are used in the exemplification  
CC of the present invention.

SQ Sequence 186 AA;

Query Match 83.7%; Score 118; DB 22; Length 186;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e-11;  
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 6 OKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30  
Db 8 OKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 32  
|||||

RESULT 14  
AAB76208  
ID ABB76208 standard; Peptide; 20 AA.

AC ABB76208;

DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)

DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.

DE DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;

KW human; cancer; cytostatic.

XX Homo sapiens.

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 20 /note="optional C-terminal protecting group"

PN W0200230959-A2.

PD 18-APR-2002.

PF 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.

PR 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.

PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.

PT Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;

DR WPI; 2002-444169/47.

PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -  
PS Claim 5; Page 7; 26pp; English.

CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from wild-type human  
CC second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known  
CC as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO). The peptide is one of 12 claimed smac (DIABLO)-derived  
CC peptides (see ABB76208-19) which bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain  
CC of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member.  
CC Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 are 0.69 +/- 0.05 uM and 6.7 +/- 0.7  
CC uM, respectively, for the present peptide, compared with 0.42 +/-  
CC 0.02 uM and 2.3 +/- 0.3 uM, respectively, for full-length smac.  
CC Modification of the N-terminal alanine destroys binding affinity to  
CC XIAP. For example, N-terminal acetylation of the present peptide,  
CC or isobutyric acid all resulted in Kd values for Bir-3 and for Bir-2  
CC of over 1,000 uM. The claimed peptides can be used to identify  
CC candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells.  
CC The assay involves determination of the ability of candidate  
CC compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a smac (DIABLO)  
CC peptide and an IAP family member.

SQ Sequence 20 AA;

Query Match 68.1%; Score 96; DB 23; Length 20;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.8e-09;  
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMR 20  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMR 20  
|||||

RESULT 15  
AAB71314  
ID ABB71314 standard; peptide; 15 AA.

AC ABB71314;

DT 28-APR-2003 (first entry)

DE Human Smac protein N-terminal fragment.

KW Omi; Htra2; serine protease; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP;

KW caspase; apoptosis; cytostatic; immunosuppressive; neuroprotective;

KW vasotrophic; gene therapy; Smac.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX W02003006680-A2.

PN 23-JAN-2003.

PF 15-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US22658.

PR 13-JUL-2001; 2001US-305378P.

PR 14-DEC-2001; 2001US-340163P.

PA (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

PI Alnemri ES;

DR WPI; 2003-221760/21.

PT New Omi nucleic acids and peptides that bind to an inhibitor of  
PT apoptosis proteins, useful for regulating or altering caspase-mediated  
PT apoptosis and for treating cancer, tumor, or autoimmune diseases -  
PS Example 2; Fig 6; 83pp; English.

CC The invention relates to polynucleotides encoding an Omi (serine  
CC protease) peptide or polypeptide. The Omi peptide specifically binds to a  
CC portion of an inhibitor of Apoptosis protein (IAP). The Omi polypeptide  
CC induces caspase-independent apoptosis, or fails to have serine protease  
CC activity. The Omi peptides are useful for regulating or altering  
CC apoptosis, specifically caspase-mediated apoptosis, and as immunogens for

CC raising antibodies. Enhancers of apoptosis are useful for treating  
CC cancers, tumours or for destroying cells that mediate autoimmune  
CC diseases. Compositions may also be used for the treatment of diseases  
CC associated with inappropriate activation of apoptosis such as  
CC neurodegenerative diseases and ischaemic injury. The antibodies can be  
CC used in isolating Omi peptides, polypeptides and their variants. In  
CC identifying molecules that interact with Omi peptides and polypeptides,  
CC and in inhibiting or enhancing the biological activity of Omi peptides  
CC and polypeptides. Sequences ABP71310-315 represent fragments of various  
CC IAP-binding proteins, used to determine Omi as a IAP-binding protein.  
XX

SQ Sequence 15 AA:

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 49.6%; Score 70; DB 24; Length 15;

Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15  
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSN 15

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:36:50  
Job time : 78 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:35:27 : Search time 43 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
67.094 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283308

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :  
1: PIR\_76:\*  
2: pir1:\*  
3: pir2:\*  
4: pir3:\*  
5: pir4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	53	37.6	313	2	T15529
2	53	37.6	321	2	T15531
3	53	37.6	326	2	S49754
4	52	36.9	630	2	S77148
5	51	36.2	455	2	S24458
6	50	35.5	256	2	E75401
7	50	35.5	429	2	JC4965
8	50	35.5	720	2	T05616
9	49	34.8	338	2	AD2754
10	49	34.8	338	2	B97535
11	48	34.0	210	2	T15528
12	47	33.3	131	2	F70663
13	47	33.3	390	2	T01451
14	47	33.3	505	2	H95946
15	47	33.3	608	2	B82635
16	47	33.3	628	2	S61160
17	47	33.3	944	1	S48821
18	46	32.6	135	2	H87410
19	46	32.6	205	2	G82358
20	46	32.6	318	1	D57987
21	46	32.6	318	2	G91260
22	46	32.6	318	2	C86101
23	46	32.6	384	2	F85439
24	46	32.6	525	2	AF3601
25	45.5	32.3	457	2	T21344
26	45.5	32.3	531	2	A84444
27	45	31.9	164	2	E75293
28	45	31.9	315	2	T40761
29	45	31.9	322	2	T36841

30	45	31.9	356	2	AE2784	GGDEF family prote
31	45	31.9	357	2	F97563	ggdef family prote
32	45	31.9	474	2	C75625	hypothetical prote
33	45	31.9	923	2	A86334	T20H2.17 protein -
34	45	31.9	1211	2	T08540	hypothetical prote
35	45	31.9	1888	2	T14273	zinc finger protei
36	45	31.9	2515	2	A41519	posterior-group pr
37	45	31.9	2643	2	T29149	hypothetical prote
38	45	31.9	3122	2	T17202	DNA-directed DNA p
39	44.5	31.6	4151	2	T13734	groovin gene prote
40	44	31.2	170	2	G69541	conserved hypothet
41	44	31.2	224	2	T43331	clathrin light cha
42	44	31.2	229	2	T40789	protein f19p19.1 l
43	44	31.2	270	2	F86177	probable spliceoso
44	44	31.2	363	2	B84565	hypothetical prote
45	44	31.2	386	2	A96625	

## ALIGNMENTS

```
RESULT 1
T15529
hypothetical protein C17C3.7 - Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Species: Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Date: 20-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 20-Sep-1999 #text_change 20-Sep-1999
C:Accession: T15529
R:Du, Z.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, November 1995
A:Description: The sequence of C. elegans cosmid C17C3.
A:Reference number: Z18366
A:Accession: T15529
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-313 <DUZ>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:U41279; NID:q1086905; PID:q1086908; PIDN:AA852691.1; GSPDB:G:
A:Experimental source: strain Bristol N2; clone C17C3
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: CESP:C17C3.7
A:Map position: 2
A:Introns: 45/3; 98/2; 175/2

Query Match
Best local similarity 37.6%; Score 53; DB 2; Length 313;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 4 IAOKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVT 27
Db 88 IVOKSEEHISQEVLFRIYKLV 111

RESULT 2
T15531
hypothetical protein C17C3.10 - Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Species: Caenorhabditis elegans
C:Date: 20-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 20-Sep-1999 #text_change 20-Sep-1999
C:Accession: T15531
R:Du, Z.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, November 1995
A:Description: The sequence of C. elegans cosmid C17C3.
A:Reference number: Z18366
A:Accession: T15531
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-321 <DUZ>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:U41279; NID:q1086905; PID:q1086910; PIDN:AA852693.1; GSPDB:G:
A:Experimental source: strain Bristol N2; clone C17C3
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: CESP:C17C3.10
A:Map position: 2
A:Introns: 16/3; 38/3; 53/3; 106/2; 183/2

Query Match
Query Match 37.6%; Score 53; DB 2; Length 321;
```





	Matches	11; Conservative	4; Mismatches	9; Indels	0; Gaps	0
QY	4	IAKSEPHSLSEALMRRASLVY	27			
			: :     :			
Db	40	IVKSESEKLSKEVLFRIYKLLS	63			

RESULT 12  
 F70663  
 hypothetical protein RV1838c - Mycobacterium tuberculosis (strain H37RV)  
 C:Species: Mycobacterium tuberculosis  
 C:Date: 17-Jul-1998 #sequence\_revision 17-Jul-1998 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
 C:Accession: F70663  
 R:Coile, S.T.; Brosch, R.; Parkhill, J.; Garnier, T.; Churcher, C.; Harris, D.; Gordon,  
 Connor, R.; Davies, R.; Devlin, K.; Felwell, T.; Gentile, S.; Hamlin, N.; Holroyd, S.  
 Raundread, M.A.; Rogers, J.; Rutter, S.; Seeger, K.; Skelton, S.; Squares, S.  
 Nature 393, 537-544, 1998  
 A:Authors: Squares, R.; Bilston, J.E.; Taylor, K.; Whitehead, S.; Barrell, B.G.  
 A:Title: Deciphering the biology of Mycobacterium tuberculosis from the complete genome  
 A:Reference number: A70500; MUID:98295987; PMID:9634230  
 A:Accession: F70663  
 A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
 A:Molecule type: DNA  
 A:Residues: 1131 <COL>  
 A:Cross-references: GB:Z83859; GB:AL123456; NID:g3261678; PIDN:CAB06116.1; PID:g1781209  
 A:Experimental source: strain H37RV  
 C:Genetics:  
 A:Gene: RV1838c  
 C:Superfamily: conserved hypothetical protein M00974

Query Match	33.3%	Score 47:	Length 131:
Best Local Similarity	42.3%	Pred. No. 7B 2:	
Matches 11, Conservative	5:	Mismatches 6:	Indels 4:
			Gaps 1:

RESULT 13  
T01451  
protein kinase homolog F2401.13 - Arabidopsis thaliana  
C:Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cress)  
C:Date: 12-Feb-1999 #sequence\_revision 12-Feb-1999 #text\_change 23-Mar-2001  
C:Accession: T01451  
R/Shim, P.; Buehler, E.; Dewar, K.; Feng, J.; Kim, C.; Li, Y.; Sun, H.; Conway, A.; Coe  
ecologists, A.; Ecker, J.R.  
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, January 1998  
A:Description: Genomic sequence for Arabidopsis thaliana BAC F2401.  
A:Reference number: 214211  
A:Accession: T01451  
A:Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBDB  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1390 <SH1>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:AC003113; NID:g2689438; PID:g2781357; GSPDB:GN00059; ATSP:F2402  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: ATSP:F2401.13  
A:Map position: 1  
A:Introns: 149/3; 301/3  
C:Superfamily: kinase-related transforming protein; protein kinase homology

Query Match	33.3%;	Score 47;	DB 2;	Length 390;
Best Local Similarity	47.4%;	Pred. No. 25;		
Matches	9;	Conservative	5;	Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0

RESULT 14  
H95946  
phosphate uptake ABC transporter permease protein phoU [imported] - *Stenotrophobium melioides*

	C:Species:	Sinorhizobium meliloti
	C:date:	24-Aug-2001 #sequence_revision 24-Aug-2001 #text_change 30-Sep-2001
	C:Accession:	H95946
	R:Finnan, T.M.; Weidner, S.; Wong, K.; Buhrmester, J.; Chain, P.; Vorholter, F.J.; Herr Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.	98, 9889-9894, 2001
	A>Title:	The complete sequence of the 1,683-kb pSymb megaplasmid from the N <sub>2</sub> -fixing e
	A:Reference number:	A95842; MUID:21396508; PMID:11481431
	A:Accession:	H95946
	A>Status:	Preliminary
	A:Molecule type:	DNA
	A:Residues:	1-505 <KUR>
	A:Cross-references:	GB:AL591985; PID:NACAC49240.1; PID:g15140726; GSPDB:GN00167
	A:Experimental source:	strain 1021, megaplasmid pSYMB
	R:Galibert, F.; Finnau, T.M.; Long, S.R.; Punher, A.; Abola, P.; Ampe, F.; Barloy-Hubl	pela, D.; Chait, P.; Cowie, A.; Davis, R.W.; Dreano, S.; Federspiel, N.A.; Fisher, R.
	L.: Hyman, R.W.; Jones, T.	Science 293, 668-672, 2001
	A:Authors:	Kahn, D.; Kahn, M.L.; Kalman, S.; Keating, D.H.; Kiss, E.; Komp, C.; Lelau
	nbaullt, P.; Vandenbol, M.; Vorholter, F.J.; Weidner, S.; Wells, D.H.; Wong, K.; Yen,	
	A>Title:	The composite genome of the legume symbiont Sinorhizobium meliloti.
	A:Reference number:	A96039; MUID:21368234; PMID:11474104
	A:Contents:	annotation
	C:Genetics:	
	A:Gene:	phoT; SMB21174
	A:Genome:	plasmid
OY	Query Match	33.3%; Score 47; DB 2; Length 505;
	Best Local Similarity	50.0%; Pred. No. 34;
Db	Matches	9; Conservative 3; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
	10 PHILSSAALMRRAVSIVT 27	
	: :   :	
	20 PHLQSSAAKRRTSTALT 37	

Query Match	33.3%	Score 47;	DB 2;	Length 505;
Best Local Similarity	50.0%	Pred. No. 34;		
Matches	9;	Conservative	3;	Mismatches 6;
				Indels 0;
				Gaps 0;
QY	10	PHLSSEFLMRRAVSLVT	27	
				: :
				: :
Db	20	PHLOSSAAKRRSTALIT	37	

RESULT 15  
B82635  
DNA polymerase III subunit XF1807 [imported] - *Xylella fastidiosa* (strain 9a5c)  
C:Species: *Xylella fastidiosa*  
C:Date: 18-Aug-2000 #sequence\_revision 20-Aug-2000 #extl\_change 15-Sep-2000  
C:Accession: B82635  
R:Anonymous, The *Xylella fastidiosa* Consortium of the Organization for Nucleotide Seq  
Nature 406, 151-157, 2000  
A>Title: The genome sequence of the plant pathogen *Xylella fastidiosa*.  
A:Reference number: A8215; MUID:20365717; PMID:10910347  
A>Note: for a complete list of authors see reference number A59328 below  
A:Accession: B82635  
A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-608 <SIM>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE004002; GB:AE003849; MID:g9106861; PIDN:AAF84614.1; GSPDB:GN  
A:Experimental source: strain 9a5c  
R:Simpson, A.J.G.; Rehnach, F.C.; Arruda, P.; Abreu, F.A.; Acencio, M.; Alvarenga, R.  
B:Briones, M.R.S.; Bueno, M.R.P.; Camargo, A.A.; Camargo, L.E.A.; Carraro, D.M.; Carre  
as-Neto, E.; Docena, C.; El-Dorriy, H.; Facincani, A.P.; Ferreira, A.J.S.  
submitted to Genbank, June 2000  
A:Authors: Ferreira, V.C.A.; Ferro, J.A.; Fraga, J.S.; Franca, S.C.; Franco, M.C.; Fr  
J.D.; Junqueira, M.L.; Kemper, E.L.; Kitajima, J.P.; Krieger, J.E.; Kuramae, E.E.; La  
Chado, M.A.; Madalita, A.M.B.N.; Madalita, H.M.F.; Marino, C.L.; Marques, M.V.; Martins  
A:Authors: Martins, E.M.F.; Matsukuma, A.Y.; Mench, C.F.M.; Miranda, E.C.; Miyaki, C.  
F.G.; Nunes, L.R.; Oliveira, M.A.; de Oliveira, M.C.; de Oliveira, R.C.; Palmieri, C.  
Rodrigues, V.; Rosa, A.J. de M.; de Rosa Jr., V.E.; de Sa, R.G.; Santelli, R.V.; Sawa  
A:Authors: da Silva, A.C.R.; da Silva, F.R.; da Silva, A.M.; Silva Jr., W.A.; da Silv  
M.; Tshunako, M.H.; Vallada, H.; Van Sluys, M.A.; Verjovski-Almeida, S.; Vettore, A.L.  
A:Reference number: A59328  
A:Contents: annotation  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: XF1807  
A:Superfamily: DNA-directed DNA polymerase III gamma chain

Query Match	33.3%;	Score 47;	DB 2;	Length 608;
Best Local Similarity	38.2%;	Pred. No. 43;		
Matches 13; Conservative	4;	Mismatches 7;	Indels 10;	Gaps 1;



OY 6 OKSEPHSSEALM-----RRAVSLVTDS 29  
||| | : || | : |||  
Db 569 OKSERQQLAEAFMSDPHYVQHLLTYOQAAKAVTDS 602

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:40:07  
Job time : 45 secs

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GenCore version 5.1.6  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2003 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:35:22 : Search time 103 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
75.161 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 830525

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPTREMBL\_23:\*

- 1: sp\_archaea:\*
- 2: sp\_bacteria:\*
- 3: sp\_fungi:\*
- 4: sp\_human:\*
- 5: sp\_invertebrate:\*
- 6: sp\_mammal:\*
- 7: sp\_mhc:\*
- 8: sp\_organelle:\*
- 9: sp\_phage:\*
- 10: sp\_plant:\*
- 11: sp\_rodent:\*
- 12: sp\_virus:\*
- 13: sp\_vertebrate:\*
- 14: sp\_unclassified:\*
- 15: sp\_virus:\*
- 16: sp\_bacteriap:\*
- 17: sp\_archaeap:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	130	92.2	157	11	Q8R1D8 mus musculus
2	56	39.7	224	10	Q9AX95 oryza sativ
3	53	37.6	313	5	Q18054 caenorhabd
4	53	37.6	321	5	Q18056 caenorhabd
5	52	36.9	181	16	Q8DF79 vibrio vuln
6	52	36.9	207	16	Q8DD72 vibrio vuln
7	52	36.9	630	16	P73661 synecocyst
8	52	36.9	862	13	Q8AVG0 xenopus lae
9	51	36.2	196	2	Q9Z1G9 pseudomonas
10	50.5	35.8	928	16	Q8DC68 vibrio vuln
11	50	35.5	256	16	Q9RUK4 deinococcus
12	50	35.5	720	10	Q9SZJ1 arabidopsis
13	50	35.5	739	10	Q8GYZ4 arabidopsis
14	50	35.5	981	4	Q9BRT9 homo sapien
15	50	35.5	1003	16	Q8EUZ4 mycoplasma
16	49	34.8	338	16	Q8UFF3 agrobacteri

17	49	34.8	561	5	Q8SV66 encephalito
18	48.5	34.4	382	16	Q98MH8 rhizobium 1
19	48	34.0	74	9	Q9XJ55 bacterioph
20	48	34.0	210	5	Q18053 caenorhabd
21	48	34.0	268	16	Q8XYJ1 raietonia s
22	48	34.0	343	16	Q8PI58 xanthomonas
23	48	34.0	343	16	Q8P6V8 xanthomonas
24	48	34.0	477	13	Q9W696 xenopus lae
25	47.5	33.7	684	4	Q9HGM5 homo sapien
26	47.5	33.7	700	3	Q8X007 neurospora
27	47	33.3	282	16	Q8XZ2 raietonia s
28	47	33.3	333	17	Q8TH73 methanosarc
29	47	33.3	415	10	Q9MAV2 arabidopsis
30	47	33.3	505	16	Q5Z909 rhizobium m
31	47	33.3	516	11	Q8CA49 mus musculu
32	47	33.3	608	16	Q9PC83 xyliella fas
33	47	33.3	628	3	Q06344 saccharomyc
34	47	33.3	2016	5	Q9W444 drosophila
35	46.5	33.0	434	16	Q8XRD2 raietonia s
36	46	32.6	120	10	Q9ST89 oryza sativ
37	46	32.6	135	16	Q9A800 caulobacter
38	46	32.6	205	16	Q9KVK7 vibrio chol
39	46	32.6	258	4	Q8IXN3 homo sapien
40	46	32.6	312	11	Q8BUZ6 mus musculu
41	46	32.6	318	4	Q9P0R9 homo sapien
42	46	32.6	318	16	Q8X4L4 escherichia
43	46	32.6	319	4	Q9P0P6 homo sapien
44	46	32.6	352	2	Q85471 streptococ
45	46	32.6	352	16	Q9A0K4 streptococ

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1					
Q8R1D8	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	157 AA.		
AC Q8R1D8					
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMBLrel. 21, Created)					
DT 01-JUN-2002 (TREMBLrel. 21, Last sequence update)					
DE 01-JUN-2002 (TREMBLrel. 21, Last annotation update)					
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).					
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;					
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.					
NCBI_TaxId=10090;					
RN [1]					
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.					
RC TISSUE=Eye;					
RA Strausberg R.;					
RL Submitted (MAR-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.					
DR EMBL: BC024780; AAH24780.1; -					
SQ SEQUENCE 157 AA; 17799 MW; 0F67319F05AC6E7 CRC64;					
Query Match	92.2%;	Score 130;	DB 11;	Length 157;	
Best local Similarity	93.3%;	Pred. No. 2.6e-12;			
Matches 28;	Conservative 1;	Mismatches 1;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;	
QY	1	AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30			
Db	54	AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 83			
RESULT 2					
Q9AX95	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	224 AA.		
ID Q9AX95					
AC Q9AX95					
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Created)					
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last sequence update)					
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)					
DE P0501G01.22 protein.					
GN P0501G01.22.					
OS Oryza sativa (Rice).					

OY	Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC	Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae;
CC	Ehrhartioideae; Oryzaceae; Oryza.
OK	NCBI_TaxID=4530;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	STRAIN=cv. Nipponbare;
RA	Sasaki T., Matsunoto T., Yamamoto K.;
RT	"Oryza sativa nipponbare(GA3) genomic DNA, chromosome 1, PAC
RL	clone:p0501G01.";
RU	Submitted (JUL-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR	EMBL; AP002819; BAB21093.1; -.
DR	Germene; Q9AX95; -.
DR	InterPro: IPR001005; Myb_DNA_binding.
DR	PROSITE: PS00037; MYB_1: 1
SQ	SEQUENCE 224 AA; 23798 MW; FEF94A53AE500A92 CRC64;
	Query Match 39.7%; Score 56; DB 10; Length 224;
	Best Local Similarity 37.0%; Pred. NO. 1.4;
	Matches 10; Conservative 7; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY	3 PIAKSEPHSLSEELMRRRAVSLVTDS 29
	I:::II:::~::~I::I::I::
Db	93 PVATESDPHTAAARVIGRVADASTDS 119

ID	Q18054	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	313 AA.
AC	Q18054;			
DT	01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel, 01, Created)			
DT	01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel, 01, Last sequence update)			
DT	01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel, 23, Last annotation update)			
DE	Hypothetical 36.2 kda protein.			
GN	C17C3.7.			
OS	Caenorhabditis elegans.			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditoidea;			
OC	Rhabditidae; Pelodierinae; Caenorhabditis.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=6239;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN-Bristol N2;			
RX	MEDLINE=99069613; PubMed=9851916;			
RA	None;			
RT	"Genome sequence of the nematode C. elegans: a platform for			
RT	investigating biology. The C. elegans Sequencing Consortium."			
RL	Science 282:2012-2018(1998).			
RN	[2]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN-Bristol N2;			
RA	Du Z.;			
RT	"The sequence of C. elegans cosmid C17C3.";			
RL	Submitted (DEC-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			
RN	[3]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN-Bristol N2;			
RA	Waterston R.;			
RT	"Direct Submission.";			
RL	Submitted (SEP-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE BASIC HELIX-LOOP-HELIX (BHLH) FAMILY OF			
CC	TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS.			
DR	EMBL; U41279; AAK31421.1; "-			
DR	WormPep; C17C3.7; CE04027.			
DR	InterPro; IPR001092; HLH_basic.			
DR	Pfam; PF00010; HLH_1.			
DR	SMART; SM00353; HLH_1.			
DR	PROSITE; PSS0888; HLH_2; 1.			
KW	Hypothetical protein.			
SO	SEQUENCE 313 AA; 36167 MW; DCCEDB2DAC63DF99 CRC64;			

QY	4	IAQKSEPHSLSSSEALMRRRAVSLVT	27
		:   :	
Db	88	IVQKSEEHISQEVLFRIKVLVT	111

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RESULT 4
018056 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 321 AA.
ID 018056
AC 018056;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel, 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel, 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel, 23, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical 37.1 kDa protein.
CI C17C3.10.
OS Caenorhabditis elegans.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditioidea;
OC Rhabditidae; Peloderinae; Caenorhabditis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RX MEDLINE=99069613; PubMed=9851916;
RA None;
RT "Genome sequence of the nematode C. elegans: a platform for
RT investigating biology. The C. elegans Sequencing Consortium.";
RL Science 283:2012-2018(1998).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Du Z.;
RT "The sequence of C. elegans cosmid C17C3 ";
RL Submitted (DEC-1995) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=Bristol N2;
RA Waterston R.;
RT "Direct Submission.";
RL Submitted (SEP-2001) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE BASIC HELIX-LOOP-HELIX (BHLH) FAMILY OF
CC TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS.
DR EMBL; U41279; AAK31423.1; -.
DR WormPeP: C17C3.10; CE04030.
DR InterPro: IPR001092; HLH_basic.
DR Pfam: PF00010; HLH_1.
DR SMART: SM00353; HLH_1.
DR PROSITE; PS50888; HLH_2; 1.
DR Hypothetical protein.
KW SEQUENCE 321 AA; 37103 MW; 7F3B63AA7549A1CD CRC64;

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Query Match      37.6%; Score 53; DB 5; Length 321;
Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 6.3;
Matches 12; Conservative 3; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      4  IAKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVT 27
      1 1111 :1 :1 111
Db      96  IVKSEEHISQEVLFRIKVLTV 119

RESULT 5
O8DF79
ID      O8DF79      PRELIMINARY;      PRT;      181 AA.
AC      O8DF79;
DT      01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Created)
DT      01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DR      01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE      Cytosine/adenosine deaminase.
GN      VV10342.
GN      OS      Vibrio vulnificus.
OC      Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Vibrionales;
OC      Vibrionaceae; Vibrrio.
OX      NCBI_TaxID=672;
RN      [1]

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RESULT 7	
P73661	
ID	P73661
AC	P73661;
DT	01-FEB-1997 (TREMBLrel. 02, Created)
DT	01-FEB-1997 (TREMBLrel. 02, Last sequence update)
DT	01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE	Hypothetical protein slr1888.
GN	slr1888.
OS	Synechocystis sp. (strain PCC 6803).
OC	Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; Synechocystis.
OX	NCBI_Taxid=1148;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX	MEDLINE=97061201; PubMed=8905231;
RA	Kaneko T., Sato S., Kotani H., Tanaka A., Asamizu E., Nakamura Y.,
RA	Miyajima N., Hirosewa M., Sugiura M., Sasamoto S., Kinura T.,
RA	Hosouchi T., Matsuno A., Muraki A., Nakazaki N., Nairo K., Okumura S.,
RA	Shimpo S., Takeuchi C., Wada T., Watanabe A., Yamada M., Yasuda M.,
RT	Tabata S.;

RESULT 9	09ZIG9	PRELIMINARY:	PRT:	196 AA.
AC	09ZIG9			
DT	01-MAY-1999 (TREMBLrel. 10, Created)			
DT	01-MAY-1999 (TREMBLrel. 10, Last sequence update)			
DT	01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)			
DE	Putative ECF sigma factor X (RNA polymerase sigma factor).			
GN	SIGX.			
OS	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> .			
OC	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Pseudomonadales;			
OC	Pseudomonadaceae; Pseudomonas.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=287;			
OX	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RP	STRAIN=PAO1.			
RX	MEDLINE=99369842; PubMed=10438740;			
RA	Blinkman F.S., Schouts G., Hancock R.E., De Mot R.:			
RT	"Influence of a putative ECF sigma factor on expression of the major			
RT	outer membrane protein, OmpF, in <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> and			
RT	<i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> ."			
RL	J. Bacteriol. 181:4746-4754(1999).			
RR	EMBL; AF027290; AAD11567.1; -			

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SQ  SEQUENCE 196 AA; 23454 MW; 86CC12A4D8D4CF2 CRC64;
Query Match 36.2%; Score 51; DB 2; Length 196;
Best Local Similarity 45.5%; Pred. No. 7.5;
Matches 10; Conservative 5; Mismatches 7; Indels 0; Gaps 0.
QY 3 P1AOKSEPHSLSSSEALMRRAVS 24
   1::1::1 11 1 1 1 1 1
Db 6 PLSQRYDPPQSLDEELVERAHS 27

RESULT 10
O8DC68
ID O8DC68 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 928 AA.
AC O8DC68;
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Signal transduction histidine kinase.
GN Vvi1573.
OS Vibrio vulnificus.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Vibrionales;
OC Vibrionaceae; Vibrrio.
OX NCBI_TaxID=672;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=CMCP6;
RA Rhee J.H., Kim S.Y., Chung S.S., Kim J.J., Moon Y.H., Jeong H.,
RA Choy H.E.;
RT "Complete genome sequence of Vibrio vulnificus CMCP6.";
RL Submitted (DEC-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AE016802; AAC09997.1; -.
KW Kinase; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 928 AA; 103351 MW; A2471C227B22C229 CRC64;

Query Match 35.8%; Score 50.5; DB 16; Length 928;
Best Local Similarity 60.9%; Pred. No. 50;
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 7; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 3 P1AOKSEPHSLSSSEALMRRAVS 24
   11 111 11 1 1 1 1 1
Db 51 P1A1NSEPHLSSEKREAVRLVS 73

RESULT 11
O9RUK4
ID O9RUK4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 256 AA.
AC O9RUK4;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TREMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical protein DRI380.
GN DRI380.
OS Deinococcus radiodurans.
OC Bacteria; Deinococcus-Thermus; Deinococci; Deinococcales;
OC Deinococcaceae; Deinococcus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=1299;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=R1;
RX MEDLINE=20036896; PubMed=10567266;
RA White O., Elsen J.A., Heidelberg J.F., Hickey E.K., Peterson J.D.,
RA Dodson R.J., Haft D.H., Gwinn M.L., Nelson W.C., Richardson D.L.,
RA Moffat K.S., Qin H., Jiang L., Pamphile W., Crosby M., Shen M.,
RA Vamathevan J.J., Lam P., McDonald L., Utterback T., Zaleski C.,
RA Maravova K.S., Aravind L., Daly M.J., Minton K.W., Fleischmann R.D.,
RA Ketchum K.A., Nelson K.E., Salzberg S., Smith H.O., Venter J.C.,
RA Fraser C.M.;
RT "Genome sequence of the radioresistant bacterium Deinococcus
RT radiodurans R1.";
RL Science 286:1571-1577(1999).
DR EMBL; AE001984; AAF10959.1; -.
KW TIGR; DRI380; -.

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KW      Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ      SEQUENCE   256 AA;  27643 MW;  E2A95A3C5559077E3 CRC64;

QY      Query Match                               35.5%;    Score 50;   DB 16;   Length 256;
        Best Local Similarity 38.1%;    Pred. No. 15;
        Matches      8; Conservative     6; Mismatches    7; Indels    0; Gaps    0;

Db       188 IPLALRDPHRLAOSGLVRAA 208

RESULT 12
Q9SZJ1 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 720 AA.
AC Q9SZJ1;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DE 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE Hypothetical 79.2 kDa protein.
GN F2ODI0.10 OR AT4G37890.
OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;
OC eurosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.
OX NCBI_TaxId=3702;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Bevan M., Wedler H., Kutzner M., Wambutt R., Bancroft I., Mewes H.W.,
RA Mayer K.F.X., Schueller C.;
RL Submitted (FEB-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA EU Arabidopsis sequencing project;
RL Submitted (FEB-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Wedler H., Kutzner M., Wambutt R., Mewes H.W., Lemcke K.,
RA Mayer K.F.X.;
RL Submitted (MAR-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [4]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA EU Arabidopsis sequencing project;
RL Submitted (MAR-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
CC - SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 RING-TYPE ZINC FINGER.
DR EMBL; AL035538; CAB37529.1; -.
DR EMBL; AL161592; CAB80454.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR002035; VWF_A.
DR InterPro; IPR001841; ZnF_Fing.
DR Pfam; PF00092; vwa; 1.
DR Pfam; PF00097; zf-C3HC4; 1.
DR SMART; SM00184; RING; 1.
DR SMART; SM00327; VMA; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS50089; ZF_RING_2; 1.
KW Hypothetical protein; Metal-binding; Zinc; Zinc-finger.
SQ SEQUENCE 720 AA; 79166 MW; 8E910981F41163EA CRC64;

Query Match                               35.5%;    Score 50;   DB 10;   Length 720;
Best Local Similarity 33.3%;    Pred. No. 45;
Matches      12; Conservative     7; Mismatches    7; Indels    10; Gaps    1;

OY      3 PIACKSEP-----HSLSSEALMRRAVSALTVD 28
        !:||||| :|||::|:
Db       676 PVVGKSEPLPTSAWRAAEHLAKVAIKRKHMNRSD 711

RESULT 13
O8GYZ4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 739 AA.
AC O8GYZ4;
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)

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DE Hypothetical protein.  
GN A74G37890/F20D10.10.  
OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).  
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;  
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;  
OC euroids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.  
OX NCBI\_TaxId=3702;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN=CV. Columbia;  
RA Seki M., Iida K., Satou M., Sakurai T., Akiyama K., Ishida J.,  
RA Nakajima M., Enju A., Kamiya A., Narusaka M., Carninci P., Kawai J.,  
RA Hayashizaki Y., Shinozaki K.;  
RT "Arabidopsis thaliana full-length cDNA."  
RL Submitted (NOV-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
DR EMBL: AK117301; BAC41972.1; -.  
KW Hypothetical protein.  
SQ SEQUENCE 739 AA; 81406 MW; 6F6949C9CB24AE1C CRC64;  
  
Query Match 35.5%; Score 50; DB 10; Length 739;  
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 47;  
Matches 12; Conservative 7; Mismatches 7; Indels 10; Gaps 1;  
  
QY 3 PIAOKSEP-----HSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTD 28  
I:||||| I:|||||  
Db 695 PYVQKSEPLPTTSAMRAERLAKVAIMRHMNRVSD 730  
  
RESULT 14  
Q9BYT9  
ID Q9BYT9 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 981 AA.  
AC Q9BYT9:  
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBlrel. 17, Created)  
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBlrel. 17, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMBlrel. 22, Last annotation update)  
DE Hypothetical protein.  
OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.  
OX NCBI\_TaxId=9606;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RA Rosier M.F., Toselli E., Segurens-Soury B., Auffray C., Devignes M.D.;  
RT "Predominant brain expression and full-length characterization of a  
RT novel human 6.6-Kb transcript mapping at 11p14 in the telomeric part  
RT of WAGR locus."  
RL Submitted (NOV-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RA Rosier M.F.;  
RL Thesis (1996), Department of Human Genetics, University Paris VII,  
RL Paris, France.  
DR EMBL: AJ300461; CAC32454.1; -.  
DR Genew; HGNC:14004; C11orf25.  
KW Hypothetical protein.  
SQ SEQUENCE 981 AA; 114654 MW; 15A3276420912393 CRC64;  
  
Query Match 35.5%; Score 50; DB 4; Length 981;  
Best Local Similarity 47.8%; Pred. No. 64;  
Matches 11; Conservative 3; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 3 PIAOKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSL 25  
I:||||| I:|||||  
Db 529 PITGKPEPHQPSDDKVTLLVSV 551  
  
RESULT 15  
Q8EUZ4  
ID Q8EUZ4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 1003 AA.  
AC Q8EUZ4:  
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBlrel. 23, Created)  
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBlrel. 23, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBlrel. 23, Last annotation update)

DE Conserved hypothetical protein.  
GN MYPE7730.  
OS Mycoplasma penetrans.  
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Mollicutes; Mycoplasmataceae; Mycoplasma.  
OX NCBI\_TaxId=28227;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN=HF-2;  
RX MEDLINE=22354719; PubMed=12466555;  
RA Sasaki Y., Ishikawa J., Yamashita A., Oshima K., Kenri T., Furuya K.,  
RA Yoshino C., Horino A., Shiba T., Sasaki T., Hattori M.;  
RT "The complete genomic sequence of Mycoplasma penetrans, an  
RT intracellular bacterial pathogen in humans."  
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 30:5293-5300(2002).  
DR EMBL: AP004173; BAC44567.1; -.  
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.  
SQ SEQUENCE 1003 AA; 109261 MW; 0C2AF329C1D4F38 CRC64;  
  
Query Match 35.5%; Score 50; DB 16; Length 1003;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 65;  
Matches 9; Conservative 7; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 4 IAOKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLV 27  
I:||||| I:|||||  
Db 515 VVKRLPEPNOISPDLKRVATSIIT 538  
  
Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:39:15  
Job time : 105 secs

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:35:28 : Search time 25 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
50.773 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293A-19\_COPY\_56\_85  
Perfect score: 141  
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Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 328717 seqs, 42310858 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 328717

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/1aa/6B.COMB.pep:\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/1aa/PCITUS.COMB.pep:\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/1aa/Backfiles1.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	141	100.0	239	3	US-09-479-309-2
2	141	100.0	239	4	US-09-627-393-2
3	51	36.2	198	4	US-09-252-991A-30093
4	44.5	31.6	899	3	US-09-413-814-5
5	44	31.2	526	3	US-09-342-648-8
6	44	31.2	799	4	US-09-165-396-4
7	43.5	30.9	147	4	US-09-252-991A-24435
8	43	30.5	249	2	US-08-632-514C-11
9	43	30.5	249	3	US-09-188-177-11
10	43	30.5	327	4	US-09-252-991A-28715
11	43	30.5	369	3	US-09-342-648-4
12	43	30.5	570	3	US-08-826-246-2
13	43	30.5	570	3	US-08-944-495-2
14	43	30.5	570	3	US-09-126-640-7
15	43	30.5	570	3	US-08-925-588-2
16	43	30.5	570	4	US-09-288-292A-7
17	43	30.5	570	4	US-09-372-044-2
18	43	30.5	570	4	US-08-825-486-2
19	42	29.8	212	4	US-09-252-991A-32491
20	42	29.8	570	3	US-08-747-221B-54
21	42	29.8	570	3	US-09-005-051-54
22	42	29.8	596	3	US-08-747-221B-25
23	42	29.8	596	3	US-09-005-051-25
24	42	29.8	640	4	US-09-252-991A-23007
25	42	29.8	755	3	US-09-342-648-2
26	42	29.8	1014	4	US-09-252-991A-17583
27	42	29.8	1201	3	US-09-098-901-2

28	41	29.1	161	4	US-09-252-991A-31686	Sequence 31686, A
29	41	29.1	262	4	US-09-107-532A-5791	Sequence 5791, A
30	41	29.1	383	4	US-09-252-991A-29621	Sequence 29621, A
31	41	29.1	460	4	US-09-198-452A-7	Sequence 7, Appl
32	41	29.1	622	3	US-09-342-648-6	Sequence 6, Appl
33	41	29.1	1027	4	US-09-252-991A-23210	Sequence 23210, A
34	41	29.1	3079	5	PCR-US94-00198-4	Sequence 4, Appl
35	40.5	28.7	189	2	US-08-861-269-7	Sequence 7, Appl
36	40.5	28.7	189	2	US-09-134-596-7	Sequence 7, Appl
37	40.5	28.7	189	3	US-09-293-223-7	Sequence 7, Appl
38	40.5	28.7	441	4	US-09-198-452A-1124	Sequence 1124, Ap
39	40	28.4	144	4	US-09-252-991A-31261	Sequence 31261, A
40	40	28.4	149	4	US-09-347-650-8	Sequence 8, Appl
41	40	28.4	175	4	US-09-252-991A-18834	Sequence 18834, A
42	40	28.4	179	4	US-09-252-991A-28433	Sequence 28433, A
43	40	28.4	242	4	US-09-198-452A-1006	Sequence 1006, Ap
44	40	28.4	323	4	US-09-252-991A-29849	Sequence 29849, A
45	40	28.4	330	4	US-09-252-991A-26360	Sequence 26360, A

## ALIGNMENTS

```
RESULT 1
US-09-479-309-2
; Sequence 2, Application US/09479309
; Patent No. 6110691
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wang, Xiaodong
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Activators of Caspases
; FILE REFERENCE: UTSD0630
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/479,309
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-01-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 8
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 2
; LENGTH: 239
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: human
US-09-479-309-2

Query Match      100.0%; Score 141; DB 3; Length 239;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1,2e-15;
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30
Db      56 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 85

RESULT 2
US-09-627-393-2
; Sequence 2, Application US/09627393
; Patent No. 6534267
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Wang, Xiaodong
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Activators of Caspases
; FILE REFERENCE: UTSD0630
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/627,393
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-07-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/479,309
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-01-06
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 8
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 2
; LENGTH: 239
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: human
US-09-627-393-2

Query Match      100.0%; Score 141; DB 4; Length 239;
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Best Local Similarity 43.5%; Pred. No. 86;  
Matches 10; Conservative 4; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 7 KSEPHSLSSPALMRRAVSLVTD 29  
DB 451 KSHPEVLIAMALANAGALITST 473

## RESULT 14

US-09-126-640-7  
; Sequence 7, Application US/09126640A  
; Patent No. 6099823  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: FALB, Dean A.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE  
; TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE  
; FILE REFERENCE: 7853-126  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/126,640A  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-07-30  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/870,434  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-06-06  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/799,910  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-02-13  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/011,787  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1996-02-16  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 44  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 7  
; LENGTH: 570  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-126-640-7

Query Match 30.5%; Score 43; DB 3; Length 570;  
Best Local Similarity 43.5%; Pred. No. 86;  
Matches 10; Conservative 4; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 7 KSEPHSLSSPALMRRAVSLVTD 29  
DB 451 KSHPEVLIAMALANAGALITST 473

## RESULT 15

US-08-925-588-2  
; Sequence 2, Application US/08925588  
; Patent No. 6221628  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Falb, Dean  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR  
; THE TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF  
; CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 44  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: PENNIE & EDMONDS LLP  
; STREET: 1155 Avenue of the Americas  
; CITY: New York  
; STATE: NY  
; COUNTRY: USA  
; ZIP: 10036-2711  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq Version 2.0  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/925,588  
; FILING DATE: 08-Sep-1997  
; CLASSIFICATION: <Unknown>  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/799,910  
; FILING DATE: <Unknown>  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Coruzzi, Laura A

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,742  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 7853-067-999  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: (212)7909090  
TELEFAX: (212)8699741  
TELEX: 66141 PENNIE

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 570 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS: unknown  
TOPOLOGY: unknown  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
FRAGMENT TYPE: internal  
SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:  
US-08-925-588-2

Query Match 30.5%; Score 43; DB 3; Length 570;  
Best Local Similarity 43.5%; Pred. No. 86;  
Matches 10; Conservative 4; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 7 KSEPHSLSSPALMRRAVSLVTD 29  
DB 451 KSHPEVLIAMALANAGALITST 473

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:40:40  
Job time : 26 secs



GenCore version 5.1.6  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:40:43 : Search time 18 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
160.281 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283308 seqs, 96168682 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 6280

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 30

Post-Processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: pir1:\*  
2: pir2:\*  
3: pir3:\*  
4: pir4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Match	Query Length	DB ID	Description
1	35	24.8	20	2 T48881	leader peptide [im
2	35	24.8	23	2 T51922	cystic fibrosis tr
3	34	24.1	15	1 LFTWL	leu leader peptide
4	32	22.7	27	2 S00347	triacylglycerol 11
5	29	20.6	20	2 A60897	class I histocompa
6	29	20.6	28	2 S04341	cytochrome P450 PB
7	27	19.1	18	2 G42753	interferon alpha (
8	27	19.1	20	2 A60728	ATPase R1 subunit
9	27	19.1	22	2 A48186	ATP synthase beta-
10	27	19.1	23	2 A48186	ATP synthase beta-
11	27	19.1	27	2 A30323	amyloid protein AL
12	26	18.4	24	2 T29626	hypothetical prote
13	26	18.4	24	2 A37825	fibronectin recept
14	26	18.4	27	2 A43768	Hu-like protein HB
15	26	18.4	29	2 A60558	cytochrome P450 HL
16	26	18.4	29	2 S17432	H+-transporting tw
17	26	18.4	29	2 S01614	dystrophin - rat (
18	25	17.7	14	4 S00843	hypothetical prote
19	25	17.7	15	4 P00025	ubiquinol-cytochro
20	25	17.7	22	2 A37391	sex pheromone inh1
21	25	17.7	23	2 T10123	probable catalase
22	25	17.7	24	2 S55764	cathepsin G (BC 3.
23	25	17.7	24	2 I39289	ZF3 domain - human
24	25	17.7	24	4 S09363	hypothetical MTCO1
25	25	17.7	25	2 E42753	interferon alpha (
26	25	17.7	27	2 S00735	probable membrane
27	25	17.7	28	2 S70894	hypothetical prote
28	25	17.7	28	2 PLO005	pepsin A (BC 3.4.2
29	25	17.7	29	2 A61613	ceratotoxin A - Me

30	25	17.7	29	2 B61613	ceratotoxin B - Me
31	25	17.7	30	2 S07217	ribosomal protein
32	24.5	17.4	23	2 A59480	NADP phosphatase I
33	24.5	17.4	25	2 PC4445	L-ascorbate peroxi
34	24	17.0	12	1 A43975	locustaniyotrobin -
35	24	17.0	17	2 S71327	hypothetical prote
36	24	17.0	18	2 S55002	protein 1 - Legion
37	24	17.0	20	2 H28949	ribosomal protein
38	24	17.0	21	2 A35646	mast cell proteina
39	24	17.0	21	2 A59325	probable bacteriop
40	24	17.0	25	2 P00369	L protein - rabies
41	24	17.0	25	2 A24807	cytotoxic T-lympho
42	24	17.0	25	2 D20554	hemocyanin subunit
43	24	17.0	26	2 B24743	prolactin, 24k - M
44	24	17.0	26	2 H42753	interferon alpha (
45	24	17.0	27	2 T13836	NADH2 dehydrogenas

#### ALIGNMENTS

##### RESULT 1

T48881 leader peptide [imported] - Vibrio sp.

C:Species: Vibrio sp.

C:Date: 02-Jun-2000 #sequence\_revision 02-Jun-2000 #text\_change 02-Jun-2000

C:Accession: T48881

R:Xu, Y.; Zhang, Y.; Liang, Z.Y.; Van de Casteele, M.; Legrain, C.; Giansdorff, N.

Microbiol 144, 1435-1441, 1998

A:Title: Aspartate carbamoyltransferase from a psychrophilic deep-sea bacterium, Vbtr

A:Reference number: 224845

A:Accession: T48881

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-20 <XUY>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:Y09786; PDB:CAA70922.1

A:Experimental source: strain 2693

##### Query Match

Best Local Similarity 24.8%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 20;

Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 6 OKSEPHSLSEALMR 20

DB 2 QRAAPSSLSFKLVR 16

##### RESULT 2

I51922 cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator - rabbit (fragment)

C:Species: Oryctolagus cuniculus (domestic rabbit)

C:Date: 04-Sep-1997 #sequence\_revision 07-Nov-1997 #text\_change 20-Aug-1999

C:Accession: I51922

R:McGrath, S.A.; Basu, A.; Zeitlin, P.L.

Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol. 8, 201-208, 1993

A:Title: Cystic fibrosis gene and protein expression during fetal lung development.

A:Reference number: I51922; MID:93152187; PMID:7678968

A:Accession: I51922

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-23 <MCG>

A:Cross-references: GB:S54552; MID:9265093; PDB:AMB25301.1; PID:9265094

C:Superfamily: cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator; ATP-binding casase

Query Match 24.8%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 23;

Best Local Similarity 53.3%; Pred. No. 68;

Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 15 SEALMRRRAVSLVTD 29

DB 5 SDASIERRLSLVDPDS 19







AA3768  
 Hu-like protein HB1 - Bifidobacterium longum (fragment)  
 C:Species: Bifidobacterium longum  
 C:Date: 01-Dec-1992 #sequence\_revision 01-Dec-1992 #text\_change 16-Feb-1997  
 C:Accession: AA3768  
 R:Goshima, N.; Kano, Y.; Imanoto, F.  
 Biochimie 72, 207-212, 1990  
 A:Title: Characterization of HU-like protein from Bifidobacterium longum.  
 A:Reference number: AA3768; MUID:90344917; PMID:2116910  
 A:Accession: AA3768  
 A:Status: preliminary  
 A:Molecule type: protein  
 A:Residues: 127 <SOS>  
 C:Keywords: DNA binding

Query Match 18.4%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 27;  
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+03;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 4 IAQKSEPHSLSEA 17  
 ||||| :||  
 DB 11 IAQKSNLTAKQAEA 24

## RESULT 15

AA60558  
 cytochrome P450 HLP3 - human (fragment)  
 N:Contains: oxidoreductase (EC 1.-.-.-)  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 17-Apr-1993 #sequence\_revision 17-Apr-1993 #text\_change 17-Mar-1999  
 C:Accession: AA60558  
 R:Wrighton, S.A.; Ring, B.J.; Watkins, P.B.; Vandenbranden, M.  
 Mol. Pharmacol. 36, 97-105, 1989  
 A:Title: Identification of a polymorphically expressed member of the human cytochrome P-  
 A:Reference number: AA60558; MUID:89313723; PMID:2747634  
 A:Accession: AA60558  
 A:Molecule type: protein  
 A:Residues: 129 <KRI>  
 C:Comment: This protein strongly resembles, but is distinct from, cytochrome P450 CYP3A5  
 C:Superfamily: human cytochrome P450 CYP3A5; cytochrome P450 homology  
 C:Keywords: electron transfer; endoplasmic reticulum; heme; monooxygenase; oxidoreductase

Query Match 18.4%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 29;  
 Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 2.2e+03;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 12 SLSEALMRAVSLV 26  
 :|:|: |||||  
 DB 6 NLAVETKLLAVSLV 20

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:43:21  
 Job time : 19 secs



Ox	NCHI_TaxID=9913;
Rn	[1]
Rp	SEQUENCE.
Rx	MEDLINE=86152238; PubMed=3345839;
Ra	Garton A.J., Campbell D.G., Cohen P., Yeaman S.J.;
Rt	"Primary structure of the site on bovine hormone-sensitive lipase phosphorylated by cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase.";
Rl	FEMS Lett. 229:68-72(1988).
Rn	[2]
Rp	SEQUENCE OF 8-12; AND PHOSPHORYLATION OF SER-10.
Rx	TISSUE=Adipose tissue;
Rc	MEDLINE=89137090; PubMed=2537200;
Ra	Garton A.J., Campbell D.G., Carling D., Hardie D.G., Colbran R.J.,
Ra	Yeaman S.J.;
Rt	"Phosphorylation of bovine hormone-sensitive lipase by the
Rt	AMP-activated protein kinase. A possible antilipolytic mechanism.";
Rl	Eur. J. Biochem. 179:249-254(1989).
Cc	-I- FUNCTION: IN ADIPOSE TISSUE AND HEART, IT PRIMARILY HYDROLYZES
Cc	STORED TRIGLYCERIDES TO FREE FATTY ACIDS, WHILE IN STEROIDOGENIC
Cc	TISSUES, IT PRINCIPALLY CONVERTS CHOLESTERYL ESTERS TO FREE
Cc	CHOLESTEROL FOR STEROID HORMONE PRODUCTION.
Cc	-I- ENZYME REGULATION: RAPIDLY ACTIVATED BY CAMP-DEPENDENT
Cc	PHOSPHORYLATION UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF CATECHOLAMINES.
Cc	DEPHOSPHORYLATION AND INACTIVATION ARE CONTROLLED BY INSULIN.
Cc	-I- PATHWAY: HORMONE SENSITIVE LIPASE CATALYZES THE RATE LIMITING
Cc	STEP IN TRIGLYCERIDE LIPOLYSIS.
Cc	-I- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE "GNGX" FAMILY OF LIPOLYTIC ENZYMES.
Dd	PIR: S00347; S00347.
Dd	InterPro: IPR002168; Lipolytic-enzyme.
Dr	PROSITE: PS01173; LIPASE_GDXX_HIS; PARTIAL.
Dr	PROSITE: PS01174; LIPASE_GDXX_SER; PARTIAL.
Kw	Hydrolase; Lipid degradation; Phosphorylation.
Ft	NON_TER 1 1
Ft	MOD_RES 8 8
Ft	MOD_RES 10 10
Ft	NON_TER 27 27
Ft	PHOSPHORYLATION (BY PKA).
Ft	PHOSPHORYLATION (BY AMPK).
Sq	SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2899 MW; 7ADFAX0711D171858 CRC64;
Oy	Query Match 22.7%; Score 32; DB 1; Length 27;
Oy	Best Local Similarity 44.0%; Pred. No. 1.2e+02;
Db	Matches 11; Conservative 3; Mismatches 9; Indels 2; Gaps 1
	7 KSEP-HSLSEALMRAVSLVTDS 29
	I:I I:I I:I I:I I:I
	1 KTEPMRRSVSEALTQPEGPIGTDS 25
Result 3	
Ncp_Pig	STANDARD: PRT; 25 AA.
ID_NCP_PIG	
AC	P80552;
Dt	01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Created)
Dt	01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)
Dt	01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last annotation update)
De	20 kDa neutrophil cationic protein (NCP) (Fragmant).
Os	Sus scrofa [Pig].
Oc	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Oc	Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Suina; Suidae; Sus.
Ox	NCHI_TaxID=9823;
Rn	[1]
Rp	SEQUENCE.
Rx	MEDLINE=96242065; PubMed=8645990;
Ra	Fornhem C., Peterson C.G.B., Alving K.;
Rt	"Isolation and characterization of porcine cationic eosinophil
Rt	granule proteins.";
Rl	Int. Arch. Allergy Immunol. 110:132-142(1996).
Ft	NON_TER 25 25
Sq	SEQUENCE 25 AA; 2629 MW; 5275BFF8D81F3AD CRC64;
Oy	Query Match 20.6%; Score 29; DB 1; Length 25;
Oy	Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+02;
Db	Matches 6; Conservative 4; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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QY      2  VPIAKSEPHSLSE 16
      :| : | :| :|
Db      6  PIVSRREMGALASE 20

RESULT 4
UP35_UPEMU
ID      UP35_UPEMU      STANDARD:      PRT:      17 AA.
AC      P82042;
DT      30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT      30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
DT      15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)
DE      Uperin 3.5.
OS      Uperoleia mjobergii (Australian toadlet).
OC      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
CC      Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Neobatrachia; Bufonidae; Myobatrachidae;
CC      Myobatrachinae; Uperoleia.
OX      NCBI_TaxID=104954;
RN      [1]
RP      SEQUENCE, AND MASS SPECTROMETRY.
RC      TISSUE=Skin secretion;
RA      Bradford A.M., Bowle J.H., Tyler M.J., Wallace J.C.;
RT      "New antibiotic uperin peptides from the dorsal glands of the
RL      Australian toadlet Uperoleia mjobergii.",
      Aust. J. Chem. 49:1325-1331(1996).
CC      -1- FUNCTION: SHOWS ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY AGAINST B.CEREUS, L.LACTIS,
      L.INNOCCUA, M.LUTEUS, S.AUREUS, P.MULTOCI, S.EPIDERMIS AND
      S.UBERIS.
CC      -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Secreted.
CC      -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Expressed by the skin dorsal glands.
CC      -1- MASS SPECTROMETRY: MW=1779; METHOD=FAB.
KW      Amphibian defense peptide; Antibiotic; Amidation.
FT      MOD_RES      17      17
SQ      SEQUENCE      17 AA: 1781 MW: 661E483436AD67B CRC64;

Query Match      19.9%; Score 28; DB 1; Length 17;
Best Local Similarity 55.6%; Pred. NO. 2.8e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 4; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      18  LMRRAVSLV 26
      :| :| :| :| :|
Db      5  LIRKAVSYI 13

RESULT 5
FOR1_MYRGU
ID      FOR1_MYRGU      STANDARD:      PRT:      16 AA.
AC      P81438;
DT      15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
DT      15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
DT      30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE      Formacin 1.
OS      Myrmecia gulosa (Red bulldog ant).
CC      Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;
CC      Neoptera; Endopterygota; Hymenoptera; Apocrita; Aculeata; Formicidae;
OC      Myrmecinae; Myrmecia.
OX      NCBI_TaxID=36170;
RN      [1]
RP      SEQUENCE, AND CARBOHYDRATE-LINKAGE SITE THR-11.
RC      TISSUE=Hemolymph;
RX      MEDLINE=98165787; PubMed=9497332;
RT      Mackintosh J.A., Veal D.A., Beattie A.J., Gooley A.A.;
      "Isolation from an ant Myrmecia gulosa of two inducible
      O-glycosylated proline-rich antibacterial peptides.";
      J. Biol. Chem. 273:6139-6143(1998).
CC      -1- FUNCTION: ANTIBACTERIAL PEPTIDE. HAS ACTIVITY AGAINST E.COLI
      BUT NONE AGAINST OTHER GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA AND GRAM-POSITIVE
      BACTERIA.
CC      -1- INDUCTION: By bacterial infection.
CC      -1- PTM: O-LINKED GLYCAN CONSISTS OF A GAL-GALNAC DISACCHARIDE, O-
      GLYCOSYLATION IS ESSENTIAL FOR FULL BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY.
CC      -1- SIMILARITY: TO DROSOPHILA DROSOCIN.
CW      Antibiotic; Glycoprotein; Insect immunity; Hemolymph.

```

FT	CARBONYD	11	11	O-LINKED (GALNAc. .)
SO	SEQUENCE	16 AA:	1794 MW:	80CCA3AABBC2E0AE CRC64;
Query Match		18.4%;	Score 26;	DB 1; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity		44.4%;	Pred. No. 5.2e+02;	
Matches	4; Conservative		1; Mismatches	4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	3 PIAOKSEPH 11			
DB	5 PYNKKPRPH 13			
RESULT 6				
ID	ATPA_BRYMA	STANDARD;	PRT;	29 AA.
AC	P26965;			
DT	01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Created)			
DT	01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23; Last sequence update)			
DT	15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)			
DE	ATP synthase alpha chain (EC 3.6.3.14) (Fragment).			
GN	ATPA.			
OS	Bryopsis maxima (Green alga).			
OC	Chloroplast.			
OC	Eukaryota: Viridiplantae; Chlorophyta; Ulvophyceae; Caulerpaceae;			
OC	Bryopsidaceae, Bryopsis.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=3129;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=91355942; PubMed=1884001;			
RA	Kono M., Satoh H., Okabe Y., Abe Y., Nakayama K., Okada M.;			
RT	"Nucleotide sequence of the large subunit of			
RT	ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase from the green alga			
RT	Bryopsis maxima."			
RL	Plant Mol. Biol. 17:505-508(1991).			
CC	-1- FUNCTION: PRODUCES ATP FROM ADP IN THE PRESENCE OF A PROTON			
CC	GRADIENT ACROSS THE MEMBRANE. THE ALPHA CHAIN IS A REGULATORY			
CC	SUBUNIT.			
CC	-1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: ATP + H(2)O + H(+) (in) = ADP + phosphate +			
CC	H(+) (out).			
CC	-1- SUBUNIT: F-TYPE ATPASES HAVE 2 COMPONENTS, CF(1) - THE CATALYTIC			
CC	CORE - AND CF(0) - THE MEMBRANE PROTON CHANNEL. CF(1) HAS FIVE			
CC	SUBUNTS: ALPHA(3), BETA(3), GAMMA(1), DELTA(1), EPSILON(1). CF(0)			
CC	HAS THREE MAIN SUBUNTS: A, B AND C.			
CC	-1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Chloroplast thylakoid membrane.			
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the ATPase alpha/beta chains family.			
CC	-----			
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CC	or send an email to <a href="mailto:license@isb-sib.ch">license@isb-sib.ch</a> ).			
CC	-----			
CC	EMBL; X55877; CAA39362.1; -.			
DR	PIR; S17432; S17432.			
DR	InterPro: IPR000194; ATPase_a/bcentre.			
DR	PROSITE: PS00152; ATPASE ALPHA_BETA: PARTIAL.			
KW	ATP synthesis; Chloroplast; Thylakoid; Membrane; CF(1);			
KW	ATP-binding; Hydroxylase; Hydrogen ion transport.			
FT	NON_TER			
FT	1			
SO	SEQUENCE 29 AA: 3308 MW: A25A0BAD077F338B CRC64;			
Query Match		18.4%;	Score 26;	DB 1; Length 29;
Best Local Similarity		30.0%;	Pred. No. 1.1e+03;	
Matches	6; Conservative		5; Mismatches	9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	4 IAOKSEPHSLSSEALMRAY 23			
DB	2 IIMSTNTFSEAEALLKAL 21			
RESULT 7				

ID	DMD_RAT	STANDARD:	PRT:	29 AA.
AC	P11530;			
DT	01-OCT-1989 (Rel. 12, Created)			
DT	01-OCT-1989 (Rel. 12, Last sequence update)			
DT	28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)			
DE	Dystrophin (Fragment).			
GN	DMD.			
OS	Rattus norvegicus (Rat).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=10116;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RX	MEDLINE=88122671; PubMed=3340214;			
RA	Nudel U., Rozzyk K., Yaffe D.;			
RT	"Expression of the putative Duchenne muscular dystrophy gene in			
RT	differentiated myogenic cell cultures and in the brain."			
RL	Nature 331:635-638(1988).			
CC	-1- FUNCTION: May play a role in anchoring the cytoskeleton to the			
CC	plasma membrane.			
CC	-1- SUBUNIT: Interacts with the syntrophins SNTA1, SNTB1, SNTB2, SNTG1			
CC	and SNTG2 (By similarity).			
CC	-----			
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CC	or send an email to <a href="mailto:license@isb-sib.ch">license@isb-sib.ch</a> ).			
CC	-----			
DR	EMBL; X07000; CAA30057.1; -			
DR	PIR; S01614; S01614.			
DR	InterPro; IPR001589; Actbind_actinin.			
DR	InterPro; IPR001202; WW_ksp5_WWP.			
DR	PROSITE; PS00019; ACTININ_1; PARTIAL.			
DR	PROSITE; PS00020; ACTININ_2; PARTIAL.			
DR	PROSITE; PS01159; WW_DOMAIN_1; PARTIAL.			
DR	PROSITE; PSS0020; WW_DOMAIN_2; PARTIAL.			
DR	Structural protein; Actin-binding; Calcium-binding; Cytoskeleton;			
KW	Repeat.			
FT	1 1			
FT	NON_TER			
FT	NON_TER			
SO	SEQUENCE	29 AA; 3289 MW; 8ECPB28A1A7ACAFO CRC64;		
Query Match				
Best Local Similarity 31.68; Score 26; DB 1; Length 29;				
Matches 6; Conservative 7; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;				
OY	6 OKSEPHSLSEFALMRRAYS 24			
	: :   : :   : :   : :			
Db	11 RKLQDASRSQALVEQMVN 29			
RESULT 8				
ID	SODE_PASPI	STANDARD:	PRT:	20 AA.
ID	SODE_PASPI			
AC	P81527;			
DT	15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)			
DT	15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)			
DT	28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)			
DE	Superoxide dismutase [Fe] (EC 1.15.1.1) (Fragment).			
GN	SODB.			
OS	Pasteurella piscicida (Photobacterium damsela (subsp. piscicida)).			
OC	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Vibrionales;			
OC	Vibrionaceae; Photobacterium.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=38294;			
OX	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE.			
RP	STRAIN=MT1415;			
RX	MEDLINE=99173752; PubMed=10075430;			
RA	Barnes A.C., Balebona M.C., Horne M.T., Ellis A.E.;			

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DE Regulatory protein recx (Fragment).
GN RECX.
OS Azotobacter vinelandii.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Pseudomonadales;
OC Pseudomonadaceae; Azotobacter.
OX NCBI_TaxID=354;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=92225347; PubMed=1563632;
RA Venkatesh T.V., Das H.K.;
RT "The Azotobacter vinelandii recx gene: sequence analysis and
RT regulation of expression.";
RL Gene 113:47-53 (1992).
RN [2]
RP IDENTIFICATION.
RX MEDLINE=94218258; PubMed=8165147;
RA de Mot R., Schoofs G., Vanderleyden J.;
RT "A putative regulatory gene downstream of recA is conserved in gram-
RT negative and gram-positive bacteria.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 22:1313-1314(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: Modulates recA activity (By similarity).
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Cytoplasmic (Potential).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE RECX FAMILY.
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-----
DR EMBL; S96898; -; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.
DR HAMAP; MF_01114; -; 1.
DR NON_TER
FT 20
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2111 MW; C809F8BCED6CB56 CRC64;

Query Match 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 60.0%; Pred. No. 9.7e+02;
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 13 LSSEALMRA 22
   | | :|||
Db 4 LDSRAAVRA 13

RESULT 11
ALL7_OLEEU
ID ALL7_OLEEU STANDARD: PRT: 21 AA.
AC P81430;
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Created)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
DT 28-FEB-2003 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
DE Pollen allergen Ole e 7 (Ole e VII) (Fragment).
OS Olea europaea (Common olive).
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots;
OC Asteridae; Lamiales; Lamiales; Oleaceae; Olea.
OX NCBI_TaxID=4146;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE (VARIANTS A AND B), AND MASS SPECTROMETRY.
RT TISSUE-Pollen;
RX MEDLINE=99449676; PubMed=10518824;
RA Tejera M.L., Villalba M., Batanero E., Rodriguez R.;
RT "Identification, isolation, and characterization of Ole e 7, a new
RT allergen of olive tree pollen.";
RL J. Allergy Clin. Immunol. 104:797-802(1999).
CC -1- POLYMORPHISM: Many isoforms of the allergen exist due to
CC polymorphism. They can be classified as isoforms of type A (shown
CC here) and isoforms of type B. A microheterogeneity is detected at
CC positions 4 and 11 of isoforms of type A and at positions 4, 5, 10
CC and 11 of isoforms of type B.
CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: Allergen from olive pollen. Important in

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CC mediterranean countries and California. Its prevalence is related  
 CC to the geographic area.  
 KM Allergen: Polymorphism.  
 FT VARIANT 5 S -> G (IN TYPE B).  
 FT VARIANT 10 L -> K (IN TYPE B).  
 FT VARIANT 18 I -> K (IN TYPE B).  
 FT NON\_TER 21  
 SQ SEQUENCE 21 AA; 2199 MW; F0E9B99FEB079400 CRC64;

Query Match 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 21;  
 Best Local Similarity 31.6%; Pred. No. 1e+03;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 3; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

10 PHSLSSEALMRRASLVLT 28  
 Db 2 PSOSTYFALTSCVSTIID 20

RESULT 12  
 IAD1.ENTFA STANDARD; PRT; 22 AA.  
 AC P24803;  
 DT 01-MAR-1992 (Rel. 21, Created)  
 DT 01-MAR-1992 (Rel. 21, Last sequence update)  
 DT 15-SEP-2003 (Rel. 42, Last annotation update)  
 DE Sex pheromone inhibitor determinant precursor (IAD1).  
 OS IAD OR EPA0005.1.  
 OS Enterococcus faecalis (Streptococcus faecalis).  
 OG Plasmid pTEF1, and Plasmid PAD1.  
 OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Lactobacillales; Enterococcaceae; Enterococcus.  
 OX NCBI\_Taxid=1351;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC PLASMID-PAD1;  
 RX MEDLINE=91261999; PubMed=2128961;  
 RA Cleveli D.B., Pontius L.T., An F.Y., Ike Y., Suzuki A., Nakayama J.;  
 RT "Nucleotide sequence of the sex pheromone inhibitor (IAD1)  
 RL plasmid 24:156-161(1990)."

RA Tettelin H., Dodson R.J., Umayam L., Brinkac L., Beaman M.,  
 RA Daugherty S., Deboy R.T., Durkin S., Kolonay J., Madupu R., Nelson W.,  
 RA Vamathevan J., Tran B., Upton J., Hansen T., Shetty J., Khouri H.,  
 RA Ullrichback T., Radune D., Ketchum K.A., Dougherty B.A., Fraser C.M.;  
 RT "Role of mobile DNA in the evolution of vancomycin-resistant  
 RT Enterococcus faecalis.";  
 RL Science 299:2071-2074(2003).  
 CC -1- FUNCTION: ACTS AS A COMPETITIVE INHIBITOR OF THE CAD1 PHEROMONE.  
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Secreted (Probable).  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: IAD1 APPEARS TO BE A COMPONENT OF ITS OWN SIGNAL  
 CC SEQUENCE.

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 CC -----  
 DR EMBL: M62888; AAA98039.1; -  
 DR EMBL: AE016833; AAC83007.1; -  
 DR PIR: A37391; A37391.  
 DR TIGR: EPA0005.1; -  
 KM Plasmid.  
 FT PROPEP 1 14 POTENTIAL.  
 FT CHAIN 15 22 SEX PHEROMONE INHIBITOR DETERMINANT.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 22 AA; 2459 MW; D0EAEBDF1BCD9D08 CRC64;

Query Match 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 22;  
 Best Local Similarity 30.8%; Pred. No. 1.1e+03;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 5; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

15 SEALMRRASLVLT 27  
 Db 2 SKRAMKKIIPILT 14

RESULT 13  
 CH60\_HELVI STANDARD; PRT; 24 AA.  
 ID CH60\_HELVI  
 AC P26317;  
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-1992 (Rel. 22, Last sequence update)  
 DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)  
 DE 60 kDa chaperonin, mitochondrial (P60) (Fragment).  
 OS Heliothis virescens (Noctuid moth) (Owllet moth).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;  
 OC Neoptera; Endopterygota; Lepidoptera; Glossata; Ditrysia; Noctuoidea;  
 OC Noctuidae; Heliothinae; Heliothis.  
 OX NCBI\_Taxid=7102;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE.  
 RC TISSUE=Testis;  
 RX MEDLINE=90339485; PubMed=1974308;  
 RA Miller S.G., Leclerc R.F., Erds G.W.;  
 RT "Identification and characterization of a testis-specific isoform of  
 RT a chaperonin in a moth, Heliothis virescens.";  
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 214:407-422(1990).  
 CC -1- FUNCTION: IMPLICATED IN MITOCHONDRIAL PROTEIN IMPORT AND  
 CC MACROMOLECULAR ASSEMBLY. MAY FACILITATE THE CORRECT FOLDING OF  
 CC IMPORTED PROTEINS. MAY ALSO PREVENT MISFOLDING AND PROMOTE THE  
 CC REFOLDING AND PROPER ASSEMBLY OF UNFOLDED POLYPEPTIDES GENERATED  
 CC UNDER STRESS CONDITIONS IN THE MITOCHONDRIAL MATRIX (BY  
 CC SIMILARITY).  
 CC -1- SUBUNIT: FORMS A SINGLE SEVEN-MEMBER RING COMPLEX, IN TIGHT  
 CC ASSOCIATION WITH THE P63 PROTEIN.  
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Mitochondrial.  
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Testis.  
 CC -1- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: FROM THE SECOND HALF OF THE LARVAL FINAL-  
 CC INSTAR, THROUGH THE FIRST TWO DAYS OF PUPAL DEVELOPMENT.  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: SHOWS ATPASE ACTIVITY.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the chaperonin (HSP60) family.  
 DR InterPro: IPR001844; Chaprin-Cpn60.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00296; CHAPERONINS\_CPN60; PARTIAL.  
 KW Chaperone; ATP-binding; Testis; Mitochondrion.  
 FT NON\_TER 24  
 SQ SEQUENCE 24 AA; 2531 MW; 2B34508F8CA981CF CRC64;

Query Match 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 24;  
 Best Local Similarity 38.5%; Pred. No. 1.2e+03;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 4; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

17 ALMRRASLVTS 29  
 Db 12 ALMLGVDVLADA 24

RESULT 14  
 CERB\_CERCA STANDARD; PRT; 29 AA.  
 ID CERB\_CERCA  
 AC P36191;  
 DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Created)  
 DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last annotation update)  
 DE Ceratotoxin B.  
 GN CTXB.  
 OS Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;  
 OC Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;  
 OC Tephritidae; Tephritidae; Ceratitis.

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OX  NCBI_TaxID=7213;
RN  [1]
RP  SEQUENCE.
RC  TISSUE=Female accessory gland;
RX  MEDLINE=93357786; PubMed=8353519;
RA  Marchini D., Giordano P.C., Amos R., Bernini L.F., Dallai R.;
RT  "Purification and primary structure of ceratotoxin A and B, two
RT  antibacterial peptides from the female reproductive accessory glands
RT  of the medfly Ceratitis capitata (Insecta:Diptera).";
RL  Insect Biochem. Mol. Biol. 23:591-598(1993).
CC  -1- FUNCTION: FEMALE-SPECIFIC PEPTIDES WITH POTENT ACTIVITY AGAINST
CC  GRAM-POSITIVE AND GRAM-NEGATIVE BACTERIA. THEY HAVE AS WELL
CC  HEMOLYTIC ACTIVITY. THESE PROTEINS ARE STABLE EVEN AT 100 DEGREES
CC  CELSIUS.
CC  -1- SUBUNIT: HOMOPOLYMER OF FOUR TO SIX SUBUNITS.
CC  -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Secreted.
CC  -1- SIMILARITY: STRUCTURALLY RELATED TO CECROPINS, DEFENSINS AND
CC  APIADECINS.
DR  PIR: B61613; B61613.
KW  Insect immunity; Hemolysis; Antibiotic.
SQ  SEQUENCE 29 AA: 2861 MW: EE57F4EECB2DA6B0 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 29;
Matches 4; Conservative 3; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY  1 AVPIAOK 7
DB  9 ALPVAKK 15

RESULT 15
RL18_HALCU
ID  RL18_HALCU STANDARD; PRT; 30 AA.
AC  P05970;
DT  01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Created)
DT  01-NOV-1988 (Rel. 09, Last sequence update)
DT  30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE  50S ribosomal protein L18P (HCU18) (HL13) (Fragment).
GN  RPL18P.
OS  Halobacterium cutirubrum.
OC  Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Halobacteria; Halobacteriales;
OC  Halobacteriaceae; Halobacterium.
OX  NCBI_TaxID=2242;
RN  [1]
RP  SEQUENCE.
RA  MEDLINE=79045279; PubMed=152199;
RA  Smith N., Matheson A.T., Yaguchi M., Willick G., Nazar R.N.;
RT  "The 5-S RNA-protein complex from an extreme halophile,
RT  Halobacterium cutirubrum. Purification and characterization.";
RL  Eur. J. Biochem. 89:501-509(1978).
CC  -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE L18P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
DR  PIR: S07217; S07217.
KW  Ribosomal protein.
KW  NON TER
FT  NON TER 30
SQ  SEQUENCE 30 AA: 3624 MW: 3A50079B1569CB74 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 17.7%; Score 25; DB 1; Length 30;
Matches 6; Conservative 7; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY  2 VPIAKSEPHLSSEALMKRAV 23
DB  8 VPMRRRREVRTDYHQRLLKAV 29

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Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:42:15  
 Job time : 12 secs



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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:40:13 ; Search time 31 Seconds

(without alignments)  
249,728 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141  
Sequence: 1 AVPIAQSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 830525 seqs, 258052604 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 16442

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 30

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPREMBL\_23:\*  
1: sp\_archaea:\*  
2: sp\_bacteria:\*  
3: sp\_fungi:\*  
4: sp\_human:\*  
5: sp\_invertebrate:\*  
6: sp\_mammal:\*  
7: sp\_mhc:\*  
8: sp\_organelle:\*  
9: sp\_phage:\*  
10: sp\_plant:\*  
11: sp\_rodent:\*  
12: sp\_virus:\*  
13: sp\_vertebrate:\*  
14: sp\_unclassified:\*  
15: sp\_virus:\*  
16: sp\_bacteriap:\*  
17: sp\_archaeap:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

# SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	35	24.8	20	2	P96173
2	35	24.8	23	6	Q29399
3	34	24.1	27	13	O57546
4	34	24.1	30	2	O9JUV3
5	33	23.4	30	5	O81A94
6	32	22.7	30	16	O8C1A1
7	31	22.0	20	2	O9RAW6
8	30	21.3	27	13	O57547
9	30	21.3	30	8	O912P9
10	29	20.6	18	4	O8WXC8
11	29	20.6	24	4	O81VY3
12	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB51
13	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB48
14	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB55
15	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB45
16	29	20.6	27	8	O9G118

17	29	20.6	27	8	O9G117	O9G117 zosterops j
18	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB60	O9GB60 zosterops r
19	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB41	O9GB41 zosterops k
20	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB43	O9GB43 zosterops s
21	29	20.6	27	8	O9GB58	O9GB58 zosterops p
22	29	20.6	29	4	O9UCR6	O9UCR6 homo sapien
23	28	19.9	10	11	O8CJEO	O8CJEO rattus norv
24	28	19.9	12	8	O8HB27	O8HB27 picea glauc
25	28	19.9	12	8	O8HB25	O8HB25 picea ruben
26	28	19.9	12	8	O8HB25	O8HB25 picea ruben
27	28	19.9	13	2	O9AIR1	O9AIR1 pseudomonas
28	28	19.9	16	2	O8LIY7	O8LIY7 plectonema
29	28	19.9	16	2	O8LIY8	O8LIY8 oscillatoria
30	28	19.9	24	11	O9QUV8	O9QUV8 mus sp. can
31	27	19.1	20	2	O9X629	O9X629 unidentified
32	27	19.1	20	2	O9X632	O9X632 pseudomonas
33	27	19.1	20	2	O9X634	O9X634 serratia ma
34	27	19.1	20	2	O9WVU7	O9WVU7 escherichia
35	27	19.1	20	2	O9X630	O9X630 leclercia a
36	27	19.1	21	15	O87577	O87577 chimpanzee
37	27	19.1	21	15	O87581	O87581 chimpanzee
38	27	19.1	21	15	O87579	O87579 chimpanzee
39	27	19.1	22	4	O8TDJ4	O8TDJ4 homo sapien
40	27	19.1	23	8	O9T2S6	O9T2S6 nicotiana s
41	27	19.1	23	10	O9S8D9	O9S8D9 zea mays (m
42	27	19.1	25	2	O9X639	O9X639 unidentified
43	27	19.1	25	2	O9X642	O9X642 leclercia a
44	27	19.1	25	2	O9X641	O9X641 citrobacter
45	27	19.1	25	2	O9WVZ7	O9WVZ7 escherichia

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
P96173 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 20 AA.  
AC P96173:  
DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMUREL. 03, Created)  
DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMUREL. 03, Last sequence update)  
DE 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Last annotation update)  
DE Leader peptide.  
OS Vibrio sp. (strain 2693).  
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Vibrionales;  
OC Vibrionaceae; Vibrrio.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=79682;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN=2693;  
RX MEDLINE=98274751; PubMed=9611817;  
RA Xu Y., Zhang Y., Liang Z.Y., Van de Casteele M., Legrain C.,  
RT "Aspartate carboxyltransferase from a psychrophilic deep-sea  
bacterium, Vibrio strain 2693: Properties of the enzyme, genetic  
RT organization and synthesis in Escherichia coli.",  
RL Microbiology 144:1435-1441(1998).  
DR EMBL: Y09786; CAA70922.1;--  
SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2241 MW; 35C31F586FBB5D63 CRC64;  
Query Match 24.8%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 20;  
Best Match Similarity 53.3%; Pred. No. 1,9e+02;  
Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 6 QKSEPHSLSEALMR 20  
Db 2 QRAAPSLSSFKLVR 16  
:::|::|::|::|  
RESULT 2  
ID Q29399 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 23 AA.  
AC Q29399:  
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMUREL. 01, Created)

DT 01-NOV-1996 (Tremblrel. 01, last sequence update)  
DE 01-NOV-1998 (Tremblrel. 08, last annotation update)  
OC Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (Fragment).  
OS Oryctolagus cuniculus (Rabbit).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Lagomorpha; Leporidae; Oryctolagus.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=9986;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=93152187; PubMed=7678968;  
RA McGee S.A., Basu A., Zeitlin P.L.;  
RT "Cystic fibrosis gene and protein expression during fetal lung  
development.";  
RL Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol. 8:201-208(1993).  
DR EMBL; S54552; AAB25301.1; -.  
KW Transmembrane.  
FT NON\_TER  
SQ SEQUENCE 23 AA; 2575 MW; 93C44F5789AF5F75 CRC64;  
Query Match 24.8%; Score 35; DB 6; Length 23;  
Best Local Similarity 53.3%; Pred. No. 2.3e+02;  
Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 15 SEALMRAVSLVPS 29  
ID 057546 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.  
AC 057546;  
DT 01-JUN-1998 (Tremblrel. 06, Created)  
DT 01-JUN-1998 (Tremblrel. 06, last sequence update)  
DE 01-DEC-2001 (Tremblrel. 19, last annotation update)  
DE Homeobox protein LpHox4-7a (Fragment).  
OS Lampetra planeri (Brook lamprey).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Hyperoartia;  
OC Petromyzontiformes; Petromyzontidae; Lampetra.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=7750;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=98358009; PubMed=9694633;  
RA Sharnan A.C., Holland P.W.;  
RT "Estimation of Hox gene cluster number in lampreys.";  
RL Int. J. Dev. Biol. 42:617-620(1998).  
DR EMBL; AF044802; AAC03006.1; -.  
FT NON\_TER  
SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2963 MW; 65103946106203C7 CRC64;  
Query Match 24.1%; Score 34; DB 13; Length 27;  
Best Local Similarity 35.0%; Pred. No. 3.9e+02;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 3 PIAOKSEPHSLSEALMRA 22  
ID 09JMV3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.  
AC 09JMV3;  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Tremblrel. 15, Created)  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Tremblrel. 15, last sequence update)  
DT 01-JUN-2002 (Tremblrel. 21, last annotation update)  
DE Luciferase alpha subunit (Fragment).  
CN LUXA.  
OS Escherichia coli.  
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;  
OC Enterobacteriaceae; Escherichia.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=562;

RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-HB101;  
RA Lotz W., Bauer T.;  
RT "luxAB/kan-cassette for site-directed insertion mutagenesis and  
bacterial transcription studies.";  
RL Submitted (SEP-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-HB101;  
RA Olsson O., Koncz C., Szalay A.;  
RT "The use of luxA gene of the bacterial luciferase operon as a reporter  
gene.";  
RL Mol. Gen. Genet. 215:1-9(1998).  
RN [3]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-HB101;  
RX MEDLINE=92114868; PubMed=1685011;  
RA Escher A., O'Kane D.J., Szalay A.;  
RT "The beta subunit polypeptide of Vibrio harveyi luciferase determines  
light emission at 42 degrees C.";  
RL Mol. Gen. Genet. 230:385-393(1991).  
DR EMBL; AJ249443; CAB96206.1; -.  
DR HSP; P07740; ILUC;  
DR InterPro; IPR002103; Bac\_Luciferase.  
DR Pfam; PF00296; bac\_Luciferase; 1.  
FT NON\_TER  
SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3454 MW; 2FC87235BDBE72FD CRC64;

Query Match 24.1%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 41.2%; Pred. No. 4.4e+02;  
Matches 7; Conservative 4; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 9 EPHSLSEALMRAVSL 25  
ID 081A94 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.  
AC 081A94;  
DT 01-MAR-2003 (Tremblrel. 23, Created)  
DT 01-MAR-2003 (Tremblrel. 23, last sequence update)  
DE 01-MAR-2003 (Tremblrel. 23, last annotation update)  
DE Hypothetical protein Y82E9BR.3b.  
GN Y82E9BR.3  
OS Caenorhabditis elegans.  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditida; Rhabditoidea;  
OC Rhabditidae; Pelodierinae; Caenorhabditis.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=6239;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-Bristol N2;  
RX MEDLINE=99069613; PubMed=9851916;  
RA Waterston R.;  
RT "Genome sequence of the nematode C. elegans: a platform for  
investigating biology. The C. elegans Sequencing Consortium.";  
RL Science 282:2012-2018(1998).  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-Bristol N2;  
RA Madsen C., Kalicki J., Yoakum M.;  
RT "The sequence of C. elegans cosmid Y82E9BR.";  
RL Submitted (MAR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
RN [3]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC STRAIN-Bristol N2;  
RA Waterston R.;  
RL Submitted (DEC-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
DR EMBL; AC090999; AAC02396.1; -.  
KW Hypothetical protein.  
SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3335 MW; 11CC9BD2869F9EA6 CRC64;

Query Match 23.4%; Score 33; DB 5; Length 30;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 6.3e+02;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 9 EPHSLSS 15  
 |||||:  
 16 EPHSLSA 22

## RESULT 6

08C1A1 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.

AC 08C1A1;  
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Created)  
 DT 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)  
 DE 01-MAR-2003 (TREMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)  
 DE Hypothetical.  
 GN Y1754.  
 OS Versinia pestis.  
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacteriales;  
 OC Enterobacteriaceae; Versinia.  
 OC NCBI\_TaxID=632;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN-KIM5 / Biovar Mediaevalis;  
 MDLINE=22137853; PubMed=12142450;  
 RA Deng W., Burland V., Plunkett G. III, Boutin A., Mayhew G.F., Liss P.,  
 RA Perna N.T., Rose D.J., Mau B., Zhou S., Schwartz D.C.,  
 RA Fetherston J.D., Lindler L.E., Brubaker R.R., Plano G.V.,  
 RA Straley S.C., McDonough K.A., Nilles M.L., Matson J.S., Blattner F.R.,  
 RA Perry R.D.,  
 RT "Genome sequence of Versinia pestis KIM."  
 RL J. Bacteriol. 184:4601-4611(2002).  
 DR EMBL; AF013778; AAM85323.1; -  
 KM Hypothetical protein.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3461 MW; 2DB0CEA207EBC7C CRC64;

Query Match 22.7%; Score 32; DB 16; Length 30;  
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 9e+02;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 17 ALMRAVSL 25  
 ||:||||:  
 17 ALIRAVTL 25

## RESULT 7

09R4M6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 20 AA.

AC 09R4M6;  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)  
 DE 56 kDa major heat shock protein (Fragment).  
 OS Helicobacter pylori (Campylobacter pylori).  
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Epsilonproteobacteria; Campylobacterales;  
 OC Helicobacteraceae; Helicobacter.  
 OC NCBI\_TaxID=210;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE.  
 RX MEDLINE=95020803; PubMed=7935068;  
 RA Yokota K., Hirai Y., Haque M., Hayashi S., Isogai H., Sugiyama T.,  
 RA Nagamachi E., Tsukada Y., Fujii N., Oguma K.,  
 RT "Heat shock protein produced by Helicobacter pylori."  
 RL Microbiol. Immunol. 38:403-405(1994).  
 SQ SEQUENCE 20 AA; 2326 MW; 995EEEC51529BAC CRC64;

Query Match 22.0%; Score 31; DB 2; Length 20;  
 Best Local Similarity 50.0%; Pred. No. 8.2e+02;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 4; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 10 PHSLSSEALM 19

Db 10 PYNLASEVIM 19  
 ::::|:|

## RESULT 8

057547 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.

AC 057547;  
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TREMBLrel. 06, Created)  
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TREMBLrel. 06, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE Homeobox protein lphox4-7B (Fragment).  
 OS Lampetra planeri (Brook lamprey).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Hyperoartia;  
 OC Petromyzontiformes; Petromyzontidae; Lampetra.  
 OC NCBI\_TaxID=7750;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RX MEDLINE=98358009; PubMed=9694633;  
 RA Sharnan A.C., Holland P.W.,  
 RT "Estimation of Hox gene cluster number in lampreys."  
 RL Int. J. Dev. Biol. 42:617-620(1998).  
 DR EMBL; AF044803; AAC03007.1; -  
 FT NON TER 1 1  
 FT NON TER 27 27  
 SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 3056 MW; 650B24846C668637 CRC64;

Query Match 21.3%; Score 30; DB 13; Length 27;  
 Best Local Similarity 35.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+03;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 2; Mismatches 11; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 PINKSEPHSLSEALM 22  
 |::|::|  
 4 PLPHPPAPHRDARALPHRA 23

## RESULT 9

09T2P9 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 30 AA.

AC 09T2P9;  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)  
 DE Heat shock protein 60 (Fragment).  
 OS Narcissus pseudonarcissus (Dafidoll).  
 OC Mitochondrion.  
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;  
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; Liliopsida; Asparagales; Amaryllidaceae;  
 OC Narcissus.  
 OC NCBI\_TaxID=39639;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE.  
 RX MEDLINE=96291727; PubMed=8754688;  
 RA Bonk M., Tadios M., Vandekerckhove J., Al-Babli S., Beyer P.,  
 RT "Purification and characterization of chaperonin 60 and heat-shock  
 RT protein 70 from chloroplasts of Narcissus pseudonarcissus."  
 RL Plant Physiol. 111:931-939(1996).  
 DR HSP; P06139; IAOB.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 30 AA; 3233 MW; AFSAF69899CE2851 CRC64;

Query Match 21.3%; Score 30; DB 8; Length 30;  
 Best Local Similarity 32.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+03;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 4; Mismatches 13; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 5 AOKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTD 29  
 |::|::|  
 1 AAKDKRGVEARALMLRGVEELADA 25

## RESULT 10

08MXC8 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 18 AA.

QY 08MXC8;  
 AC 08MXC8;

```

DT 01-MAR-2002 (TReMBLrel. 20, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TReMBLrel. 20, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2002 (TReMBLrel. 20, Last annotation update)
OS Neuronal nicotinic receptor beta 4 subunit (Fragment).
OC Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Valor L.M., Campos-Caro A., Carrasco-Serrano C., Ortiz J.A.,
RA Ballesta J.J., Criado M.;
RT "Transcription Factors NF-Y and Sp1 are Important Determinants of the
RT Promoter Activity of the Bovine and Human Neuronal Nicotinic Receptor
RT Beta4 Subunit Genes.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 0:0-0(2002).
DR EMBL; AF453877; AAL57840.1; -.
KW Receptor.
FT NON_TER
SQ SEQUENCE 18 AA; 2050 MW; 69CB11571758876B CRC64;

```

```

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 20.6%; Score 29; DB 4; Length 18;
Pred. No. 1.5e+03;
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

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Oy 19 MRRAVSLV 26
Db 1 MRRAVSLV 8

```

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RESULT 11
OBUA3
ID 081UA3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 24 AA.
AC 081UA3
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TReMBLrel. 23, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TReMBLrel. 23, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2003 (TReMBLrel. 23, Last annotation update)
DE ATP-binding cassette subfamily C member 4 variant 1 (ATP-binding
DE cassette subfamily C member 4 variant 3).
GN ABC4.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA PubMed-1249391;
RA Lamba J.K., Adachi M., Sun D., Tammur J., Schuetz E.G., Allikmets R.,
RA Schuetz J.D.;
RT "Nonsense mediated decay downregulates conserved alternatively spliced
RT ABC4 transcripts bearing nonsense codons.";
RL Hum. Mol. Genet. 12:99-109(2003).
DR EMBL; AY133679; AAN08629.1; -.
DR EMBL; AY133680; AAN08630.1; -.
KW ATP-binding.
SQ SEQUENCE 24 AA; 2809 MW; 12D5E2B58D93078 CRC64;

```

```

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 20.6%; Score 29; DB 4; Length 24;
Pred. No. 2.1e+03;
Matches 6; Conservative 5; Mismatches 9; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

```

Oy 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSSALMR 21
Db 2 LPVYQEVKPNPLDANLCR 21

```

```

RESULT 12
O9GB51
ID 09GB51 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.
AC 09GB51;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TReMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)

```

```

DE Cytochrome c oxidase subunit II (Fragment).
GN COII.
OS Zosterops nigrorum (yellowish white-eye).
OC Mitochondrion.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauilia; Aves; Neognathae; Passeriformes; Zosteropidae; Zosterops.
OX NCBI_TaxID=135985;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Slikas B., Jones I.B., Derrickson S.R., Fleischer R.C.;
RT "Phylogenetic relationships of Micronesian white-eyes (Zosteropidae)
RT based on mitochondrial sequence data.";
RL Submitted (JUL-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF168437; AAG12279.1; -.
DR InterPro: IPR002429; Cyt_c-ox_2.
DR Pfam: PF00116; COX2; 1.
KW Oxidoreductase; Mitochondrion.
FT NON_TER
SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2907 MW; 873A2142A87932E5 CRC64;

```

```

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 20.6%; Score 29; DB 8; Length 27;
Pred. No. 2.4e+03;
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

```

Oy 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15
Db 12 AVPLANFESMSLS 26

```

```

RESULT 13
O9GB48
ID 09GB48 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.
AC 09GB48;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TReMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
DE Cytochrome c oxidase subunit II (Fragment).
GN COII.
OS Zosterops montanus (Mountain white-eye).
OC Mitochondrion.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauilia; Aves; Neognathae; Passeriformes; Zosteropidae; Zosterops.
OX NCBI_TaxID=135984;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Slikas B., Jones I.B., Derrickson S.R., Fleischer R.C.;
RT "Phylogenetic relationships of Micronesian white-eyes (Zosteropidae)
RT based on mitochondrial sequence data.";
RL Submitted (JUL-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; AF168441; AAG12284.1; -.
DR InterPro: IPR002429; Cyt_c-ox_2.
DR Pfam: PF00116; COX2; 1.
KW Oxidoreductase; Mitochondrion.
FT NON_TER
SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2907 MW; 873A2142A87932E5 CRC64;

```

```

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 20.6%; Score 29; DB 8; Length 27;
Pred. No. 2.4e+03;
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

```

Oy 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15
Db 12 AVPLANFESMSLS 26

```

```

RESULT 14
O9GB55
ID 09GB55 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.
AC 09GB55;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TReMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2002 (TReMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)
DE Cytochrome c oxidase subunit II (Fragment).

```

GN COI1.  
 OS Zosterops semperi (Caroline white-eye).  
 OG Mitochondrion.  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Passeriformes; Zosteropidae; Zosterops.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=135988;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA Slikas B., Jones I.B., Derrickson S.R., Fleischer R.C.;  
 RT "Phylogenetic relationships of Micronesian white-eyes (Zosteropidae)  
 based on mitochondrial sequence data."  
 RL Submitted (JUL-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 DR EMBL: AF168434; AAG12275.1; -  
 DR InterPro: IPR002429; Cyt\_c\_ox\_2.  
 DR Pfam: PF00116; COX2; 1.  
 KW Oxidoreductase; Mitochondrion.  
 FT NON\_TER 1  
 SO SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2907 MW; 873A2142A87932E5\_CRC64;

Query Match 20.6%; Score 29; DB 8; Length 27;  
 Best Local Similarity 53.3%; Pred. No. 2.4e+03;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 AVPIAQSEPHSLSS 15  
 |||:| |||  
 Db 12 AVPLANFESWSSLS 26

## RESULT 15

O9GB45  
 ID O9GB45 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 27 AA.  
 AC O9GB45;  
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Created)  
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-OCT-2002 (TREMBLrel. 22, Last annotation update)  
 DE Cytochrome c oxidase subunit II (Fragment).  
 GN COI1.  
 OS Zosterops polioaster polioaster (Heuglin's white-eye).  
 OG Mitochondrion.  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Passeriformes; Zosteropidae; Zosterops.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=135994;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA Slikas B., Jones I.B., Derrickson S.R., Fleischer R.C.;  
 RT "Phylogenetic relationships of Micronesian white-eyes (Zosteropidae)  
 based on mitochondrial sequence data."  
 RL Submitted (JUL-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 DR EMBL: AF168443; AAG12287.1; -  
 DR InterPro: IPR002429; Cyt\_c\_ox\_2.  
 DR Pfam: PF00116; COX2; 1.  
 KW Oxidoreductase; Mitochondrion.  
 FT NON\_TER 1  
 SO SEQUENCE 27 AA; 2907 MW; 873A2142A87932E5\_CRC64;

Query Match 20.6%; Score 29; DB 8; Length 27;  
 Best Local Similarity 53.3%; Pred. No. 2.4e+03;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 6; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 AVPIAQSEPHSLSS 15  
 |||:| |||  
 Db 12 AVPLANFESWSSLS 26

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:42:55  
 Job time : 33 secs

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GenCore version 5.1.6  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:41:14 : Search time 16 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
79.333 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 328717 seqs, 42310858 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 180107

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 30

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

Issued Patents\_AA:\*  
1: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/5A\_COMB.pep:\*  
2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/5B\_COMB.pep:\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/6A\_COMB.pep:\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/6B\_COMB.pep:\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/6CTUS\_COMB.pep:\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/1/iaa/6ackfilest1.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	33.5	23.8	26	3	US-08-755-587-216
2	33	23.4	30	1	US-08-031-148-6
3	33	23.4	30	2	US-08-306-078-3
4	33	23.4	30	3	US-08-415-838-6
5	33	23.4	30	4	US-09-354-231B-29
6	33	23.4	30	4	US-09-205-169-6
7	33	23.4	30	4	US-09-128-602B-29
8	33	22.7	24	2	US-08-997-080-102
9	32	22.7	24	2	US-08-997-362-102
10	32	22.7	24	3	US-08-873-970-102
11	32	22.7	24	3	US-09-095-855-102
12	32	22.7	24	4	US-09-324-542-102
13	32	22.7	24	4	US-09-205-426-102
14	30.5	21.6	29	2	US-08-538-711A-16
15	30.5	21.6	29	2	US-09-542-552-16
16	30.5	21.6	29	4	US-08-469-260A-254
17	30	21.3	29	4	US-08-488-446-254
18	30	21.3	29	4	US-08-467-344A-254
19	30	21.3	29	4	US-09-039-642B-5
20	29	20.6	12	4	US-10-053-485-3
21	29	20.6	13	4	US-09-579-664B-27
22	29	20.6	20	4	US-08-746-111-11
23	29	20.6	21	3	US-08-031-538-57
24	29	20.6	23	2	US-08-031-538-62
25	29	20.6	23	2	US-08-433-522A-47
26	29	20.6	26	3	US-09-135-166-47
27	29	20.6	26	3	US-09-135-166-47

28	29	20.6	26	3	US-08-942-046-47	Sequence 47, Appl
29	29	20.6	29	4	US-09-314-268-123	Sequence 123, Appl
30	29	20.6	30	3	US-08-746-411A-14	Sequence 14, Appl
31	29	20.6	30	4	US-08-857-046A-14	Sequence 14, Appl
32	29	20.6	30	4	US-09-573-252-14	Sequence 14, Appl
33	28.5	20.2	21	1	US-08-279-058B-56	Sequence 56, Appl
34	28.5	20.2	21	4	US-08-828-323-56	Sequence 56, Appl
35	28.5	20.2	25	4	US-09-205-258-806	Sequence 806, Appl
36	28	19.9	19	2	US-08-584-671-5	Sequence 5, Appl1
37	28	19.9	19	3	US-09-027-376-5	Sequence 5, Appl1
38	28	19.9	19	3	US-09-094-192-5	Sequence 5, Appl1
39	28	19.9	21	4	US-09-387-418A-36	Sequence 36, Appl
40	28	19.9	29	4	US-09-227-357-668	Sequence 668, Appl
41	27.5	19.5	29	4	US-09-288-143-150	Sequence 150, Appl
42	27	19.1	13	4	US-09-752-165-43	Sequence 43, Appl
43	27	19.1	20	4	US-09-400-564-21	Sequence 21, Appl
44	27	19.1	21	2	US-08-832-877-3	Sequence 3, Appl1
45	27	19.1	21	4	US-09-177-165A-46	Sequence 46, Appl

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-755-587-216  
Sequence 216, Application US/08755587  
Patent No. 6045997  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Futreal, Phillip A  
APPLICANT: Wooster, Richard F  
APPLICANT: Ashworth, Alan  
APPLICANT: Stratton, Michael R  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Materials and methods relating to the  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Identification and sequencing of the  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Identification and sequencing of the  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 222  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:  
ADDRESSEE: Bell Seltzer Park & Gibson  
STREET: 310 UCB Plaza, 3605 Glenwood Avenue, PO Drawer 31107  
CITY: Raleigh  
STATE: NC  
COUNTRY: USA  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/755,587  
FILING DATE: 25-NOV-1996  
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9523959.6  
FILING DATE: 23-NOV-1995  
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9525555.0  
FILING DATE: 14-DEC-1995  
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9617961.9  
FILING DATE: 28-AUG-1996  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Kenneth D Sibley  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,665  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 5405-135  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 216:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 26 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
US-08-755-587-216  
Query Match 23.8% Score 33.5% DB 3 Length 26  
Best Local Similarity 52.9% Pred. No. 59  
Matches 9; Conservative 5; Mismatches 2; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 12 SLSEALMRRRAVSLVTD 28  
Db 11 NVSEAL-OKAVKLFSO 26

RESULT 2  
US-08-031-148-6  
; Sequence 6, Application US/08031148  
; Patent No. 5424398  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Middeldorp, Jaap Michiel.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Peptides and nucleic acid sequences  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: related to the Epstein-Barr virus.  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 22  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: Akzo Pharma  
; STREET: 1330-A Piccard Drive  
; CITY: Rockville  
; STATE: Maryland  
; COUNTRY: USA  
; ZIP: 20850-4377  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/031,148  
; FILING DATE: 19930312  
; CLASSIFICATION: 530  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 92200721.6  
; FILING DATE: 13-MAR-1992  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Bobrowicz, Donna  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,196  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 30 amino acids  
; TYPE: AMINO ACID  
; STRANDEDNESS: single  
; TOPOLOGY: linear  
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
; ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
; ORGANISM: Epstein-Barr virus  
; US-08-031-148-6

Query Match 23.4%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 86;  
Matches 9; Conservative 4; Mismatches 11; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 4 IAKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTD 27  
Db 4 VAQSATPSVSSSISLRAATSGAT 27

RESULT 3  
US-08-306-078-3  
; Sequence 3, Application US/08306078  
; Patent No. 5827646  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Middeldorp, Jaap Michiel JM  
; APPLICANT: van Grunsven, Mouterus Marinus Johannes WMJ  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Diagnostic reagents for the  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: detection of antibodies to EBV.  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 9  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: AKZO NOBEL PHARMA  
; STREET: 1330 Piccard Drive  
; CITY: Rockville  
; STATE: Maryland  
; COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20850-4377  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/306,078  
; FILING DATE: 14-SEP-1994  
; CLASSIFICATION: 435  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 93202659.4  
; FILING DATE: 14-SEP-1993  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Blackstone, William B.  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,772  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 30 amino acids  
; TYPE: amino acid  
; STRANDEDNESS: single  
; TOPOLOGY: linear  
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
; US-08-306-078-3

Query Match 23.4%; Score 33; DB 2; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 37.5%; Pred. No. 86;  
Matches 9; Conservative 4; Mismatches 11; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 4 IAKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTD 27  
Db 4 VAQSATPSVSSSISLRAATSGAT 27

RESULT 4  
US-08-415-838-6  
; Sequence 6, Application US/08415838  
; Patent No. 6008327  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Middeldorp, Jaap Michiel.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Peptides and nucleic acid sequences  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: related to the Epstein-Barr virus.  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 22  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: Akzo-No. 6008327el Patent Department  
; STREET: 1300 Piccard Drive, Suite 206  
; CITY: Rockville  
; STATE: Maryland  
; COUNTRY: USA  
; ZIP: 20850  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/415,838  
; FILING DATE: 03-APR-1995  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 92200721.6  
; FILING DATE: 13-MAR-1992  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Gormley, Mary E.  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,409  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 30 amino acids  
; TYPE: amino acid  
; STRANDEDNESS: single  
; TOPOLOGY: linear  
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
; ORIGINAL SOURCE:  
; ORGANISM: Epstein-Barr virus





CLASSIFICATION:  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER:  
FILING DATE:  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Sleath, Janet  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,007  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 11000.1007  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 206-269-0565  
TELEFAX: 206-269-0563  
TELEX:  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 24 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS: single  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-997-080-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 2; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 15 SEALMRAVSLVTD 29  
: | | : ||| : ||  
Db 9 AEKMEKAVSVARDS 23

RESULT 9  
US-08-997-362-102  
Sequence 102, Application US/08997362  
Patent No. 5985287  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Tan, Paul  
APPLICANT: Hiya, Jun  
APPLICANT: Visser, Elizabeth  
APPLICANT: Skinner, Margot  
APPLICANT: Scott, Linda  
APPLICANT: Prestidge, Ross  
TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR  
TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF MYCOBACTERIAL INFECTIONS  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 194  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Law Offices of Ann W. Speckman  
STREET: 2601 Elliott Avenue, Suite 4185  
CITY: Seattle  
STATE: WA  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 98121  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
COMPUTER: IBM Compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS  
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/997,362  
FILING DATE:  
CLASSIFICATION:  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: U.S. Patent Application No. 5985287 08/873,970  
FILING DATE: June 12, 1997  
APPLICATION NUMBER: U.S. Patent Application No. 5985287 08/705,347  
FILING DATE: August 29, 1996  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Sleath, Janet  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,007  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 11000.1002c2  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 206-269-0565  
TELEFAX: 206-269-0563  
TELEX:

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 24 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS: single  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-997-362-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 2; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 15 SEALMRAVSLVTD 29  
: | | : ||| : ||  
Db 9 AEKMEKAVSVARDS 23

RESULT 10  
US-08-873-970-102  
Sequence 102, Application US/08873970  
Patent No. 6001361  
GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Tan, Paul  
APPLICANT: Hiya, Jun  
APPLICANT: Visser, Elizabeth  
APPLICANT: Skinner, Margot  
APPLICANT: Scott, Linda  
APPLICANT: Prestidge, Ross  
TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS AND METHODS FOR  
TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF MYCOBACTERIAL INFECTIONS  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 106  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Law Offices of Ann W. Speckman  
STREET: 2601 Elliott Avenue, Suite 4185  
CITY: Seattle  
STATE: WA  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 98121  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
COMPUTER: IBM Compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS  
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/873,970  
FILING DATE:

CLASSIFICATION: 435  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/705,347  
FILING DATE: 29-AUG-1996  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Sleath, Janet  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,007  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 11000.1002c1  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 206-269-0565  
TELEFAX: 206-269-0563  
TELEX:

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 24 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS: single  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-873-970-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 3; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 15 SEALMRAVSLVTD 29

Db 9 AEEKMERKAVSVARDS 23

## RESULT 11

US-09-095-855-102  
; Sequence 102, Application US/09095855  
; Patent No. 6160093  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Tan, Paul  
; APPLICANT: Visser, Elizabeth  
; APPLICANT: Skinner, Margot  
; APPLICANT: Prestidge, Ross  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Compounds and Methods for  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Treatment and Diagnosis of Mycobacterial Infections  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 208  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: Law Offices of Ann W. Speckman  
; STREET: 2601 Elliott Avenue, Suite 4185  
; CITY: Seattle  
; STATE: WA  
; COUNTRY: USA  
; ZIP: 98121  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/095,855  
; FILING DATE:  
; CLASSIFICATION:  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/705,347  
; FILING DATE: 29-AUG-1996  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/873,970  
; FILING DATE: 12-JUN-1997  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/997,362  
; FILING DATE: 23-DEC-1997  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Sleath, Janet  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,007  
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 11000.1002c3  
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
; TELEPHONE: 206-269-0565  
; TELEFAX: 206-269-0563  
; TELEX:  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 24 amino acids  
; TYPE: amino acid  
; STRANDEDNESS: single  
; TOPOLOGY: linear  
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
; US-09-095-855-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 3; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 15 SEALMRRRAVSLVYDS 29  
: | | : || : ||  
Db 9 AEEKMERKAVSVARDS 23

RESULT 12  
US-09-324-542-102  
; Sequence 102, Application US/09324542  
; Patent No. 6328978  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Watson, James D.  
; APPLICANT: Tan, Paul L.J.  
; APPLICANT: Prestidge, Ross

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods and Compounds for the Treatment  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: of Immunologically-Mediated Skin Disorders  
; FILE REFERENCE: 11000.1007c1  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/324,542  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-06-02  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/997,080  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-12-23  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 194  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 102  
; LENGTH: 24  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Mycobacterium vaccae  
; FEATURE:  
; NAME/KEY: UNSURE  
; LOCATION: (1)...(1)  
US-09-324-542-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 4; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 15 SEALMRRRAVSLVYDS 29  
: | | : || : ||  
Db 9 AEEKMERKAVSVARDS 23

RESULT 13  
US-09-205-426-102  
; Sequence 102, Application US/09205426  
; Patent No. 6406704  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Watson, James D.  
; APPLICANT: Tan, Paul L. J.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Compounds and Methods for Treatment and  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Diagnosis of Mycobacterial Infections  
; FILE REFERENCE: 11000.1002c4  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/205,426  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-12-04  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 09/095,855  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-06-11  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/997,362  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-12-23  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/873,970  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1997-06-12  
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/705,347  
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1996-08-29  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 208  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 102  
; LENGTH: 24  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Mycobacterium vaccae  
; FEATURE:  
; NAME/KEY: UNSURE  
; LOCATION: (1)...(1)  
US-09-205-426-102

Query Match 22.7% Score 32; DB 4; Length 24;  
Best Local Similarity 46.7%; Pred. No. 94;  
Matches 7; Conservative 3; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 15 SEALMRRRAVSLVYDS 29  
: | | : || : ||  
Db 9 AEEKMERKAVSVARDS 23

RESULT 14  
US-08-538-711A-16  
; Sequence 16, Application US/08538711A  
; Patent No. 5994062  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: MULSHINE, JAMES, L.

TITLE OF INVENTION: AN EPITHELIAL PROTEIN AND  
TITLE OF INVENTION: DNA THEREOF FOR USE IN EARLY CANCER DETECTION  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.  
STREET: 345 PARK AVENUE  
CITY: NEW YORK  
STATE: NEW YORK  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 10154  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY DISK  
COMPUTER: IBM PC COMPATIBLE  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: ASCII  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/538,711A  
FILING DATE: 02-OCT-1995  
CLASSIFICATION: 435  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER:  
FILING DATE:  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: KATHRYN M. BROWN  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,556  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 2026-4201  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: (212) 758-4800  
TELEFAX: (212) 751-6849  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 29  
TYPE: Amino Acid  
STRANDEDNESS: Unknown  
TOPOLOGY: Linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: Peptide  
US-08-538-711A-16  
Query Match 21.6%; Score 30.5; DB 2; Length 29;  
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;  
Matches 8; Conservative 4; Mismatches 11; Indels 1; Gaps 1;  
QY 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSEAL-MRRAYS 24  
1 1 : 11 : : 1111  
DB 6 VDAAMNARPHKVDGRVEPKRAVS 29  
RESULT 15  
US-08-725-027-16  
Sequence 16, Application US/08725027  
Patent No. 6251586  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: MULSHINE, JAMES, L.  
APPLICANT: TOCKMAN, MELVIN, S.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: AN EPITHELIAL PROTEIN AND  
TITLE OF INVENTION: DNA THEREOF FOR USE IN EARLY CANCER DETECTION  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.  
STREET: 345 PARK AVENUE  
CITY: NEW YORK  
STATE: NEW YORK  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 10154  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY DISK  
COMPUTER: IBM PC COMPATIBLE  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: ASCII  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/725,027  
FILING DATE: 02-OCT-1996  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US08/538,711  
FILING DATE: 02-OCT-1995  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: KATHRYN M. BROWN  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,556  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 2026-4201US1  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: (212) 758-4800  
TELEFAX: (212) 751-6849  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 29  
TYPE: Amino Acid  
STRANDEDNESS: Unknown  
TOPOLOGY: Linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: Peptide  
US-08-725-027-16  
Query Match 21.6%; Score 30.5; DB 3; Length 29;  
Best Local Similarity 33.3%; Pred. No. 2.1e+02;  
Matches 8; Conservative 4; Mismatches 11; Indels 1; Gaps 1;  
QY 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSEAL-MRRAYS 24  
1 1 : 11 : : 1111  
DB 6 VDAAMNARPHKVDGRVEPKRAVS 29

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:43:45  
Job time : 17 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:41:59 ; Search time 23 Seconds

(without alignments)  
206.365 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293a-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 587654 seqs, 158212981 residues 142344

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 30

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Published Applications\_AA:\*

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2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/PCU\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US06\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US06\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US07\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/PCUS\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
7: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US08\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
8: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US08\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
9: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US09A\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
10: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US09B\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
11: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US09C\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
12: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US09\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
13: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US10A\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
14: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US10B\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
15: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US10C\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*  
16: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US10\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
17: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US60\_NEW\_PUB.pep:\*  
18: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/pubpaa/US60\_PUBCOMB.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	141	100.0	30	10	US-09-939-293-7	Sequence 7, Appli
2	70	49.6	15	14	US-10-068-569-8	Sequence 8, Appli
3	70	49.6	15	15	US-10-197-634-8	Sequence 8, Appli
4	63	44.7	13	10	US-09-798-116-20	Sequence 20, Appli
5	63	44.7	13	10	US-09-798-116-22	Sequence 22, Appli
6	49	34.8	10	10	US-09-965-967-18	Sequence 18, Appli
7	49	34.8	10	10	US-09-965-967-25	Sequence 25, Appli
8	40	28.4	25	9	US-09-798-116-25	Sequence 25, Appli
9	37	26.2	25	9	US-09-864-761-47499	Sequence 47499, A
10	34	24.1	25	12	US-10-269-806-80	Sequence 80, Appli
11	33	23.8	29	9	US-09-864-761-40008	Sequence 40008, A
12	33	23.4	7	10	US-09-939-293-6	Sequence 6, Appli
13	33	23.4	7	10	US-09-965-967-8	Sequence 8, Appli
14	33	23.4	7	12	US-10-293-371-1	Sequence 1, Appli
15	33	23.4	7	12	US-10-293-371-24	Sequence 24, Appli

16	33	23.4	7	12	US-10-293-371-45	Sequence 45, Appli
17	33	23.4	7	12	US-10-302-811-5	Sequence 5, Appli
18	33	23.4	7	14	US-10-068-569-12	Sequence 12, Appli
19	33	23.4	24	11	US-09-798-889-119	Sequence 119, Appli
20	33	23.4	30	9	US-09-995-297-29	Sequence 29, Appli
21	33	23.4	30	12	US-09-771-904-29	Sequence 29, Appli
22	33	23.4	30	14	US-10-036-729-6	Sequence 6, Appli
23	32	22.7	20	9	US-09-864-761-36958	Sequence 36958, A
24	32	22.7	20	15	US-10-225-567A-1480	Sequence 1480, Ap
25	32	22.7	21	15	US-10-097-065-542	Sequence 542, App
26	32	22.7	24	11	US-09-880-505-102	Sequence 102, App
27	32	22.7	24	14	US-10-051-643-102	Sequence 102, App
28	32	22.7	29	9	US-09-864-761-40435	Sequence 40435, A
29	30	21.3	17	15	US-10-225-567A-1084	Sequence 1084, Ap
30	30	21.3	18	9	US-09-864-761-44657	Sequence 44657, A
31	30	21.3	23	12	US-09-965-778-279	Sequence 279, App
32	30	21.3	24	9	US-09-864-761-45203	Sequence 45203, A
33	30	21.3	25	9	US-09-864-761-34911	Sequence 34911, A
34	30	21.3	25	9	US-09-864-761-41716	Sequence 41716, A
35	30	21.3	25	9	US-09-864-761-42933	Sequence 42933, A
36	30	21.3	27	9	US-09-864-761-40837	Sequence 40837, A
37	30	21.3	27	11	US-09-899-495-59	Sequence 59, Appli
38	30	21.3	29	8	US-08-424-5508-254	Sequence 254, App
39	30	21.3	29	9	US-09-864-761-43946	Sequence 43946, A
40	30	21.3	30	9	US-09-864-761-42325	Sequence 42325, A
41	29.5	20.9	27	9	US-09-864-761-40411	Sequence 40411, A
42	29.5	20.9	29	15	US-10-174-410-272	Sequence 272, App
43	29	20.6	10	15	US-10-226-007-1533	Sequence 1533, Ap
44	29	20.6	11	15	US-10-226-007-1534	Sequence 1534, Ap
45	29	20.6	11	15	US-10-226-007-1547	Sequence 1547, Ap

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	
US-09-939-293-7	
Sequence 7, Application US/09939293	
Patent No. US20020132786A1	
GENERAL INFORMATION:	
APPLICANT: Alnemrl, Emad S.	
TITLE OF INVENTION: AN IAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE	
TITLE OF INVENTION: AND METHODS OF USING THE SAME	
FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465	
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/939,293	
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24	
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18	
SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0	
SEQ ID NO 7	
LENGTH: 30	
TYPE: PRT	
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens	
US-09-939-293-7	
Query Match	
Best local Similarity 100.0%: Score 141; DB 10;	
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
QY	
Db	1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30
RESULT 2	
US-10-068-569-8	
Sequence 8, Application US/10068569	
Publication No. US20020160975A1	
GENERAL INFORMATION:	
APPLICANT: Stiniyasa, Stiniyasa M.	
APPLICANT: Fernandez-Alnemrl, Teresa	
APPLICANT: Alnemrl, Emad S.	
TITLE OF INVENTION: A CONSERVED XIAP-INTERACTION MOTIF IN	
TITLE OF INVENTION: CASPASE-9 AND SMAC/DIABLO FOR MEDIATING APOPTOSIS	

FILE REFERENCE: 480140.475  
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/068,569  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-02-06  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 28  
SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 4.0  
SEQ ID NO: 8  
LENGTH: 15  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-10-068-569-8

Query Match 49.6%; Score 70; DB 14; Length 15;  
Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. No. 0.00034;  
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15

## RESULT 3

US-10-197-634-8  
Sequence 8, Application US/10197634  
Publication No. US20030073629A1  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emdad S.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: OMI AND DOMAINS THEREOF THAT DISRUPT  
FILE REFERENCE: 480140.479  
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/197,634  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-07-15  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 17  
SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 4.0  
SEQ ID NO: 8  
LENGTH: 15  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-10-197-634-8

Query Match 49.6%; Score 70; DB 15; Length 15;  
Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. No. 0.00034;  
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15

## RESULT 4

US-09-798-116-20  
Sequence 20, Application US/09798116  
Patent No. US20020110851A1  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie  
APPLICANT: Ekerdt, Paul  
APPLICANT: Vaux, David  
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor and  
FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US  
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02  
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU P05995/00  
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
SEQ ID NO: 20  
LENGTH: 13  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: synthetic  
FEATURE:  
NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
LOCATION: (12)..(12)  
OTHER INFORMATION: M is methionine sulfoxide  
US-09-798-116-20

Query Match 44.7%; Score 63; DB 10; Length 13;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0034;  
Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 8 SEPHSLSEALMR 20  
Db 1 SEPHSLSEALMR 13

## RESULT 5

US-09-798-116-22  
Sequence 22, Application US/09798116  
Patent No. US20020110851A1  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie  
APPLICANT: Ekerdt, Paul  
APPLICANT: Vaux, David  
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor  
FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US  
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02  
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU P05995/00  
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
SEQ ID NO: 22  
LENGTH: 13  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: synthetic  
US-09-798-116-22

Query Match 44.7%; Score 63; DB 10; Length 13;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0034;  
Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 8 SEPHSLSEALMR 20  
Db 1 SEPHSLSEALMR 13

## RESULT 6

US-09-965-967-18  
Sequence 18, Application US/09965967  
Patent No. US200201757A1  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Shi, Yigong  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Compositions and Methods for Regulating Apoptosis  
FILE REFERENCE: PU-0031 (01-1739-1)  
CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/965,967  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-28  
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/236,574  
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-29  
PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/256,830  
PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-20  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 30  
SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1  
SEQ ID NO: 18  
LENGTH: 10  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-965-967-18

Query Match 34.8%; Score 49; DB 10; Length 10;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.37;  
Matches 10; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEP 10  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEP 10

## RESULT 7

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US-09-965-967-25
; Sequence 25, Application US/09965967
; Patent No. US20020177557A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Shi, Yigong
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Compositions And Methods For Regulating Apoptosis
; FILE REFERENCE: PU-0031 (01-1739-1)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/965,967
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/236,574
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/256,830
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 30
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 25
; LENGTH: 13
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Drosophila melanogaster
US-09-965-967-25

Query Match          34.8%; Score 49; DB 10; Length 13;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.5;
Matches 10; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AAPIAKSEP 10
Db 4 AAPIAKSEP 13

RESULT 8
US-09-798-116-25
; Sequence 25, Application US/09798116
; Patent No. US20020110851A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie
; APPLICANT: Ekert, Paul
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David
; TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor an
; FILE REFERENCE: 1038-00405
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ59595/00
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 25
; LENGTH: 29
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: synthetic
US-09-798-116-25

Query Match          28.4%; Score 40; DB 10; Length 29;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 31;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 22 AVSLVTDST 30
Db 1 AVSLVTDST 9

RESULT 9
US-09-864-761-47499
; Sequence 47499, Application US/09864761
; Patent No. US20020048763A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Penn, Sharon G.
; APPLICANT: Rank, David R.
; APPLICANT: Hanzel, David K.
; APPLICANT: Chen, Wensheng
; TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN GENOME-DERIVED SINGLE EXON NUCLEIC ACID PROBES USEFUL FOR
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GENE EXPRESSION ANALYSIS BY MICROARRAY
; FILE REFERENCE: Aemica-X-1
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; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/864,761
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-05-23
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/180,312
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/207,456
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-05-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/632,366
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 24263.6
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/236,359
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00666
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00667
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00664
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00669
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00665
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00668
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00663
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00662
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00661
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00670
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/234,687
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-21
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/608,408
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/774,203
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-29
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 49117
; SOFTWARE: Annomax Sequence Listing Engine vers. 1.1
; SEQ ID NO 47499
; LENGTH: 25
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: MAP TO AC022267.2
; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN ADULT LIVER, SIGNAL = 1.6
; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN FETAL LIVER, SIGNAL = 1.7
US-09-864-761-47499

Query Match          26.2%; Score 37; DB 9; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 32.0%; Pred. No. 76;
Matches 8; Conservative 7; Mismatches 10; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 4 IAKSEPHLSSEALMRAVSLVTD 28
Db 1 ISEKCRHPGTLPILGERVVISD 25

RESULT 10
US-10-269-806-80
; Sequence 80, Application US/10269806
; Publication No. US20030176352A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Min, Hosung
; APPLICANT: Sitney, Karen
; APPLICANT: Hartley, Cynthia
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Peptides and Related Compounds Having Thrombopoietic Activity
; FILE REFERENCE: A-750
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/269,806
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-10-10
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 199
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
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;; SEQ ID NO 80
;; LENGTH: 25
;; TYPE: PRT
;; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
;; FEATURE:
;; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthesized Peptide Sequence
US-10-269-806-80

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 24.1%; Score 34; DB 12; Length 25;
Pred. No. 2.2e+02;
Matches 6; Conservative 2; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 4 IAKSEPHSL 13
DB 15 LAQRLNPHSL 24

RESULT 11
US-09-864-761-40008
; Sequence 40008, Application US/09864761
; Patent No. US20020048763A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Penn, Sharon G.
; APPLICANT: Rank, David R.
; APPLICANT: Hanzel, David K.
; APPLICANT: Chen, Wensheng
; TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN GENOME-DERIVED SINGLE EXON NUCLEIC ACID PROBES USEFUL FOR
; FILE REFERENCE: Aecm1ca-X-1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/864,761
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-05-23
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/180,312
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-02-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/207,456
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-05-26
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/632,366
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-08-03
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 24263.6
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-10-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/236,359
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-27
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00666
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00667
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00664
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00669
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00665
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00668
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00663
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00662
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00661
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US01/00670
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/234,687
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-21
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/608,408
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-06-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/774,203
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-01-29
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 49117
; SOFTWARE: Annomax Sequence Listing Engine vers. 1.1
; SEQ ID NO 40008
; LENGTH: 29
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
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;; FEATURE:
;; OTHER INFORMATION: MAP TO AC004898.1
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN LUNG, SIGNAL = 8
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN PLACENTA, SIGNAL = 7.2
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN HEART, SIGNAL = 7.4
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN FETAL LIVER, SIGNAL = 7.8
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN BRAIN, SIGNAL = 7.8
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN BONE MARROW, SIGNAL = 7.5
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN HELA, SIGNAL = 8.2
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EXPRESSED IN ADULT LIVER, SIGNAL = 8.6
;; OTHER INFORMATION: EST_HUMAN HIT: BE144340.1, EVALUO 7.80e+00
US-09-864-761-40008

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 23.8%; Score 33.5; DB 9; Length 29;
Pred. No. 3.1e+02;
Matches 10; Conservative 2; Mismatches 7; Indels 3; Gaps 1;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSL 19
DB 1 AVHLIAPKTPPRMHSKSSHSIM 22

RESULT 12
US-09-939-293-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/09939293
; Patent No. US20020132786A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emad S.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN INAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/939,293
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 6
; LENGTH: 7
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-939-293-6

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 23.4%; Score 33; DB 10; Length 7;
Pred. No. 5.2e+05;
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAK 7
DB 1 AVPIAK 7

RESULT 13
US-09-965-967-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/09965967
; Patent No. US20020177557A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Shi, Yigong
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Compositions and Methods for Regulating Apoptosis
; FILE REFERENCE: PU-0031 (01-1739-1)
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/965,967
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-09-28
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/236,574
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-09-29
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/256,830
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-12-20
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 30
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.1
; SEQ ID NO 8
; LENGTH: 7
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-09-965-967-8

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 23.4%; Score 33; DB 10; Length 7;
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.2e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAOK 7  
|||||||  
Db 1 AVPIAOK 7

## RESULT 14

US-10-293-371-1  
; Sequence 1, Application US/10293371  
; Publication No. US20030157522A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: BOUDREAU/L, ALAIN  
; APPLICANT: KORNELIUK, ROBERT G.  
; APPLICANT: LACASSE, ERIC  
; APPLICANT: LISTON, PETER  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods and Reagents for Peptide-Bir  
; FILE REFERENCE: 07891/030002  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/293,371  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-08  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/370,934  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-04-08  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/332,300  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-11-09  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 85  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 1  
; LENGTH: 7  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
; FEATURE:  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
US-10-293-371-1

Query Match 23.4%; Score 33; DB 12; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.2e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAOK 7  
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Db 1 AVPIAOK 7

## RESULT 15

US-10-293-371-24  
; Sequence 24, Application US/10293371  
; Publication No. US20030157522A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: BOUDREAU/L, ALAIN  
; APPLICANT: KORNELIUK, ROBERT G.  
; APPLICANT: LACASSE, ERIC  
; APPLICANT: LISTON, PETER  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods and Reagents for Peptide-Bir  
; FILE REFERENCE: 07891/030002  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/293,371  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2003-04-08  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/370,934  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-04-08  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/332,300  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-11-09  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 85  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 24  
; LENGTH: 7  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
; FEATURE:  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
US-10-293-371-24

Query Match 23.4%; Score 33; DB 12; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.2e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAOK 7  
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Db 1 AVPIAOK 7

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Job time : 23 secs

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; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 9  
; LENGTH: 84  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Rattus sp.  
US-09-798-116-9

Query Match 88.7%; Score 125; DB 10; Length 84;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 8.4e-12;  
Matches 27; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
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DB 54 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 83

## RESULT 12

US-09-798-116-8  
; Sequence 8, Application US/09798116  
; Patent No. US20020110851A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie  
; APPLICANT: Ekerlt, Paul  
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NO. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor  
; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-02  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ5995/00  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 8  
; LENGTH: 177  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-798-116-8

Query Match 76.6%; Score 108; DB 10; Length 177;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. NO. 8.5e-09;  
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 8 SEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
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DB 1 SEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 23

## RESULT 13

US-09-798-116-6  
; Sequence 6, Application US/09798116  
; Patent No. US20020110851A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie  
; APPLICANT: Ekerlt, Paul  
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: NO. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor  
; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-03-02  
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ5995/00  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 6  
; LENGTH: 177  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Mus musculus  
US-09-798-116-6

Query Match 74.5%; Score 105; DB 10; Length 177;  
Best Local Similarity 95.7%; Pred. NO. 2.5e-08;  
Matches 22; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 8 SEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30  
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DB 1 SEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 23

## RESULT 14

US-10-068-569-8  
; Sequence 8, Application US/10068569  
; Publication No. US20020160975A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Srinivasula, Srinivasa M.  
; APPLICANT: Fernandes-Alnemri, Teresa  
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emdad S.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: A CONSERVED XIAP-INTERACTION MOTIF IN  
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.475  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/068,569  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-06  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 28  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 8  
; LENGTH: 15  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-10-068-569-8

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Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. NO. 0.00034;  
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15  
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DB 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSN 15

## RESULT 15

US-10-197-634-8  
; Sequence 8, Application US/10197634  
; Publication No. US20030073629A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Alnemri, Emdad S.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: OMI AND DOMAINS THEREOF THAT DISRUPT  
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.479  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/197,634  
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-07-15  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 17  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 8  
; LENGTH: 15  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-10-197-634-8

Query Match 49.6%; Score 70; DB 15; Length 15;  
Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. NO. 0.00034;  
Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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DB 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSN 15

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Job time : 24 secs

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; TITLE OF INVENTION: For Cancer Patients Using Tucan
; FILE REFERENCE: P-LJ 5254
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/141,618
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-05-07
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/289,233
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-05-07
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/356,934
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-02-12
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/388,221
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-09-01
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 15
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0
; SEQ ID NO 14
; LENGTH: 239
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-141-618-14
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9, 8e-14;
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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Db      56 AVPIAQSEPHSLSSSEALMKRRAYSLVTDST 85
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RESULT 8
US-10-153-668-348
; Sequence 348, Application US/10153668
; Publication No. US20030092616A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: HONDA, Goichi
; APPLICANT: MATSUDA, Akio
; APPLICANT: MORAMATSU, Shuji
; APPLICANT: ISHIZAWA, Kenya
; TITLE OF INVENTION: STAT6 Activating Gene
; FILE REFERENCE: 1254-0207P
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/153,668
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2002-05-24
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/293,172
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-05-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/316,031
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-08-31
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/328,403
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-10-12
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2001-157043
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-05-25
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2001-260681
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-08-30
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2001-313175
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2001-10-10
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 488
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 348
; LENGTH: 239
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
US-10-153-668-348
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9, 8e-14;
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Db      56 AVPIAQSEPHSLSSSEALMKRRAYSLVTDST 85
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RESULT 9
US-09-798-116-2
; Sequence 2, Application US/09798116
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; Patent No. US20020110851A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie
; APPLICANT: Ekerdt, Paul
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David
; TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1el Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor
; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ5995/00
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 2
; LENGTH: 237
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Mus musculus
US-09-798-116-2
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Db      54 AVPIAQSEPHSLSSSEALMKRRAYSLVTDST 83
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RESULT 10
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; Sequence 4, Application US/09798116
; Patent No. US20020110851A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie
; APPLICANT: Ekerdt, Paul
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David
; TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1el Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor
; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ5995/00
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0
; SEQ ID NO 4
; LENGTH: 237
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Mus musculus
US-09-798-116-4
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QY      1 AVPIAQSEPHSLSSSEALMKRRAYSLVTDST 30
Db      54 AVPIAQSEPHSLSSSEALMKRRAYSLVTDST 83
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RESULT 11
US-09-798-116-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09798116
; Patent No. US20020110851A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie
; APPLICANT: Ekerdt, Paul
; APPLICANT: Vaux, David
; TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1el Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor
; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-004US
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/798,116
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PQ5995/00
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02
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;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24  
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18  
;; SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 4.0  
;; SEQ ID NO 11  
;; LENGTH: 35  
;; TYPE: PRT  
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-939-293-11

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Pred. No. 1e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 3  
US-09-939-293-8  
; Sequence 8, Application US/09939293  
; Patent No. US20020132786A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

;; APPLICANT: Alnemrl, Emed S.  
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN IAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE  
;; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465  
;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24  
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18  
;; SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 4.0  
;; SEQ ID NO 8  
;; LENGTH: 39  
;; TYPE: PRT  
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-939-293-8

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 141; DB 10; Length 39;  
Pred. No. 1.2e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30  
Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 4  
US-09-939-293-2  
; Sequence 2, Application US/09939293  
; Patent No. US20020132786A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

;; APPLICANT: Alnemrl, Emed S.  
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN IAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE  
;; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465  
;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24  
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18  
;; SOFTWARE: FASTSEQ for Windows Version 4.0  
;; SEQ ID NO 2  
;; LENGTH: 40  
;; TYPE: PRT  
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-939-293-2

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 141; DB 10; Length 40;  
Pred. No. 1.2e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 5  
US-09-798-116-7

;; Sequence 7, Application US/09798116  
;; Patent No. US20020110851A1  
;; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
;; APPLICANT: Verhagen, Anne Marie  
;; APPLICANT: Ekert, Paul  
;; APPLICANT: Vaux, David  
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: No. US20020110851A1 Polypeptides, Modulatory Agents Therefor  
;; FILE REFERENCE: 10338-0040US  
;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-03-02  
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-02  
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 25  
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn version 3.0  
;; SEQ ID NO 7  
;; LENGTH: 202  
;; TYPE: PRT  
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-798-116-7

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 141; DB 10; Length 202;  
Pred. No. 8e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 19 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 48

RESULT 6  
US-09-925-297-591  
; Sequence 591, Application US/09925297  
; Patent No. US20020081659A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

;; APPLICANT: Rosen et al.  
;; TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acids, Proteins and Antibodies  
;; FILE REFERENCE: PA105  
;; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-10  
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-08  
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2000-03-08  
;; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-03-12  
;; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 928  
;; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0  
;; SEQ ID NO 591  
;; LENGTH: 227  
;; TYPE: PRT  
;; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
;; FEATURE:  
;; NAME/KEY: SITE  
;; LOCATION: (1)  
;; OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa equals any of the naturally occurring L-amino acids  
US-09-925-297-591

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 141; DB 9; Length 227;  
Pred. No. 9.2e-14;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 44 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRVSLVTDST 73

RESULT 7  
US-10-141-618-14  
; Sequence 14, Application US/10141618  
; Publication No. US20030165887A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Reed, John C.

GenCore version 5.1.6  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2003 CompuGen Ltd.

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

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4	141	100.0	40	10	US-09-939-293-2
5	141	100.0	202	10	US-09-798-116-7
6	141	100.0	227	9	US-09-925-297-591
7	141	100.0	239	12	US-10-141-618-14
8	141	100.0	239	15	US-10-153-668-348
9	138	97.9	237	10	US-09-798-116-2
10	138	97.9	237	10	US-09-798-116-4
11	125	88.7	84	10	US-09-798-116-9
12	108	76.6	177	10	US-09-798-116-8
13	105	74.5	177	10	US-09-798-116-6
14	70	49.6	15	14	US-10-068-569-8
15	70	49.6	15	15	US-10-197-634-8

16	63	44.7	13	10	US-09-798-116-20	Sequence 20, Appl
17	63	44.7	13	10	US-09-798-116-22	Sequence 22, Appl
18	56	39.7	73	10	US-09-798-116-10	Sequence 10, Appl
19	49	34.8	10	10	US-09-965-967-18	Sequence 18, Appl
20	49	34.8	13	10	US-09-965-967-25	Sequence 25, Appl
21	48.5	34.4	1144	15	US-10-156-761-7801	Sequence 7801, Ap
22	44	31.2	1177	15	US-10-193-692-4	Sequence 4, Appl
23	44	31.2	1186	15	US-10-193-692-2	Sequence 2, Appl
24	44	31.2	1415	9	US-09-815-242-11036	Sequence 11036, A
25	44	31.2	1518	10	US-09-801-368-152	Sequence 152, App
26	43.5	30.9	342	14	US-10-001-857-201	Sequence 201, App
27	43	30.5	105	15	US-10-078-090-188	Sequence 188, App
28	43	30.5	159	12	US-09-890-688-110	Sequence 110, App
29	43	30.5	184	9	US-09-925-299-1546	Sequence 1546, Ap
30	43	30.5	184	11	US-09-925-301-867	Sequence 867, App
31	43	30.5	237	9	US-09-925-301-867	Sequence 24, Appl
32	43	30.5	334	10	US-09-953-342-24	Sequence 27, Appl
33	43	30.5	526	12	US-10-021-425-27	Sequence 2, Appl
34	43	30.5	570	8	US-08-825-486-2	Sequence 7, Appl
35	43	30.5	570	8	US-08-870-434-7	Sequence 2, Appl
36	43	30.5	570	10	US-09-372-044-2	Sequence 7, Appl
37	43	30.5	570	11	US-09-560-150-7	Sequence 7, Appl
38	43	30.5	570	15	US-10-067-741-7	Sequence 7, Appl
39	43	30.5	578	15	US-10-106-698-4636	Sequence 4636, Ap
40	43	30.5	578	15	US-10-137-418A-3	Sequence 3, Appl
41	43	30.5	941	12	US-10-032-585-7930	Sequence 7930, Ap
42	43	30.5	1260	15	US-10-245-802-8	Sequence 8, Appl
43	43	30.5	1290	15	US-10-137-418A-2	Sequence 2, Appl
44	42.5	30.1	530	15	US-10-156-761-8391	Sequence 8391, Ap
45	42	29.8	125	10	US-09-764-877-1372	Sequence 1372, Ap

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-09-939-293-7  
; Sequence 7, Application US/09939293  
; Patent No. US20020132786A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Alnemt1, Emad S.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN IAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND METHODS OF USING THE SAME  
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/939,293  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2001-08-24  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 18  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 4.0  
; SEQ ID NO 7  
; LENGTH: 30  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
US-09-939-293-7

Query Match 100.0%; Score 141; DB 10;  
Best local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 8.5e-15;  
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTDTST 30  
DB 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRRRAVSLVTDTST 30  
RESULT 2  
US-09-939-293-11  
; Sequence 11, Application US/09939293  
; Patent No. US20020132786A1  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Alnemt1, Emad S.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AN IAP PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND METHODS OF USING THE SAME  
; FILE REFERENCE: 480140.465  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/939,293

```

FT Modified-site 9 /note="Optional C-terminal protecting group"
FT
XX
XX W0200230959-A2.
XX
XX 18-APR-2002.
XX
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.
XX
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.
XX
XX (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.
XX
XX Fes1k SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;
XX
XX WPI; 2002-444169/47.
XX
XX Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived
XX
XX PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate
XX
XX substances to kill cancerous cells.
XX
XX PS Example 1; Page 15; 26pp; English.
XX
XX CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second
XX
XX CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as
XX
XX CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low PI
XX
XX CC (DIABLO), but with the native N-terminal alanine residue (see
XX
XX CC ABB75209) acetylated. Claimed smac-derived peptides (see
XX
XX CC ABB75208-19) bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an
XX
XX CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Modification
XX
XX CC of the N-terminal alanine destroys all binding affinity for the
XX
XX CC protein. Thus, Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 were each over 1,000
XX
XX CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0
XX
XX CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding wild-type peptide.
XX
XX CC The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify candidate
XX
XX CC substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay
XX
XX CC involves determination of the ability of candidate compounds to
XX
XX CC disrupt the binding interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP
XX
XX CC family member.
XX
XX SO Sequence 9 AA:

Query Match 29.8%; Score 42; DB 23; Length 9;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSE 9
DB 1 AVPIAKSE 9

RESULT 8
ABG76228
ID ABB76228 standard; Peptide: 10 AA.
XX
XX AC ABB76228;
XX
XX 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Fluoroscinated smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.
XX
XX KW DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;
XX
XX KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; muteln.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX OS Synthetic.
XX
XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers
XX
XX FT Modified-site 1 /note="N-terminal fluorescein"
XX
XX FT
XX
XX PN W0200230959-A2.
XX
XX

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PD 18-APR-2002.
XX
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.
XX
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.
XX
XX (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.
XX
XX Fes1k SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;
XX
XX WPI; 2002-444169/47.
XX
XX Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived
XX
XX PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate
XX
XX substances to kill cancerous cells.
XX
XX PS Example 1; Page 14; 26pp; English.
XX
XX CC The present sequence corresponds to amino acids 1-9 of human
XX
XX CC second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known
XX
XX CC as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low PI
XX
XX CC (DIABLO), but is fluoroscinated. The peptide was used in a
XX
XX CC fluorescence polarisation-based competition assay designed to
XX
XX CC determine the binding affinity of variant smac peptides (see
XX
XX CC ABB76206-27) to the Bir-3 and Bir-2 domains of XIAP, an inhibitor
XX
XX CC of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Claimed smac-derived
XX
XX CC peptides can be used to identify candidate substances which induce
XX
XX CC or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay involves determination of
XX
XX CC the ability of candidate compounds to disrupt the binding
XX
XX CC interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP family member.
XX
XX SO Sequence 10 AA:

Query Match 29.8%; Score 42; DB 23; Length 10;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.3;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAKSE 9
DB 1 AVPIAKSE 9

RESULT 9
ABG72319
ID ABB72319 standard; Peptide: 29 AA.
XX
XX AC ABB72319;
XX
XX 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)
XX
XX DE Human pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO peptide sequence #15.
XX
XX KW Human; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;
XX
XX KW inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;
XX
XX KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;
XX
XX KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;
XX
XX KW liver disease; immunogen.
XX
XX OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX PN US2002110851-A1.
XX
XX 15-AUG-2002.
XX
XX 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.
XX
XX 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.
XX
XX (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.
XX
XX PI Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;
XX
XX WPI; 2003-074681/07.
XX

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XX New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer  
PS Example 8; Page 4; 50pp; English.  
XX  
CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO. DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents a partial peptide sequence from human DIABLO, identified  
CC by protein sequencing of a protein (later identified as DIABLO) which  
CC co-precipitates with the human IAP protein MIHA (not defined).  
XX  
SQ Sequence 29 AA:  
Query Match 28.4%; Score 40; DB 24; Length 29;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 22 AVSLVTDSST 30  
DB 1 AVSLVTDSST 9  
RESULT 10  
ABG24798  
ID ABG24798 standard; Protein; 30 AA.  
XX  
AC ABG24798;  
XX  
DT 18-FEB-2002 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Novel human diagnostic protein #24789.  
XX  
KW Human; Chromosome mapping; gene mapping; gene therapy; forensic;  
KW food supplement; medical imaging; diagnostic; genetic disorder.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200175067-A2.  
XX  
PD 11-OCT-2001.  
XX  
PF 30-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US08631.  
XX  
PR 31-MAR-2000; 2000US-0540217.  
PR 23-AUG-2000; 2000US-0649167.  
XX

PA (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.  
XX  
XX Drmanac RT, Liu C, Tang YT;  
XX  
XX WPI: 2001-639362/73.  
DR  
DR N-PSDB: AAS88985.  
XX  
XX New isolated polynucleotide and encoded polypeptides, useful in  
PT diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations  
PT responsible for genetic disorders or other traits and to assess  
PT biodiversity  
PS Claim 20; SEQ ID No 55157; 103pp; English.  
XX  
XX The invention relates to isolated polynucleotide (I) and  
CC polypeptide (II) sequences. (I) is useful as hybridisation probes,  
CC polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primers, oligomers, and for chromosome  
CC and gene mapping, and in recombinant production of (II). The  
CC polynucleotides are also used in diagnostics as expressed sequence tags  
CC for identifying expressed genes. (I) is useful in gene therapy techniques  
CC to restore normal activity of (II) or to treat disease states involving  
CC (II). (II) is useful for generating antibodies against it, detecting or  
CC quantitating a polypeptide in tissue, as molecular weight markers and as  
CC a food supplement. (II) and its binding partners are useful in medical  
CC imaging of sites expressing (II). (I) and (II) are useful for treating  
CC disorders involving aberrant protein expression or biological activity.  
CC The polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences have applications in  
CC diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations  
CC responsible for genetic disorders or other traits to assess biodiversity  
CC and to produce other types of data and products dependent on DNA and  
CC amino acid sequences. ABG00010-ABG3037 represent novel human  
CC diagnostic amino acid sequences of the invention.  
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent did not appear in the printed  
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO  
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published\_pcl\_sequences.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 30 AA:  
Query Match 27.7%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 26.1%; Pred. No. 32;  
Matches 6; Conservative 9; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSSEALMRRAVS 24  
DB 1 LPVHOQMRHNVAGRAVTRQOIS 23  
RESULT 11  
ABB76218  
ID ABB76218 standard; Peptide; 9 AA.  
XX  
AC ABB76218;  
XX  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.  
XX  
KW DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutin.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens;  
XX  
XX Synthetic.  
XX  
XX Key Location/Qualifiers  
XX FH Misc-difference 5  
XX FT /note- "wild-type Ala substituted by Phe"  
XX FT Modified-site 9  
XX FT /note- "optional C-terminal protecting group"  
XX  
XX WO200230959-A2.  
XX  
XX 18-APR-2002.  
XX

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DR WPI; 2002-304115/34.

XX Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful  
PT for stimulating apoptosis in neoplastic or tumour cell which  
PT overexpresses inhibitor of caspase, and for identifying apoptosis  
PT modulating compounds

PS Example 3; Fig 7; 78pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated Smac peptide or polypeptide (I)  
CC and an isolated nucleic acid (II) encoding (I). Also described is a  
CC method of identifying a compound that inhibits apoptosis, comprising:  
CC (a) separately contacting several cell populations expressing a  
CC cytosolic Smac (a Smac isoform that begins with MKSDFR sequence,  
CC replacing the mitochondrial targeting sequence (residues 1-55 of (I)),  
CC and residues 56-60 of (I)) and an inhibitor of BID (Bcl2 interacting  
CC domain) with a compound to be tested for apoptotic inhibiting activity;  
CC (b) incubating the cell populations with a direct stimulus of the cell  
CC death pathway; and (c) measuring the specific apoptotic activity of the  
CC cell populations, where inhibition of the specific apoptotic activity is  
CC indicative that the compound is an inhibitor of apoptosis. (I) and (II)  
CC are useful for inducing apoptosis in a cell. The Smac polypeptide and  
CC polynucleotide are useful for stimulating apoptosis in a neoplastic or  
CC tumour cell which overexpresses an inhibitor of caspase, where the  
CC inhibitor inhibits activation or activity of caspase-3, caspase-7 or  
CC caspase-9. Preferably, the cell overexpresses at least a portion of IAP.  
CC (I) is useful for identifying an inhibitor or enhancer of a caspase-  
CC mediated apoptosis which involves contacting a cell transformed or  
CC transfected with a vector expressing (I) with a candidate inhibitor or  
CC candidate enhancer; and detecting cell viability, where an increase in  
CC cell viability indicates the presence of an inhibitor and a decrease in  
CC cell viability indicates the presence of an enhancer. Optionally, the  
CC method involves detecting the presence of large and small caspase  
CC substrates after contacting cell transformed with the vector expressing the  
CC (I), with the candidate compound. A decrease in processing indicates the  
CC presence of an inhibitor and an increase in the processing indicates the  
CC presence of an enhancer. Preferably, the large and small subunits of  
CC caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9 are detected. (I) is also useful for  
CC identifying a compound that inhibits Smac binding to Smac-binding  
CC molecule (a portion of IAP e.g. a BIR domain such as BIR1, BIR2 or BIR3,  
CC or a full-length IAP). (II) is useful in gene therapy techniques. The  
CC present sequence represents the N-terminal amino acid sequence of Smac  
CC protein.

SO Sequence 40 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 33; DB 23; Length 40;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAOK 7  
DB 1 AVPIAOK 7

RESULT 14  
ABG72303  
ID ABG72303 standard; Protein; 84 AA.

AC ABG72303;

DT 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)

DE Rat partial sequence for pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO.

KW Rat; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;

KW Inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;

KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;

KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;

KW liver disease; immunogen.

XX Ratus sp.

PN US2002110851-A1.

XX 15-AUG-2002.

XX 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.

XX 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.

PA (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.

XX Verhagen AM, Ekerit PG, Vaux DL;

PI WPI; 2003-074681/07.

XX New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer

PS Disclosure; Page 35; 50pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO, DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents partial rat DIABLO.

SO Sequence 84 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 33; DB 24; Length 84;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAOK 7  
DB 54 AVPIAOK 60

RESULT 15  
ABG72302

ID ABG72302 standard; Protein; 202 AA.

AC ABG72302;

DT 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)

DE Human partial sequence for pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO.

KW Human; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;

KW Inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;

KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;

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GenCore version 5.1.6  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2003 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: October 2, 2003, 09:37:28 : Search time 35 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
136.051 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-939-293A-19\_COPY\_56\_85

Perfect score: 141

Sequence: 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVSLVTDST 30

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1107863 seqs, 158726573 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 465619

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 30

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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3: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT:\*

4: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT:\*

5: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT:\*

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7: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT:\*

8: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT:\*

9: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT:\*

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24: /SIDS1/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2003.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	141	100.0	30	23	AAU78435
2	96	68.1	20	23	ABB76208
3	70	49.6	15	24	ABP71314
4	63	44.7	13	24	ABG72314
5	63	44.7	13	24	ABG72316
6	42	29.8	9	23	ABB76209
7	42	29.8	9	23	ABB76229
8	42	29.8	10	23	ABB76228
9	40	28.4	29	24	ABG72319

10	39	27.7	30	22	ABG24798	Novel human diapo
11	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76218	Human smac (DIABLO
12	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76221	Human smac (DIABLO
13	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76222	Human smac (DIABLO
14	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76225	Human smac (DIABLO
15	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76226	Human smac (DIABLO
16	38	27.0	9	23	ABB76227	Human smac (DIABLO
17	37	26.2	8	23	ABB76212	Human smac (DIABLO
18	37	26.2	9	23	ABB76224	Human smac (DIABLO
19	37	26.2	25	22	ABG59643	Human liver peptid
20	37	26.2	25	22	ABG44274	Peptide #11780 enc
21	36	25.5	9	23	ABB76210	Human smac (DIABLO
22	36	25.5	9	23	ABB76211	Human smac (DIABLO
23	36	25.5	9	23	ABB76216	Human smac (DIABLO
24	34	24.1	9	23	ABB76223	Human smac (DIABLO
25	33.5	23.8	26	18	AAW25067	BRCA2 cancer suscep
26	33.5	23.8	29	22	ABG55563	Human liver peptid
27	33.5	23.8	29	22	ABG40307	Peptide #7813 enco
28	33.5	23.8	29	22	ABG24710	Protein #6709 enco
29	33.5	23.8	29	22	AAW61105	Human brain expres
30	33.5	23.8	29	22	AAW73813	Human bone marrow
31	33.5	23.8	29	22	AAW20109	Peptide #6543 enco
32	33.5	23.8	29	22	AAW33999	Peptide #8036 enco
33	33.5	23.8	29	23	ABG43702	Human peptide enco
34	33.5	23.8	30	23	AAW85044	Human MAGE-3 segme
35	33	23.4	7	23	ABB76213	Human smac (DIABLO
36	33	23.4	7	23	AAU78434	Inhibitor of apopt
37	33	23.4	7	23	AAU78487	Smac-7 AV peptid.
38	33	23.4	24	20	AAV45327	Human secreted pro
39	33	23.4	26	22	AAW83269	Human immune/haema
40	33	23.4	30	14	AAW42319	EBV VCA peptide.
41	33	23.4	30	16	AAW74988	Epstein-Barr virus
42	33	23.4	30	20	AAW99319	Epstein-Barr virus
43	32.5	23.0	27	21	AAV95833	Native human LAMP-
44	32	22.7	9	23	ABB76219	Human smac (DIABLO
45	32	22.7	20	22	ABB36299	Peptide #3805 enco

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	
ID	AAU78435
AAU78435	standard; Peptide; 30 AA.
AC	AAU78435;
DT	18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
DE	Inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP) protein Smac, mutant Smac-N30.
XX	
KW	Human: inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; Smac; apoptosis; BID; BIR1; BIR2;
KW	Bcl2 interacting domain; caspase; BIR domain; BIR3; gene therapy;
KW	neoplastic cell; mutant; tumour.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
OS	Synthetic.
PN	WO200216418-A2.
PD	28-FEB-2002.
PF	24-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US26492.
PR	24-AUG-2000; 2000US-227735P.
PA	(UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.
PI	Alnemri ES;
DR	WPI; 2002-304115/34.
PT	Novel Smac peptides and polynucleotides encoding the peptides, useful

PT for stimulating apoptosis in neoplastic or tumour cell which  
PT overexpresses inhibitor of caspase, and for identifying apoptosis  
PT modulating compounds -

Example 3; Flg 7; 78pp; English.

The invention relates to an isolated Smac peptide or polypeptide (I) and an isolated nucleic acid (II) encoding (I). Also described is a method of identifying a compound that inhibits apoptosis, comprising: (a) separately contacting several cell populations expressing a cytosolic Smac (a Smac isoform that begins with MKSDFP sequence, replacing the mitochondrial targeting sequence (residues 1-55 of (I)), and residues 56-60 of (I)) and an inhibitor of BID (Bcl2 interacting domain) with a compound to be tested for apoptotic inhibiting activity; (b) incubating the cell populations with a direct stimulus of the cell death pathway; and (c) measuring the specific apoptotic activity of the cell populations, where inhibition of the specific apoptotic activity is indicative that the compound is an inhibitor of apoptosis. (I) and (II) are useful for inducing apoptosis in a cell. The Smac polypeptide or polynucleotide are useful for stimulating apoptosis in a neoplastic or tumour cell which overexpresses an inhibitor of caspase-9, where the inhibitor inhibits activation or activity of caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9. Preferably, the cell overexpresses at least a portion of IAP. (I) is useful for identifying an inhibitor or enhancer of a caspase-mediated apoptosis which involves contacting a cell transformed or transfected with a vector expressing (I) with a candidate inhibitor or candidate enhancer; and detecting cell viability, where an increase in cell viability indicates the presence of an inhibitor and a decrease in cell viability indicates the presence of an enhancer. Optionally, the method involves detecting the presence of large and small caspase subunits after contacting cell transformed with the vector expressing (I), with the candidate compound. A decrease in processing indicates the presence of an inhibitor and an increase in processing indicates the presence of an enhancer. Preferably, the large and small subunits of caspase-3, caspase-7 or caspase-9 are detected. (I) is also useful for identifying a compound that inhibits Smac binding to Smac-binding molecule (a portion of IAP e.g. a BIR domain such as BIR1, BIR2 or BIR3, or a full-length IAP). (II) is useful in gene therapy techniques. The present sequence represents the amino acid sequence of Smac mutant Smac-N30.

SQ Sequence 30 AA;

Query Match	Score	DB	Length
100.0%	141	23	30

```

Best Local Similarity    100.0%;  Pred. No. 2.2e-16;
Matches    30;  Conservative    0;  Mismatches    0;  Indels    0;  Gaps    0;

```

QY	Db
1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30	1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSEALMRRAVSLVTDST 30

RESULT 2  
ABB76208

AC ABB76208;

DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)

Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.

KW DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytostatic.

Homo sapiens.

FH	Key	Location/Qualifiers
EM	Med:fig-314	20

```

/note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"

```

PN WO200230959-A2.  
XX

PD 18-APR-2002

PF 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.

PR 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.

PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XY

PL Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C, XX

DR WFL; 2002-444109/41  
XX

PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -

PS Claim 5; page 7; 26pp; English.  
XX

The present sequence is a peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low PI (DIABLO). The peptide is one of 12 claimed smac (DIABLO)-derived peptides (see ABB765208-19) which bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 are 0.69 +/- 0.05 uM and 6.7 +/- 0.7 uM, respectively, for the present peptide, compared with 0.42 +/- 0.02 uM and 2.3 +/- 0.3 uM, respectively, for full-length smac. Modification of the N-terminal alanine destroys binding affinity to XIAP. For example, N-terminal acetylation of the present peptide, or replacement of the N-terminal alanine with glycine, propionic acid or isobutyric acid all resulted in Kd values for Bir-3 and for Bir-2 of over 1,000 uM. The claimed peptides can be used to identify candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay involves determination of the ability of candidate compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a smac (DIABLO) peptide and an IAP family member.

Sequence 20 AA;

Query Match	Score	DB	Length
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Prod	4 88-00.
Query Match	68.18;	Score 96;	DB 23; Length 20;

Best local similarity 100.0%; Freq. NO. 4.0e-03;  
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSSSEALMR 20  
|||||  
Db 1 AVPIAQKSEPHSLSSSEALMR 20

RESULT 3  
ABP71314

AC ABP71314;

DT 28-APR-2003 (first entry)  
 BY

Human Smac protein N-terminal fragment.

KM Omi; HtrA2; serine protease; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP;  
KM caspase; apoptosis; cytostatic; immunosuppressive; neuroprotective;  
KM vasotropic; gene therapy; Smac.

Homo sapiens.

PN WO2003006680-A2

PD 23-JAN-2003 .  
yy

15-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US22658.

13-JUL-2001; 2001US-305378P;  
14-DEC-2001; 2001US-340163P

XX

PA (UYE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
 XX  
 PI Alnemri ES;  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2003-221760/21.  
 XX  
 PT New Omi nucleic acids and peptides that bind to an inhibitor of  
 XX apoptosis proteins, useful for regulating or altering caspase-mediated  
 PT apoptosis and for treating cancer, tumor, or autoimmune diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Example 2; Fig 6; 83pp; English.  
 CC The invention relates to polynucleotides encoding an Omi (serine  
 CC protease) peptide or polypeptide. The Omi peptide specifically binds to a  
 CC portion of an inhibitor of Apoptosis Protein (IAP). The Omi polypeptide  
 CC induces caspase-independent apoptosis, or fails to have serine protease  
 CC activity. The Omi peptides are useful for regulating or altering  
 CC apoptosis, specifically caspase-mediated apoptosis, and as immunogens for  
 CC raising antibodies. Enhancers of apoptosis are useful for treating  
 CC cancers, tumors or for destroying cells that mediate autoimmune  
 CC diseases. Compositions may also be used for the treatment of diseases  
 CC associated with inappropriate activation of apoptosis such as  
 CC neurodegenerative diseases and ischemic injury. The antibodies can be  
 CC used in isolating Omi peptides, polypeptides and their variants, in  
 CC identifying molecules that interact with Omi peptides and polypeptides,  
 CC and in inhibiting or enhancing the biological activity of Omi peptides  
 CC and polypeptides. Sequences ABP71310-315 represent fragments of various  
 CC IAP-binding proteins, used to determine Omi as a IAP-binding protein.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 15 AA:  
 Query Match 49.6%; Score 70; DB 24; Length 15;  
 Best Local Similarity 93.3%; Pred. No. 7.7e-05;  
 Matches 14; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSS 15  
 DB 1 AVPIAKSEPHSLSN 15  
 RESULT 4  
 ABG72314  
 ID ABG72314 standard; Peptide: 13 AA.  
 XX  
 AC ABG72314;  
 XX  
 DT 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Human pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO peptide sequence #10.  
 XX  
 KW Human: pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;  
 KW inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;  
 KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;  
 KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;  
 KW liver disease; immunogen.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
 FT Modified-site 12  
 FT /label= OTHER  
 FT /note= "Methione is methionine sulfoxide"  
 XX  
 XX US2002110851-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 15-AUG-2002.  
 XX  
 PF 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.  
 XX  
 PR 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.  
 XX  
 PA (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.  
 XX

PI Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2003-074681/07.  
 XX  
 PT New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
 PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
 PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer -  
 XX  
 PS Example 8; Page 4; 50pp; English.  
 CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
 CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
 CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
 CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
 CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
 CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
 CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
 CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
 CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
 CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
 CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
 CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
 CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
 CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
 CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
 CC polypeptide or DIABLO, DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
 CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
 CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
 CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
 CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
 CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
 CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
 CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
 CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
 CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
 CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
 CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
 CC represents a partial peptide sequence from human DIABLO, identified  
 CC by protein sequencing of a protein (later identified as DIABLO) which  
 CC co-precipitates with the human IAP protein MIHA (not defined).  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 13 AA:  
 Query Match 44.7%; Score 63; DB 24; Length 13;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00096;  
 Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 8 SEPHSLSEALMR 20  
 DB 1 SEPHSLSEALMR 13  
 RESULT 5  
 ABG72316  
 ID ABG72316 standard; Peptide: 13 AA.  
 XX  
 AC ABG72316;  
 XX  
 DT 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Human pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO peptide sequence #12.  
 XX  
 KW Human: pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;  
 KW inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;  
 KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;  
 KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;  
 KW liver disease; immunogen.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PD US2002110851-A1.  
 XX  
 PN 15-AUG-2002.  
 XX

XX 02-MAR-2001; 200JUS-0798116.  
PF  
XX  
PR 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.  
XX  
XX  
PA (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.  
PI Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2003-074681/07.

PT New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer -  
PS  
PS  
PS Example 8; Page 4; 50pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO. DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents a partial peptide sequence from human DIABLO, identified  
CC by protein sequencing of a protein (later identified as DIABO) which  
CC co-precipitates with the human IAP protein MIHA (not defined).  
XX

SQ Sequence 13 AA:

Query Match 44.7%; Score 63; DB 24; Length 13;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00096;  
Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

DY 8 SEPHSLSEALMR 20  
|||  
Db 1 SEPHSLSEALMR 13

RESULT 6  
ABB76209  
ID ABB76209 standard; Peptide; 9 AA.  
XX ABB76209;  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.  
DE  
XX  
KM DIABLO: smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
XX human; cancer; cytostatic.  
XS Homo sapiens  
XS

XX	Key	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Modified-site	9 /note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"
FT		
XX		
PN	WO200230959-A2.	
XX		
PD	18-APR-2002.	
XX		
PF	12-OCT-2001: 2001WO-US32121.	
XX		
PR	13-OCT-2000: 2000US-0687549.	
XX		
PA	(ABB0 ) ABB0TT LAB.	
XX		
PI	Fesik SM, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;	
XX		
DR	WPI; 2002-444169/47.	
XX		
PT	Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived	
PR	activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate	
PT	substances to kill cancerous cells -	
XX		
PS	Claim 5; Page 7; 26pp: English.	
XX		
CC	The present sequence is a peptide derived from wild-type human	
CC	second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known	
CC	as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI	
CC	(DIABLO). The peptide is one of 12 claimed smac (DIABLO)-derived	
CC	peptides (see ABB76208-19) which bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain	
CC	of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member.	
CC	Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 are 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0 +/- 0.9	
CC	uM, respectively, for the present peptide, compared with 0.42 +/-	
CC	0.02 uM and 2.3 +/- 0.3 uM, respectively, for full-length smac.	
CC	Modification of the N-terminal alanine destroys binding affinity to	
CC	XIAP, and mutation of the valine, proline or isoleucine also causes	
CC	some loss of binding. Amino acids C-terminal to the isoleucine are	
CC	not important for binding. The claimed peptides can be used to	
CC	identify candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis in	
CC	cells. The assay involves determination of the ability of	
CC	candidate compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a	
CC	smac (DIABLO) peptide and an IAP family member.	
XX		
SO	Sequence	9 AA;
	Query Match	29.8%; Score 42; DB 23; Length 9;
	Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;
	Matches	9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	1 AVPIAKRSE 9	
DB	1 AVPIAKRSE 9	
	RESULT 7	
	ABB76229	
ID	ABB76229 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.	
XX		
AC	ABB76229;	
XX		
DT	09-AUG-2002 (first entry)	
XX		
DE	Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.	
XX		
KW	DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;	
KW	human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutlein.	
XX		
OS	Homo sapiens.	
OS	Synthetic.	
XX		
FT	Key	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Misc-difference 1	/note= "N-terminal acetyl"



FT Modified-site 9 /note="Optional C-terminal protecting group"  
XX  
XX WO200230959-A2.  
PN  
XX 18-APR-2002.  
PD  
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
PF  
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
PR  
XX (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
PA  
XX Fesik SM, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
PI WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
DR  
XX  
XX Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PS substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
XX Example 1; Page 15; 26pp; English.  
PS  
XX The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second  
CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as  
CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low PI  
CC (DIABLO), but with the native N-terminal alanine residue (see  
CC ABB76206) acetylated. Claimed smac-derived peptides (see  
CC ABB76206-19) bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an  
CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Modification  
CC of the N-terminal alanine destroys all binding affinity for the  
CC protein. Thus, Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 were each over 1,000  
CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0  
CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding wild-type peptide.  
CC The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify candidate  
CC substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay  
CC involves determination of the ability of candidate compounds to  
CC disrupt the binding interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP  
CC family member.  
XX  
XX Sequence 9 AA:  
SQ  
Query Match 29.8%; Score 42; DB 23; Length 9;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 AVPIAOKSE 9  
DB 1 AVPIAOKSE 9  
RESULT 8  
ABB76228  
ID ABB76228 standard; Peptide; 10 AA.  
XX  
XX ABB76228;  
AC  
XX  
XX 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
DT  
XX Fluoroscceinated smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.  
DE  
XX  
XX DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutein.  
XX  
XX Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX  
XX Key Location/Qualifiers  
FH Modified-site 1 /note="N-terminal fluorescein"  
FT  
XX  
XX WO200230959-A2.  
XX

PD 18-APR-2002.  
XX  
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
PF  
XX  
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
PR  
XX  
XX (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
PA  
XX Fesik SM, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
PI WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
DR  
XX  
XX Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PS substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
XX Example 1; Page 14; 26pp; English.  
PS  
XX The present sequence corresponds to amino acids 1-9 of human  
CC second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known  
CC as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low PI  
CC (DIABLO), but is fluoroscceinated. The peptide was used in a  
CC fluorescence polarisation-based competition assay designed to  
CC determine the binding affinity of variant smac peptides (see  
CC ABB76206-27) to the Bir-3 and Bir-2 domains of XIAP, an inhibitor  
CC of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Claimed smac-derived  
CC peptides can be used to identify candidate substances which induce  
CC or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay involves determination of  
CC the ability of candidate compounds to disrupt the binding  
CC interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP family member.  
XX  
XX Sequence 10 AA:  
SQ  
Query Match 29.8%; Score 42; DB 23; Length 10;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.3;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 AVPIAOKSE 9  
DB 1 AVPIAOKSE 9  
RESULT 9  
ABG72319  
ID ABG72319 standard; Peptide; 29 AA.  
XX  
XX ABG72319;  
AC  
XX  
XX 29-JAN-2003 (first entry)  
DT  
XX  
XX Human pro-apoptotic protein DIABLO peptide sequence #15.  
DE  
XX  
XX Human; pro-apoptotic protein; DIABLO; cell death; apoptosis;  
KW inhibitor of apoptosis; IAP; cancer; vascular disease; hepatic disease;  
KW autoimmune disease; neurodegenerative disease; tissue damage;  
KW muscular tissue damage; heart attack; hepatic tissue damage;  
KW liver disease; immunogen.  
XX  
XX Homo sapiens.  
OS  
XX  
XX US2002110851-A1.  
PN  
XX 15-AUG-2002.  
PD  
XX  
XX 02-MAR-2001; 2001US-0798116.  
PF  
XX  
XX 02-MAR-2000; 2000AU-0005995.  
PR  
XX  
XX (HALL-) HALL INST MEDICAL RES WALTER & ELIZA.  
PA  
XX  
XX Verhagen AM, Ekert PG, Vaux DL;  
PI  
XX  
XX WPI; 2003-074681/07.  
DR

XX New pro-apoptotic polypeptide, useful for screening for agents which  
PT modulate cell death and for treating conditions associated with cell  
PT death or apoptosis e.g. cancer

PS Example 8; Page 4; 50pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated pro-apoptotic polypeptide,  
CC designated DIABLO, or its biologically active fragment of 8 amino acids  
CC in length. Also included are the polynucleotide encoding DIABLO,  
CC expression vectors, transformed host cells, producing a biologically  
CC active fragment of DIABLO (by contacting an inhibitor of apoptosis (IAP)  
CC with a fragment of the polypeptide, and detecting a reduction in activity  
CC of the IAP), producing a natural or synthetic variant of DIABLO  
CC with cell death activity or which reduces IAP activity, an antigen-  
CC binding molecule that specifically binds to DIABLO or its fragment,  
CC detecting DIABLO in a biological sample (by contacting the sample  
CC with an IAP and detecting the presence of an IAP/DIABLO complex),  
CC modulating the death of a cell (by contacting a cell with an  
CC agent, which modulates the level and/or functional activity of a  
CC polypeptide), a composition for treatment/prophylaxis of a DIABLO related  
CC condition comprising an agent which reduces the level/activity of a  
CC polypeptide or DIABLO, or a nucleic acid encoding DIABLO, is  
CC useful for screening for an agent which modulates cell death. An  
CC antigen-binding molecule is useful for detecting DIABLO in a biological  
CC sample. The agent which modulates the level and/or functional activity of  
CC a polypeptide comprising mature or pro-human DIABLO polypeptide, is  
CC useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of a condition associated  
CC with expression or activation of DIABLO, such as cancer, vascular  
CC disease, hepatic disease, autoimmune disease and neurodegenerative  
CC disease, tissue damage or muscular tissue damage associated with heart  
CC attack, or hepatic tissue damage associated with a liver disease.  
CC DIABLO is also useful for treatment and/or prophylaxis of conditions  
CC associated with cell death or apoptosis. The present sequence  
CC represents a partial peptide sequence from human DIABLO, identified  
CC by protein sequencing of a protein (later identified as DIABLO) which  
CC co-precipitates with the human IAP protein MIHA (not defined).

XX Sequence 29 AA:

Query Match 28.4%; Score 40; DB 24; Length 29;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 22 AVSLVTDST 30  
|||  
Db 1 AVSLVTDST 9

RESULT 10  
ABG24798  
ID ABG24798 standard; Protein; 30 AA.

XX ABG24798;

DT 18-FEB-2002 (first entry)

DE Novel human diagnostic protein #24789.

XX Human; chromosome mapping; gene mapping; gene therapy; forensic;  
KW food supplement; medical imaging; diagnostic; genetic disorder.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX WO200175067-A2.

PD 11-OCT-2001.

XX 30-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US08631.

XX 31-MAR-2000; 2000US-0540217.  
PR 23-AUG-2000; 2000US-0649167.

PA (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.

XX Drmanac RT, Liu C, Tang YT;

DR WPL 2001-639362/73.

DR N-PSDB: AAS88985.

PT New isolated polynucleotide and encoded polypeptides, useful in  
PT diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations  
PT responsible for genetic disorders or other traits and to assess  
PT biodiversity

PS Claim 20; SEQ ID NO 55157; 103pp; English.

CC The invention relates to isolated polynucleotide (I) and  
CC polypeptide (II) sequences. (I) is useful as hybridisation probes,  
CC polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primers, oligomers, and for chromosome  
CC and gene mapping, and in recombinant production of (II). The  
CC polynucleotides are also used in diagnostics as expressed sequence tags  
CC for identifying expressed genes. (I) is useful in gene therapy techniques  
CC to restore normal activity of (II) or to treat disease states involving  
CC (II). (II) is useful for generating antibodies against it, detecting or  
CC quantitating a polypeptide in tissue, as molecular weight markers and as  
CC a food supplement. (II) and its binding partners are useful in medical  
CC imaging of sites expressing (II). (I) and (II) are useful for treating  
CC disorders involving aberrant protein expression or biological activity.  
CC The polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences have applications in  
CC diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations  
CC responsible for genetic disorders or other traits to assess biodiversity  
CC and to produce other types of data and products dependent on DNA and  
CC amino acid sequences. ABG00010-ABG30377 represent novel human  
CC diagnostic amino acid sequences of the invention.  
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent did not appear in the printed  
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO  
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published\_pct\_sequences.

XX Sequence 30 AA:

Query Match 27.7%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 30;  
Best Local Similarity 26.1%; Pred. No. 32;  
Matches 6; Conservative 9; Mismatches 8; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 VPIAKSEPHSLSEALMRAVS 24  
:::|::|::|  
Db 1 LPVHQMRMNVNAGRAVTRQDIS 23

RESULT 11  
ABB76218  
ID ABB76218 standard; Peptide; 9 AA.

XX ABB76218;

DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)

DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.

XX DIABLO: smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;

KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutain.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX Synthetic.

XX Key location/Qualifiers

FT Misc-difference 5 /note- "wild-type Ala substituted by Phe"

FT Modified-site 9 /note- "optional C-terminal protecting group"

XX WO200230959-A2.

XX 18-APR-2002.

PF 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
XX  
PR 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
XX  
PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XX  
PI Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
XX WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
DR  
XX  
PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
PS Claim 5; Page 7; 26pp; English.  
XX  
CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from wild-type human  
CC second mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known  
CC as direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO). The peptide is one of 12 claimed smac (DIABLO)-derived  
CC peptides (see ABB76208-19) which bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain  
CC of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member.  
CC Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 are 0.5 +/- 0.1 uM and 2.5 +/- 5.0  
CC uM, respectively, for the present peptide, compared with 0.42 +/-  
CC 0.02 uM and 2.3 +/- 0.3 uM, respectively, for full-length smac.  
CC Amino acids C-terminal to the isoleucine of smac (DIABLO) are not  
CC important for binding to XIAP. The claimed peptides can be used  
CC to identify candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis  
CC in cells. The assay involves determination of the ability of  
CC candidate compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a  
CC smac (DIABLO) peptide and an IAP family member.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 9 AA;  
  
Query Match 27.0%; Score 38; DB 23; Length 9;  
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;  
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 1 AVPIAKSE 9  
Db 1 AVPIAKSE 9  
  
RESULT 12  
ABB76221  
ID ABB76221 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.  
XX  
AC ABB76221;  
XX  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.  
XX  
XX DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytosstatic; mutant; mutlein.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX  
FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
FT Misc-difference 1 /note= "wild-type Ala substituted by Gly"  
FT Modified-site 9 /note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"  
FT  
XX  
XX WO200230959-A2.  
XX  
XX 18-APR-2002.  
XX  
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
XX  
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
XX

PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XX  
XX Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
XX WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
DR  
XX  
PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
XX Example 1; Page 15; 26pp; English.  
XX  
CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second  
CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as  
CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO), but has the native N-terminal alanine residue (see  
CC ABB76209) replaced by glycine. Claimed smac-derived peptides  
CC (see ABB76208-19) bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an  
CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Modification  
CC of the N-terminal alanine destroys all binding affinity for the  
CC protein. Thus, Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 were each over 1,000  
CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0  
CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding N-terminal Ala  
CC peptide. The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify  
CC candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells.  
CC The assay involves determination of the ability of candidate  
CC compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a smac  
CC peptide and an IAP family member.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 9 AA;  
  
Query Match 27.0%; Score 38; DB 23; Length 9;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3e+05;  
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
QY 2 VPIAKSE 9  
Db 2 VPIAKSE 9  
  
RESULT 13  
ABB76222  
ID ABB76222 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.  
XX  
AC ABB76222;  
XX  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.  
XX  
XX DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytosstatic; mutant; mutlein.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX  
FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
FT Misc-difference 2 /note= "wild-type Val substituted by Ala"  
FT Modified-site 9 /note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"  
FT  
XX  
XX WO200230959-A2.  
XX  
XX 18-APR-2002.  
XX  
XX 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
XX  
XX 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
XX  
XX (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XX Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
XX

XX WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
DR Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
XX activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
PS Example 1; Page 15; 26pp; English.  
XX  
CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second  
CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as  
CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO), but has the native valine residue (see ABB76209) replaced  
CC by alanine. Claimed smac-derived peptides (see ABB76208-19) bind  
CC to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis  
CC protein (IAP) family member. Mutation of the valine of the peptide  
CC causes some loss of binding to the protein. Thus, Kd values for  
CC Bir-3 and Bir-2 were 12 +/- 2 uM and 56 +/- 5 uM, respectively,  
CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0  
CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding wild-type peptide.  
CC The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify candidate  
CC substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay  
CC involves determination of the ability of candidate compounds to  
CC disrupt the binding interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP  
CC family member.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match 27.0%; Score 38; DB 23; Length 9;  
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 9.3e+05;  
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSE 9  
1 | | | | | | |  
DB 1 AAPIAQKSE 9

RESULT 14  
ABB76225  
ID ABB76225 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.  
XX  
AC ABB76225;  
XX  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX

DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.

KW DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutein.  
XX

OS Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX

XX Key Location/Qualifiers  
FH Misc-difference 5  
FT /note= "wild-type Ala substituted by Gly"  
FT Modified-site 9/note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"

FT  
XX W0200230959-A2.  
XX  
PN 18-APR-2002.  
XX

PD 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
XX

PR 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
XX

PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XX

PI Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
XX

PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate  
PT substances to kill cancerous cells -  
XX  
PS Example 1; Page 15; 26pp; English.  
XX

CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second  
CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as  
CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO), but has the native Ala residue (see ABB76209) replaced  
CC by glycine. Claimed smac-derived peptides (see ABB76208-19) bind  
CC to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an inhibitor of apoptosis  
CC protein (IAP) family member. Mutation of the amino acids  
CC C-terminal to the isoleucine residue of the wild-type peptide  
CC caused little loss of binding to the protein. Thus, Kd values for  
CC Bir-3 and Bir-2 were 1.2 +/- 0.4 uM and 10 +/- 2 uM, respectively,  
CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0  
CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding wild-type peptide.  
CC The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify candidate  
CC substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells. The assay  
CC involves determination of the ability of candidate compounds to  
CC disrupt the binding interaction between a smac peptide and an IAP  
CC family member.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match 27.0%; Score 38; DB 23; Length 9;  
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 9.3e+05;  
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 AVPIAKSE 9  
1 | | | | | | |  
DB 1 AAPIAQKSE 9

RESULT 15  
ABB76226  
ID ABB76226 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.  
XX  
AC ABB76226;  
XX  
DT 09-AUG-2002 (first entry)  
XX

DE Human smac (DIABLO) derived peptide.

KW DIABLO; smac; inhibitor of apoptosis protein; IAP; apoptosis;  
KW human; cancer; cytostatic; mutant; mutein.  
XX

OS Homo sapiens.  
OS Synthetic.  
XX

XX Key Location/Qualifiers  
FH Misc-difference 1  
FT /note= "n-propionic acid"  
FT Modified-site 9/note= "optional C-terminal protecting group"

FT  
XX W0200230959-A2.  
XX  
PN 18-APR-2002.  
XX

PD 12-OCT-2001; 2001WO-US32121.  
XX

PR 13-OCT-2000; 2000US-0687549.  
XX

PA (ABBO ) ABBOTT LAB.  
XX

PI Fesik SW, Meadows RP, Betz SP, Liu Z, Olejniczak ET, Sun C;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2002-444169/47.  
XX

PT Novel peptide derived from wild-type human second mitochondria derived  
PT activator of caspase protein useful for identifying candidate

PT substances to kill cancerous cells -

XX  
PS Example 1; Page 15; 26pp: English.

XX  
CC The present sequence is a peptide derived from human second  
CC mitochondria derived activator of caspase (smac), also known as  
CC direct inhibitor of apoptosis binding protein with low pI  
CC (DIABLO), but has the native N-terminal alanine residue (see  
CC ABB76209) replaced by propionic acid. Claimed smac-derived peptides  
CC (see ABB76208-19) bind to the Bir2 and Bir3 domain of XIAP, an  
CC inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) family member. Modification  
CC of the N-terminal alanine destroys all binding affinity for the  
CC protein. Thus, Kd values for Bir-3 and Bir-2 were each over 1,000  
CC uM for the present peptide, compared with 0.43 +/- 0.06 uM and 6.0  
CC +/- 0.9 uM, respectively, for the corresponding N-terminal Ala  
CC peptide. The claimed smac-derived peptides can be used to identify  
CC candidate substances which induce or promote apoptosis in cells.  
CC The assay involves determination of the ability of candidate  
CC compounds to disrupt the binding interaction between a smac  
CC peptide and an IAP family member.

XX  
SQ Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match 27.0%; Score 38; DB 23; Length 9;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 9.3e+05;

Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 VPIAQKSE 9

|||||||

DB 2 VPIAQKSE 9

Search completed: October 2, 2003, 09:41:55  
Job time : 36 secs

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